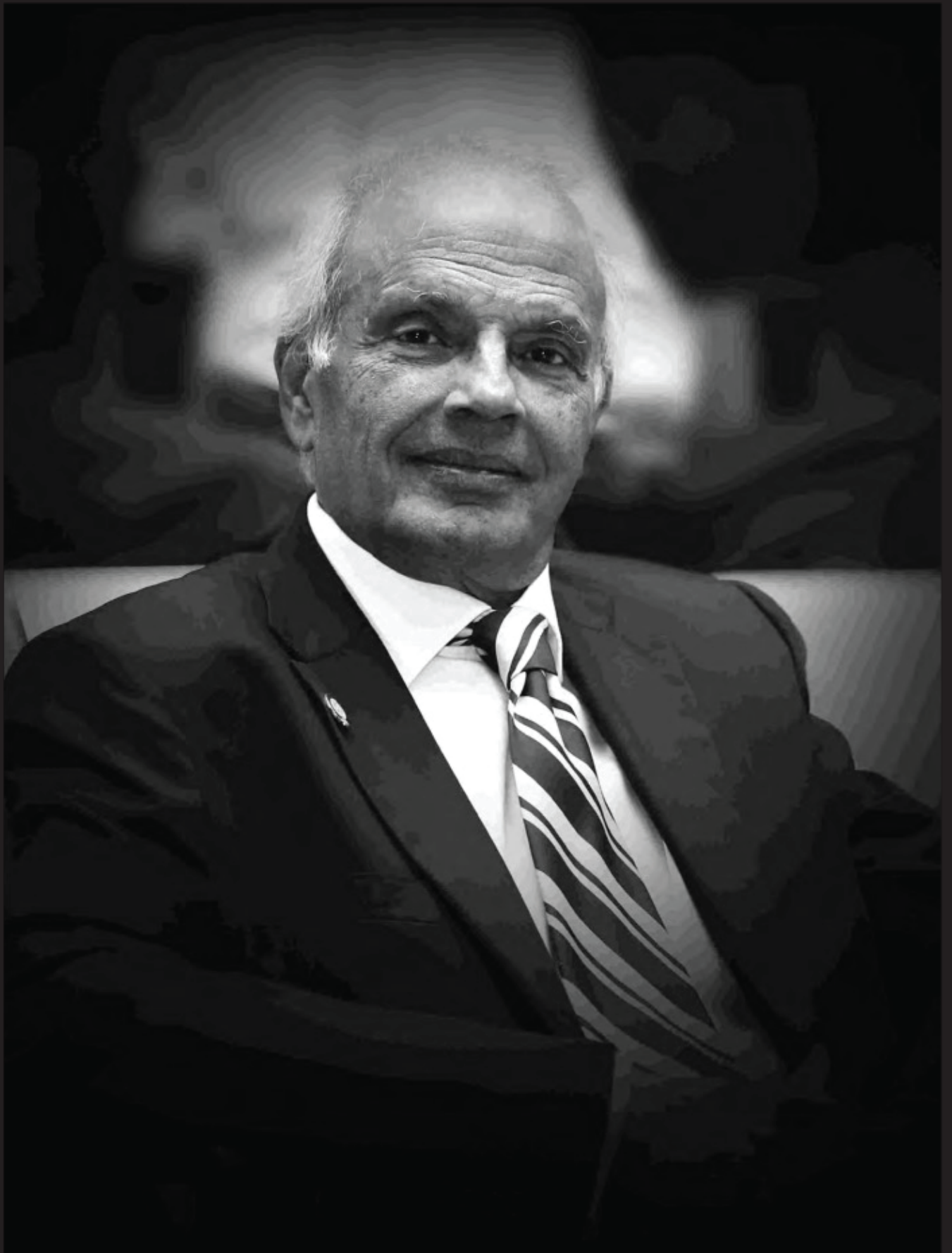


Habib Insurance Company Ltd.  
**83rd Annual Report 2025**

# RAFIQ M. HABIB

(1937-2025)

**Habib Insurance Company Limited** pays tribute to our esteemed Chairman, whose guidance, integrity, and dedication greatly contributed to the growth and values of the Organization. His legacy will always be remembered with deep respect.



Habib Insurance mourns the profound loss of our respected Chairman, **Mr. Rafiq M. Habib**, who passed away on September 3rd 2025

His lifelong association with the Company, spanning more than seven decades, stands as a testament to his vision, dedication, and leadership. Mr. Habib began his career with Habib Insurance in 1956 at the age of 19, as a young management trainee and went on to serve with unwavering commitment, eventually becoming Chairman of the Board in 2001, a position he held with distinction for 25 years.

A visionary leader, entrepreneur and philanthropist, Mr. Rafiq Habib made significant contributions to Pakistan and its people. His business and philanthropic endeavors were guided by foresight, integrity, and a deep commitment to organizational longevity and national betterment. His long association with Habib Insurance is a source of immense honor, pride and inspiration for the Board, management, and staff – his guidance, leadership, and humility continue to inspire us and uphold the Company's enduring values.

A distinguished professional and a person of remarkable character, Mr. Rafiq M. Habib served with dedication, wisdom, and integrity. Through his thoughtful guidance and steadfast commitment, he played an important role in strengthening the values and direction of Habib Insurance. He was a firm believer in the power of education as a force for change, Mr. Rafiq M. Habib dedicated much of his life to uplifting the underprivileged. His quiet yet impactful philanthropic efforts opened doors for countless young minds, embodying his conviction that true progress lies in empowering others.

Beyond his professional contributions, he was admired for his humility, generosity, and principled approach to life. His calm presence, sound judgment, and sincere concern for others earned him the respect and admiration of all who had the privilege of working with him. His compassion and generosity knew no bounds, always guided by a belief that success carries with it a duty to serve.

His legacy is reflected not only in his contributions but also in the values he upheld integrity, responsibility, and service. These principles will continue to inspire and guide us in the years ahead.

**From all the employees of Habib Insurance Company Limited.  
Please say a prayer for him and may God grant him the highest  
place in Jannat ul Firdous.**

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

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# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Company Information

### Board of Directors

<b>Chairman</b>	:	Mansoor G. Habib
<b>Directors</b>	:	Muhammad Hyder Habib Qumail R. Habib Aun Mohammad A. Habib Zahida Habib Ujala Mir Masood Shahid Ghaffar Ali Fadoo Shabbir Gulamali
<b>Chief Executive</b>	:	Murtaza Hussain
<b>Chief Financial Officer &amp; Company Secretary</b>	:	Muhammad Asif
<b>Auditors</b>	:	M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman Chartered Accountants
<b>Share Registrar</b>	:	M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block-B SMCHS, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-74400
<b>Shariah Advisory Board</b>	:	Mufti Imtiaz Alam Mufti Muhammad Ashraf Alam Taj Muhammad
<b>Registered Office</b>	:	1st Floor, State Life Bldg. No. 6 Habib Square, M. A. Jinnah Road P.O. Box 5217, Karachi-74000 Pakistan Tel : (92-21) 32424030/38/39 Fax : (92-21) 32421600 UAN : (92-21) 111 03 03 03 Website : <a href="http://www.habibinsurance.net">www.habibinsurance.net</a>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## **Review Report by the Chairman on the Overall Performance of the Board**

Alhamdulillah, I am pleased to present a report on the overall performance of the Board and effectiveness of the role played by the Board in achieving the Company's objectives.

As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of the Company is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company.

Accordingly, performance evaluation of the Board was conducted in 2025 as per mechanism approved by the Board. It was concluded that the overall performance of the Board, including effectiveness of the role played by the Board & its committees in achieving the Company's objectives, was found to be generally satisfactory.

Overall objective of performance evaluation of the Board is to ensure sustainable growth and development of the Company, with focus on the following areas:

- (a) Creating an Effective Board
- (b) Running an Effective Board
- (c) Understanding the Business including Risk
- (d) Performance Evaluation
- (e) Ethical & Values Driven
- (f) Strategic Objectives
- (g) Ideas for Improvement

Lastly, I wish to acknowledge the commitment and diligence of my fellow Directors, the executive team and all the employees of the Company for their hard work and contribution towards the growth of the Company.

**MANSOOR G. HABIB**  
*Chairman*

Karachi: March 27, 2026

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Eighty Third Report of the Directors to the Shareholders for the year ended December 31, 2025

The Shareholders,

The Board of Directors have pleasure in presenting the Eighty Third Annual Report along with the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025.

	Rupees in '000
Profit after tax for the year 2025	118,033
Amount available after appropriations for the year 2024	1,032
	<u>119,065</u>
The Board of Directors now propose:	
Payment of dividend at Rs. 0.625 per share of Rs. 5/- each i.e. @ 12.5%	77,422
Transfer to Reserves	40,000
Unappropriated profit carried forward	1,643
	<u>119,065</u>
Basic earnings per share	0.95

The Directors are pleased to recommend a payout of 12.5% to shareholders as mentioned above.

For the year under review, the written gross premium grew by 1% to Rs. 4.04 billion with net insurance premium increasing to Rs. 1.70 billion from Rs. 1.48 billion of last year. However, there was an underwriting loss of Rs. 203.6 million as compared to Rs. 226.6 million of preceding year.

The investment and other income for the year was Rs. 411.50 million as against 581.30 million, largely due to lower capital gains recorded in the period and decrease in dividend income. As a result, the profit after tax of the Company for 2025 was Rs. 118.0 million.

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has maintained A++ Insurer Financial Strength (IFS) rating to the Company. This denotes a strong capacity to meet policy holders and contract obligations.

In FY 2025, Pakistan's macroeconomic stability continued to improve with GDP growth of 3.1%, compared with 2.6% in FY2024. The growth was led by the industrial sector which recorded a growth of 5.3%, compared with a contraction of (0.9%) in the previous year. The services sector posted growth of 3.1%, compared with 2.3% in the year before. However, growth in the agricultural sector was low at 1.5%, compared with 6.4% earlier; the decline was primarily due to slow-down in production of major crops. Fiscal position improved significantly with decline in fiscal deficit from 6.9% of GDP to a nine-year low of 5.4%. During the fiscal year, current account balance posted the first surplus in fourteen years at USD 1.9 billion, mainly due to rise in workers' remittances and ICT exports, which helped offset the rise in trade deficit; foreign exchange reserves of SBP rose over 50% to reach USD 14.5 billion; and the Rupee remained largely stable against USD. Inflation came down from 12.6% in June 2024 to 3.2% in June 2025. SBP reduced its Policy Rate from 20.50% in June 2024 to 11.00% by June 2025. KSE-100 Index continued its upward movement and rose about 50% during CY 2025, and PSX continued to be one of the high-performing stock markets of the world.

Looking ahead for the year 2026, the Company will continue its effort to strive for progress to Inshallah attain better underwriting results through focusing on expansion of business, without compromising on its cautious underwriting, along with sustained investment income.

As always, we are indeed thankful to all our clients and customers who have placed confidence in our Company. A special mention is made for all the support and guidance we have received from our Reinsurers. The Board of Directors would like to express their appreciation to all Habib Insurance team members of the Company for their dedication and hard work throughout the year.

We pray to Allah for Peace and Prosperity for our Nation, Ameen!

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Composition of Board

The Board of Directors of the Company consist of nine (9) Directors (Seven Male and Two Female directors). Composition of the Board is as below.

Category	Names
Independent Directors - Male	Mr. Shahid Ghaffar Mr. Ali Fadoo
Independent Director - Female	Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood
Non-Executive Directors - Male	Mr. Mansoor G. Habib Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib Mr. Qumail R. Habib
Non-Executive Director - Female	Ms. Zahida Habib
Executive Directors	Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib Mr. Shabbir Gulamali

## Changes in Board of Directors

During the year, Ms. Zahida Habib and Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood were appointed as Directors of the Company and the Board looks forward to benefitting from their experience and advice.

## Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

The Company is fully committed to the concept of Corporate Social Responsibility and fulfills this responsibility by engaging in a wide range of activities which include:

- corporate philanthropy amounting to Rs. 3.2 million by way of donations during the year for social and educational development and welfare of lesser privileged sections of society.
- energy conservation, environmental protection, and occupational safety and health by restricting unnecessary lighting, implementing tobacco control law and “No Smoking Zone”, and providing a safe and healthy work environment;
- business ethics and anti-corruption measures, requiring all staff members to comply with the Company’s “Code of Conduct” and “Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy”.
- amicable staff relations, recognition of merit and performance, and on-going opportunities for learning and growth of staff, both on-the-job and through formal training programs;
- equal opportunity employment through a transparent procedure, without discrimination on the basis of religion, caste, language, etc., including employment of special persons;
- contribution to the national exchequer by the Company by way of direct taxes of Rs. 138.7 million during the year; furthermore, an additional amount of over Rs. 836.42 million was deducted/ collected by the Company on account of withholding taxes, sales tax on services and federal excise duties on behalf of and disbursed to the Government of Pakistan / Provincial Governments.

## Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DE&I)

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) are anchored in the belief that our staff are members of one family, connected through respect, trust, and shared values. The Company fosters an inclusive and caring workplace where fairness, dignity, and equal opportunity are upheld, and individual differences are recognized as a source of strength. This people-centric culture, supported by transparent and merit-based Human Resource practices and inclusive leadership, has translated into strong employee engagement and a consistently low attrition rate. The Company’s commitment to nurturing belonging and long-term relationships with its people reinforces organizational stability and sustainable growth.

## Risk Management Framework

The Company has had a Risk Management Framework commensurate with its size nature of business. This framework has developed over the years and continues to be refined and improved, and the process is overseen by the Risk Management Committee. The Company aims to take business risks in a prudent manner, guided by a conservative outlook. Business risks and mitigation factors are described in detail in Notes 37 & 38 of the Conventional Financial Statements and Notes 29 & 31 of Window Takaful Operations Financial Statements.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Board Committees

### Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Company comprises of three members with representation of an Independent Director as Chairman who is also financially literate and two Non-Executive Directors. The Audit Committee met four times during the year. Attendance of meetings is as follows:

		No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Shahid Ghaffar	Chairman	1
Mr. Mansoor G. Habib	Member	4
Mr. Qumail R. Habib	Member	3

### ***Ethics, Nomination, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee***

The Ethics, Nomination, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee comprises of four members with representation of two Independent Directors with one Independent Director being Chairman, one Non-Executive Director, an Executive Director & Chief Executive.

Mr. Ali Fadoo	Chairman
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib	Member
Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood*	Member
Mr. Murtaza Hussain**	Member

The committee met once during the year. At the time of the meeting the Committee, comprised of the following members and their attendance in the meeting was as follows:

		No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Ali Fadoo	Chairman	1
Mr. Rafiq M. Habib***	Member	-
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib	Member	1
Syed Ather Abbas****	Member	1

***\*Appointed on March 28, 2025***

***\*\*Appointed on December 02, 2025.***

***\*\*\*Expired on September 03, 2025***

***\*\*\*\*Resigned on December 02, 2025***

### ***Investment Committee***

The Investment Committee comprises of six members with the representation of one Independent Director, two Non-Executive Directors, an Executive Director, Chief Executive & Chief Financial Officer. The Investment Committee met four times during the year. Attendance of meetings is as follows:

		No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Shahid Ghaffar	Chairman	1
Mr. Mansoor G. Habib	Member	4
Mr. Qumail R. Habib	Member	2
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib	Member	3
Mr. Murtaza Hussain	Member	4
Syed Ather Abbas*	Member	4

Leave of absence was granted to all the directors who could not attend the meeting.

***\*Resigned on December 02, 2025***

### **Directors Training Programme**

Directors have either attended the required training in prior years or stand exempted, as per criteria mentioned in the Code.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Directors' Remuneration Policy

The Board of Directors has approved a 'Policy and Procedure for Fixing Remuneration of Directors', which states that:

- No director shall determine own remuneration. Remuneration shall be subject to approval of the Board of Directors.
- Remuneration shall be appropriate and commensurate with the level of responsibility and expertise, to attract and retain directors needed to govern the Company successfully and to encourage value addition. However, it shall not be at a level that could be perceived to compromise their independence.

The details of the remuneration of Directors are disclosed in Note 33.

## Auditors

The present auditors, M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman & Co. Chartered Accountants, retire and offer themselves for reappointment. As suggested by the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors has recommended their reappointment as auditors of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2026, at a fee to be mutually agreed.

## Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

1. The financial statements prepared by the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
2. The proper book of accounts of the Company has been maintained.
3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements, changes if any, have been adequately disclosed and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
4. International Financial Reporting Standards and Islamic Financial Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and departure therefrom, if any, has been adequately disclosed.
5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
6. Going concern assumption is appropriate. There is no identifiable material uncertainty that raises doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.
7. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
8. Key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed.
9. Information about the taxes and levies is given in the notes to the financial statements.
10. Value of investments and balance in deposit accounts of Provident Fund as at December 31, 2025 is Rs. 141.9 million.
11. During the year four Board meetings were held and the attendance of the Directors is as follows:

### Date of Meeting

### Attended by

May 27, 2025

Mr. Rafiq M. Habib\*  
Mr. Mansoor G. Habib  
Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib  
Mr. Qumail R. Habib  
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib  
Mr. Shahid Ghaffar  
Mr. Shabbir Gulamali  
Syed Ather Abbas\*\*

Chief Executive

April 29, 2025

Mr. Mansoor G. Habib  
Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib  
Mr. Qumail R. Habib  
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib  
Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood\*\*\*  
Syed Ather Abbas\*\*

Chief Executive

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

August 28, 2025

Mr. Mansoor G. Habib  
Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib  
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib  
Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood\*\*\*  
Mr. Shabbir Gulamali  
Syed Ather Abbas\*\*

Chief Executive

October 30, 2025

Mr. Mansoor G. Habib  
Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib  
Mr. Qumail R. Habib  
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib  
Mr. Ali Fadoo  
Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood\*\*\*  
Mr. Shabbir Gulamali  
Syed Ather Abbas\*\*

Chief Executive

**\*Expired on September 03, 2025**

**\*\*Resigned on December 02, 2025**

**\*\*\*Appointed on March 28, 2025.**

Leave of absence was granted to all the directors who could not attend the meeting.

12. The pattern of shareholding and additional information regarding pattern of shareholding is annexed.

13. The Board has approved a formal process for its performance evaluation. The Company has adopted In-House Approach and Quantitative Technique with scored questionnaires for Board evaluation. Scope of Board evaluation covers evaluation of the full Board, Individual Directors, Board Committees, the Chairman, and the Chief Executive.

14. Except as stated below, no trades in the shares of the Company were carried out by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children.

## **Purchased**

Mr. Mansoor G. Habib

## **No. of Shares**

70,000

## **Sold**

Mr. Mansoor G. Habib

## **No. of Shares**

70,000

On behalf of the Board of Directors

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
*Director*

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
*Chief Executive*

Karachi: March 27, 2026

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## **GENDER PAY GAP STATEMENT**

In accordance with the requirements of SECP Circular No. 10 of 2024, dated April 17, 2024, Habib Insurance Company Limited has calculated and disclosed its Gender Pay Gap for the year ended December 31, 2025, based on the methodology prescribed in the Circular.

Mean Gender Pay Gap: 44%

Median Gender Pay Gap: (6) %

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Six Years' Review at a Glance

Years	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
	(Rupees in '000)					
Gross Written Premium/ Contribution	4,041,445	4,003,823	3,657,200	3,022,231	2,295,087	1,804,618
Net Insurance Premium/ Contribution	2,007,155	1,770,781	1,803,532	1,414,026	911,418	792,021
Investment Income	401,283	459,050	305,198	124,572	141,031	94,145
Net Insurance/ Takaful Claims	1,322,916	1,111,999	1,164,557	749,397	431,983	385,467
Profit after Tax	118,033	236,852	112,781	111,091	107,024	61,663
Paid-up Capital	619,374	619,374	619,374	619,374	619,374	619,374
Reserves & Retained Earnings	1,748,622	1,436,046	884,079	548,928	635,700	680,874
Total Assets	7,769,556	6,484,713	5,494,060	4,543,639	4,193,752	4,017,876
Cash Dividend - %	12.5	20	12.5	12.5	12.5	10

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 & Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 for the year ending December 31, 2025

This statement is being presented in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 (the Code) and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby an insurer is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Code and the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are nine as per the following:
  - a. Male: 7
  - b. Female: 2
2. The Company encourages representation of independent, non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes:

Category	Names
Independent Directors - Male	Mr. Shahid Ghaffar Mr. Ali Fadoo
Independent Director - Female	Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood
Non-Executive Directors - Male	Mr. Mansoor G. Habib Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib Mr. Qumail R. Habib
Non-Executive Director - Female	Ms. Zahida Habib
Executive Director	Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib Mr. Shabbir Gulamali

Mr. Murtaza Hussain is the Chief Executive of the Company. Being the Chief Executive of the Company, he is deemed to be a Director.

The Company has Nine (9) Directors and a Chief Executive. The Independent Directors' fraction of 0.33 is below half (0.50) and accordingly, the same has not been rounded up as one.

The independent Directors meet the criteria of independence as laid down under the Code and the Regulations.

3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
4. All the resident Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFII or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by a stock exchange.
5. A casual vacancy occurred on the Board on September 03, 2025 which was filled by the Board of Directors within the period as required.
6. The Company has prepared a "Statement of Ethics & Business Practices" as Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
7. The Board has developed a vision/ mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company.
8. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provision of the Act and these Regulations. The decision on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the Chief Executive, Executive Directors and the key officers have been taken by the Board.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

9. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meetings of Board. Written notices of Board meetings along with agenda and working papers were circulated at least seven days before the meeting. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
10. The Board has established a system of sound internal control which is effectively implemented at all levels within the Company. The Company has adopted and complied with all the necessary aspects of internal controls given in the Code.
11. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Act and the Regulations.
12. The Company is compliant with the requirement of the Directors' Training Program provided in the Code. Directors have either attended the required training in prior years or stand exempted, as per criteria mentioned in the Code.
13. The Board approved the appointment of Chief Financial Officer including his remuneration and terms and conditions of employment on March 27, 2026.

There was no new appointment of Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit during the year.

14. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and the Regulations and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
15. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
16. The Directors, Chief Executive and other executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
17. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code and the Regulations.
18. The Board has formed the following Management Committees:

#### **Underwriting, Reinsurance & Co-insurance Committee:**

<b>Name of Members</b>	<b>Category</b>
Mr. Ali Fadoo	Chairman
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib	Member
Mr. Murtaza Hussain	Member
Mr. Ayaz Munir	Secretary

#### **Claims Settlement Committee:**

<b>Name of Members</b>	<b>Category</b>
Mr. Mansoor G. Habib	Chairman
Mr. Murtaza Hussain	Member
Mr. Shabbir Gulamali	Member
Mr. Murtuza Barristor	Secretary

#### **Risk Management & Compliance Committee:**

<b>Name of Members</b>	<b>Category</b>
Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib	Chairman
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib	Member
Mr. Shabbir Gulamali	Member
Mr. Murtaza Hussain	Member
Mr. Ayaz Munir	Secretary

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

19. The Board has formed the following Board Committees:

**Investment Committee:**

**Name of Members**

Mr. Shahid Ghaffar  
Mr. Mansoor G. Habib  
Mr. Qumail R. Habib  
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib  
Mr. Murtaza Hussain

**Category**

Chairman – Independent Director  
Member – Non-Executive Director  
Member – Non-Executive Director  
Member – Executive Director  
Member – Chief Executive

**Ethics, Nomination, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee:**

**Name of Members**

Mr. Ali Fadoo  
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib  
Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood  
Mr. Murtaza Hussain

**Category**

Chairman – Independent Director  
Member – Executive Director  
Member – Independent Director  
Member – Chief Executive

20. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members of whom one is an Independent Director, two Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director. The composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

**Name of Members**

Mr. Shahid Ghaffar  
Mr. Mansoor G. Habib  
Mr. Qumail R. Habib

**Category**

Chairman – Independent Director  
Member – Non-Executive Director  
Member – Non-Executive Director

21. The meetings of the Committees except Ethics, Nomination, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee, were held at least once every quarter. The quarterly Meetings of Audit Committee were held prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The meeting of Ethics Nomination, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee was held once during the year.
22. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented, and advised to the committees for compliance.
23. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to M/s. BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants who are considered suitably qualified and experienced and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they (or their representative) are involved in the internal audit function on a regular basis.
24. The Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer and the Head of Internal Audit possess such qualification and experience as required under the Code. Moreover, the persons heading the Underwriting, Claim, Reinsurance, Risk Management and Grievance Function possess qualification and experience of direct relevance to their respective functions, as required under section 12 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance No. XXXIX of 2000).

**Name of the Person**

Mr. Murtaza Hussain  
Mr. Muhammad Asif

**Designation**

Chief Executive and Head of Grievance  
Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and  
Chief Compliance Officer  
Head of Internal Audit  
Head of Reinsurance and Head of Underwriting  
Head of Risk Management  
Head of Claims

Mr. Shahrukh Khan  
Mr. Ayaz Munir  
Mr. Zaki Ahmed  
Mr. Murtuza Barristor

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

25. The statutory auditors of the Company have been appointed from the panel of auditors approved by the Commission in term of Section 48 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance No. XXXIX of 2000). The statutory auditors have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Directors of the Company.
26. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act or the Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
27. The Board ensures that the Investment Policy of the Company has been drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Code.
28. The Board ensures that the Risk Management System of the Company is in place as per the requirements of the Code.
29. The Company has set up a Risk Management function which carries out its tasks as covered under the Code.
30. The Board ensures that as part of the Risk Management System, the Company gets itself rated from the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency which is being used by Risk Management Function and Risk Management & Compliance Committee as a risk monitoring tool. The rating assigned by the said rating agency on November 04, 2025 is A++ with stable outlook.
31. The Board has set up a Grievance Function which fully complies with the requirements of the Code.
32. The Company has not obtained any exemption from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan in respect of the requirements of the Code.
33. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations and all material principles contained in the Code have been complied with except for regulation 24 as for the requirement that the position of Chief financial officer and Company secretary has been held by the same person, as the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 ('Regulations') allowed the Companies to either comply or explain the reason otherwise. Therefore, the Company has adopted explanation approach as the management is of the view, that the current CFO & Company Secretary is suitably qualified and professionally capable to act and fulfill the duties and responsibilities of both the roles.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
*Director*

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
*Chief Executive*

Karachi: March 27, 2026

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Habib Insurance Company Limited

### Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate of Governance for Insurers, 2016 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (combined called 'the Code') prepared by the Board of Directors of Habib Insurance Company Limited (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2025 in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 36 of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulation, 2019 and Provision (lxxvi) of Code of Corporate Governance Insurers, 2016.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Further, we highlight below the instances of non-compliance of by the Company with certain requirement of the Code as stated in paragraph no. 33 of the Statement of Compliance:

Sr. No.	Nature of the Requirement	Paragraph No.	Description of the Non-Compliance
1	Explanation for non-compliance is required	33	<p>As per the Regulation 24 of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019,</p> <p><i>"The same person shall not simultaneously hold office of the Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary of a listed company."</i></p> <p>However, the above-mentioned two positions are currently being held by Mr. Mohammad Asif. In this relation, in paragraph 33 of the Statement of Compliance, the Company considers that the individual is suitably qualified, experienced to fulfill all the duties and responsibilities of both the roles and, as such, the appointment of a separate individual is not considered necessary at this stage.</p>

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Date: April 02, 2026

UDIN: CR202510154MGhDznica

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**TO THE MEMBERS OF HABIB INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED**

**REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Habib Insurance Company Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to and forming part of the financial statements, including a material accounting policies and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof, conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at December 31, 2025 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significant in our audit of the financial statements for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

Following is the key audit matter:

S.No.	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	<p><b>Insurance Liabilities</b></p> <p>The Company's liability relating to outstanding claims including incurred but not reported (IBNR) aggregating to Rs. 1,883.85 million, which represent 34.88% of the Company's total liabilities.</p> <p>Valuation of these claim liabilities involves Company's judgement regarding uncertainty in the estimation of claim payments, and assessment of frequency and severity of claims.</p> <p>Furthermore, the Company also maintains a provision for claims - IBNR based on the advice of an independent actuary. The actuarial valuation methodology involves estimates and the use of actuarial assumptions.</p> <p>Due to the significant judgment and estimation required to determine the obligations relating to outstanding claims including IBNR, we consider it to be a Key Audit Matter.</p> <p>Refer to notes 3.20 and 23 to financial statements relating to outstanding claims including (IBNR).</p>	<p>Our procedures in respect of this matter included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtaining an understanding of relevant controls over the process of capturing, processing and recording of information related to the claims;</li> <li>• Assessing the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policy for recording of claims in line with the requirements of applicable accounting and reporting standards;</li> <li>• Testing the claims transactions with the underlying documentation on sample basis to evaluate whether the claims reported are recorded in accordance with the Company's policy and applicable insurance regulations, and assessed the sufficiency of reserving claim liabilities;</li> <li>• Obtaining an understanding of the work performed by the management expert (actuary) for determining provision for claims Incurred But Not Reported and tested underlying data used;</li> <li>• Using an external actuarial specialist to assist us in evaluation of methodology, actuarial assumptions and basis adopted for actuarial valuations in respect of IBNR provisions; and</li> <li>• Evaluating the adequacy of the disclosures made by the Company with regard to applicable accounting and reporting standards.</li> </ul>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## **Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Boards of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Companies Act, 2017 (XXI of 2017), and are in agreement with the books of account;
- c) investments made, expenditures incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and;
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Muhammad Khalid Aziz**.

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Date: April 02, 2026

UDIN: AR202510154A76bpu52i

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2025

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>Assets</b>			
Property and equipment	5	105,228	99,414
Intangible assets	6	10,460	13,358
Investments			
Equity securities	7	2,660,531	2,009,403
Debt securities	8	686,143	526,085
Loans, deposits and other receivables	9	98,983	85,406
Insurance/ reinsurance receivables	10	1,565,466	1,528,029
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	23	1,211,344	580,330
Salvage recoveries accrued		185,379	110,252
Deferred commission expense	25	236,264	212,519
Taxation - provision less payment		86,706	43,950
Prepayments	13	541,515	705,083
Cash and bank	14	42,138	250,601
		7,430,157	6,164,430
<b>Total Assets of Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund</b>	15	339,399	320,283
<b>Total Assets</b>		<u>7,769,556</u>	<u>6,484,713</u>
<b>Equities and Liabilities</b>			
<b>Capital and reserves attributable to Company's equity holders</b>			
Ordinary share capital	16	619,374	619,374
Reserves	17	1,587,084	1,150,819
Unappropriated profits		161,538	285,227
<b>Total Equity</b>		2,367,996	2,055,420
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Underwriting provisions</b>			
Outstanding claims including IBNR	23	1,883,852	1,044,318
Unearned premium reserves	22	1,563,020	1,517,647
Premium deficiency reserves		1,944	7,769
Unearned reinsurance commission	25	151,683	191,175
Retirement benefit obligations	11	104,774	82,704
Deferred taxation	12	445,644	296,886
Lease liability against right of use assets	18	14,355	25,762
Premium received in advance		154,286	101,647
Insurance/ reinsurance payables	19	409,697	563,811
Other creditors and accruals	20	461,490	403,935
		5,190,745	4,235,654
<b>Total Liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund</b>	15	210,815	193,639
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<u>5,401,560</u>	<u>4,429,293</u>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<u>7,769,556</u>	<u>6,484,713</u>
<b>Contingencies and commitments</b>	21		

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
Chairman

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
Director

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
Director

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
Chief Financial Officer

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended December 31, 2025

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
Net insurance premium	22	1,696,958	1,492,356
Net Insurance claims	23	(1,071,159)	(934,289)
Premium deficiency		5,825	(4,423)
Net commission and other acquisition cost	25	(71,372)	(5,648)
Insurance claims and acquisition expense		(1,136,706)	(944,360)
Management expenses	26	(763,873)	(774,663)
Underwriting results		(203,621)	(226,667)
Investment income	27	401,283	459,050
Other income	28	10,262	122,211
Other expenses	29	(33,847)	(12,837)
<b>Results of operating activities</b>		<u>174,077</u>	<u>341,757</u>
Finance cost	30	(6,072)	(8,081)
<b>Profit before tax from Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund</b>	15	<u>1,038</u>	<u>41,873</u>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<u>169,043</u>	<u>375,549</u>
Income tax expense	31	(51,010)	(138,697)
<b>Profit after tax</b>		<u>118,033</u>	<u>236,852</u>
<b>Other comprehensive income:</b>			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss account</i>			
Unrealised gain on available-for-sale investments		585,134	714,706
Less: Net loss transferred to profit and loss on disposal / redemption / impairment of investment		(111,079)	(198,154)
		474,055	516,552
Related tax impact		(152,790)	(149,800)
		<u>321,265</u>	<u>366,752</u>
<i>Items not to be reclassified to profit and loss account in the subsequent year</i>			
Actuarial gain on defined benefit plan	11.5	773	17,402
Related tax impact		(4,823)	(901)
		(4,050)	16,501
Other comprehensive income from Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund - net of tax		1,203	9,284
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>		<u>318,418</u>	<u>392,537</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<u>436,451</u>	<u>629,389</u>
		(Rupees)	
Earning per share - rupee	32	0.95	1.91

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
Chairman

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
Director

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
Director

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
Chief Financial Officer

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended December 31, 2025

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company					Total Equity
	Share capital	Capital reserves	Revenue Reserves		Unappropriated profit	
		Reserve for exceptional losses	General reserves	Unrealized gain on revaluation of Available-for- sale investment (Rupees in '000)		
<b>Balance as at January 01, 2024</b>	619,374	9,122	355,000	384,945	135,012	1,503,453
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2024</b>						
Profit after tax	-	-	-	-	236,852	236,852
Other comprehensive income - net of tax	-	-	-	366,752	25,785	392,537
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	366,752	262,637	629,389
<b>Transaction with owner directly recorded with equity</b>						
Final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2023 of Rs. 0.625 per share	-	-	-	-	(77,422)	(77,422)
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	35,000	-	(35,000)	-
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2024</b>	<u>619,374</u>	<u>9,122</u>	<u>390,000</u>	<u>751,697</u>	<u>285,227</u>	<u>2,055,420</u>
<b>Balance as at January 01, 2025</b>	619,374	9,122	390,000	751,697	285,227	2,055,420
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2025</b>						
Profit after tax	-	-	-	-	118,033	118,033
Other comprehensive income / (loss) - net of tax	-	-	-	321,265	(2,847)	318,418
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	321,265	115,186	436,451
<b>Transaction with owner directly recorded with equity</b>						
Final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2024 of Rs.1.0 per share	-	-	-	-	(123,875)	(123,875)
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	115,000	-	(115,000)	-
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2025</b>	<u>619,374</u>	<u>9,122</u>	<u>505,000</u>	<u>1,072,962</u>	<u>161,538</u>	<u>2,367,996</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
*Chairman*

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
*Director*

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
*Director*

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
*Chief Executive*

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
*Chief Financial Officer*

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Cash Flow Statement for the year ended December 31, 2025

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>Operating cash flow</b>			
(a) Underwriting activities			
Insurance premium received		3,336,889	3,194,195
Reinsurance premium paid		(1,611,975)	(1,728,054)
Claims paid		(2,307,213)	(1,886,382)
Reinsurance and other recoveries received		1,369,447	967,114
Commission paid		(464,504)	(413,543)
Commission received		334,991	464,332
Net cash inflows from underwriting activities		657,635	597,662
(b) Other operating activities			
Income tax paid		(92,674)	(92,710)
Other operating payments		(740,280)	(731,992)
Other operating receipts		9,962	5,877
Loans advanced		(10,426)	(2,066)
Loan repayment received		22,734	29,258
<b>Net cash outflow from other operating activities</b>		<b>(810,684)</b>	<b>(791,633)</b>
<b>Total cash outflow from all operating activities</b>		<b>(153,049)</b>	<b>(193,971)</b>
<b>Investment activities</b>			
Profit/ return received		95,084	158,752
Dividend received		184,541	192,693
Payment for investments		(978,971)	(664,833)
Proceeds from investments		757,601	410,500
Fixed capital expenditure		(29,332)	(33,699)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		679	1,453
<b>Total cash inflows from investing activities</b>		<b>29,602</b>	<b>64,866</b>
<b>Financing activities</b>			
Payments against leased liabilities		(22,299)	(16,318)
Dividends paid		(120,713)	(75,345)
<b>Total cash outflows from financing activities</b>		<b>(143,012)</b>	<b>(91,663)</b>
<b>Net cash flows from all activities</b>		<b>(266,459)</b>	<b>(220,768)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		250,601	471,369
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	14..2	<b>(15,858)</b>	<b>250,601</b>
<b>Reconciliation to profit and loss account</b>			
Operating cash flows		(153,049)	(193,971)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(32,844)	(31,871)
Financial charges expense		(6,072)	(8,130)
Profit on disposal of property and equipment		79	804
Profit/ return received		95,084	158,752
Capital gain		116,603	198,154
Dividends income		184,541	192,693
Provision for gratuity		(18,419)	(23,649)
Reversal / (provision) for impairment		(626)	(2,582)
Gratuity paid		4,963	3,560
Income tax paid		92,674	92,710
Provision of taxation		(51,010)	(138,697)
Increase in assets other than cash		646,511	181,020
Decrease in liabilities other than borrowings		(761,440)	(233,814)
Profit after tax from conventional insurance operations		116,995	194,979
Profit from Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund		1,038	41,873
<b>Profit after taxation</b>		<b>118,033</b>	<b>236,852</b>

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
Chairman

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
Director

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
Director

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
Chief Financial Officer

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Notes to and Forming Part of the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2025

### 1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Habib Insurance Company Limited (the Company) was incorporated as a Public Limited Company in the year 1942 under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The registered office of the Company is situated at Habib Square, M.A. Jinnah Road, Karachi and the shares of the Company are quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company is engaged in general insurance business comprising of Fire and property, Marine and transport, Motor, Group hospitalization and other classes.

The Company, as an Operator, was allowed to work as Window Takaful Operator on July 18, 2018 by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under SECP Takaful Rules, 2012 to carry on General Window Takaful Operations (WTO) in Pakistan. The registered office of the Operator is situated at Habib Square, M.A. Jinnah Road, Karachi.

1.2 The Company operates through the following locations in Pakistan;

<b>Locations</b>	<b>Address</b>
Head Office	State Life Building No. 6, Habib Square, M.A. Jinnah Road, Karachi.
Karachi Region	P&O Plaza, Survey No. 3/2, Sheet No. R.4.5, Railway Quarter, I.I. Chundrigar Road Karachi.
Rawalpindi Branch	1st Floor, Majeed Plaza, Bank Road, Rawalpindi Cantt.
Dera Ghazi Khan Branch	Block No. 17, Jampur Road, Dera Ghazi Khan.
Faisalabad Branch	Fatima Tower, 2nd Floor, Kohinoor Plaza, Faisalabad. P-6161, West Canal Road, adjacent to Toyota Faisalabad Motors & behind HBL Canal Road Branch, Faisalabad.
Multan Branch	Room No. 401, 403, Plot No. 74, United Mall, Abdali Road, Multan.
Lahore Branches	Plot No. 320, Block No. G/3, M.A. Johar Town, Lahore.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and

Provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017, Insurance Ordinance, 2000, Insurance Rules 2017, Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017.

In case requirement differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, Insurance Rules 2017, General Takaful Accounting Regulations, 2019 shall prevail.

Total assets, total liabilities and profit of the Window Takaful Operations of the Company referred to as the Operator's Fund has been presented in these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Circular 25 of 2015 dated 09 July 2015. A separate set of financial statements of the General Window Takaful Operations has been reported which is annexed to these unconsolidated financial statements as per the requirements of the SECP Takaful Rules, 2012, General Takaful Accounting Regulations, 2019.

#### 2.1 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for the available-for-sale investments that has been measured at fair value and the Company's liability under defined benefit plan that is determined based on present value of defined benefit obligation less fair value of plan assets. Further lease liabilities and their related right-of-use assets measured at their present values at initial recognition, and the company's liability under defined benefit plan is determined based on present value of defined benefit obligation less fair value of plan assets.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pak Rupees has been rounded to nearest thousand rupees, unless otherwise stated.

## 2.3 New accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended December 31, 2025

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended December 31, 2025. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or did not have significant impact on the financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	<b>Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)</b>
<b>Amendments</b>	
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Supplier finance arrangements	01-January-2025
Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases' - Amendments to clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	01-January-2025
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	01-January-2025
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Non-current liabilities with covenants	01-January-2025

## 2.4 New accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended December 31, 2025. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or did not have significant impact on the financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	<b>Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)</b>
'Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Lack of Exchangeability	January 01, 2025
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)	January 01, 2026
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs and IASs.	January 01, 2027
IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards' has been issued by IASB effective from July 01, 2009. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).	
IFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements' has been issued by IASB effective from January 01, 2027. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).	
IFRS 19 'Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures' has been issued by IASB effective from January 01, 2027. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).	
IFRS 17 - 'Insurance contracts' has been notified by the IASB to be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. However SECP has notified the timeframe for the adoption of IFRS - 17 which will be adopted by January 01, 2027.	

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 2.4.1 - Temporary Exemption from the Application of IFRS 9 (Financial Instruments)

As an insurance company, the management has opted for the temporary exemption from the application of IFRS 9 as allowed by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) for entities whose activities are predominantly connected with insurance as the percentage of the total carrying amount of its liabilities connected with insurance relative to the total carrying amount of all its liabilities is greater than 90 percent and the Company doesn't engage in significant activities unconnected with insurance based on historical available information. Additional disclosures, as required by IASB, for being eligible to apply the temporary exemption from the application of IFRS 9 are as follows:

Financial assets with contractual cash flows that meet the SPPI criteria

	As at December 31,	
	2025	2024
	(Rupees in '000)	

### Debt securities - Available for sale

Opening fair value	526,085	314,674
Additions / (disposals during the year)	149,896	197,824
Adjustment in the fair value	10,162	13,580
Closing fair value	686,143	526,078

Financial assets with contractual cash flows that do not meet the SPPI criteria

### Equity securities - Available for sale

Opening fair value	2,009,403	1,252,546
Disposals / additions during the year	71,474	56,509
Impairment	(626)	(2,582)
Adjustment in the fair value	580,280	702,937
Closing fair value	2,660,531	2,009,410

Other details of financial assets which pass the SPPI test are as follows:

Gross carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments that pass the SPPI test:

	December 31, 2025						
	Rating	AAA	AA+	AA-	Others*	Sovereign Bonds	Unrated / Unavailable
	(Rupees in '000)						
Cash and bank		41,586	50	-	-	-	-
Investment in debt securities available for sale		-	-	250,000	-	436,143	-
Insurance / reinsurance receivable		-	-	-	-	-	1,565,466
Loans, deposits and other receivables		-	-	-	-	-	67,258
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims		-	228,503	-	250,223	-	917,997
Salvage recoveries accrued		-	-	-	-	-	185,379
		41,586	228,553	250,000	250,223	436,143	2,736,100
	Rating	A	AA++	A++	A+	AA	Total
*Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims		11,819	3,792	228,503	220,933	13,678	478,725

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

Rating	December 31, 2024					
	AAA	AA+	AA-	Others*	Sovereign Bonds	Unrated / Unavailable
	(Rupees in '000)					
Cash and bank	250,834	50	-	-	-	-
Investment in debt securities available for sale	-	-	250,000	-	276,085	-
Insurance / reinsurance receivable	-	-	-	-	-	1,528,029
Loans, deposits and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	62,544
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	-	75,984	-	113,283	-	391,148
Salvage recoveries accrued	-	-	-	-	-	110,252
	<u>250,834</u>	<u>76,034</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>113,283</u>	<u>276,085</u>	<u>2,091,973</u>
Rating	A	AA++	A++	A+	AA	Total
*Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	<u>1,557</u>	<u>57,137</u>	<u>6,474</u>	<u>48,115</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>113,283</u>

Ratings are by different rating agencies including Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA), JCR-VIS and Moody's in case of overseas reinsurance entities.

### 3 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent to all the years presented. Details of these accounting policies are as follows:

#### 3.1 Property and Equipment

##### 3.1.1 Tangible assets - owned

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Depreciation on tangible fixed assets except vehicles is charged to income applying the straight line method at the rates specified in note 5.1 to the financial statements after taking into account residual value, if any. The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. Depreciation on additions is charged for the full month in which as asset is put to use and on deletions up to the month immediately preceding the deletion.

The carrying value of tangible fixed assets is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indications exist and where the carrying values exceeds the estimated recoverable amounts the assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any impairment in value. It includes advances to the suppliers for the tangible assets.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Gain or loss on disposal of fixed asset is included in income currently.

##### 3.1.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and any provision for impairment loss. Amortization of intangible fixed assets is charged to income applying the straight line method at the rates specified in note 6 to the financial statements after taking into account residual value, if any.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

Full month's amortization is calculated from the month the assets are available for use using the straight-line method, whereby the cost of the intangible asset is amortized over its estimated useful life over which economic benefits are expected to flow to the Company. The useful life and amortization method is reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

The carrying values of intangible assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that this carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets are written down to their recoverable amount.

## **3.1.3 Leases - Right-of-use assets and related liabilities**

A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company mainly lease properties for its operations and recognizes a right-of-use asset and lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability. The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight line method from the commencement date to the earlier of end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or end of lease term. The estimated useful lives of assets are determined on the same basis as that for owned assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate of the Company. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in assessment of whether extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term and low value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented in the same line item as it presents underlying assets for the same nature it owns.

## **3.2 Insurance contracts**

Insurance contracts are those contracts where the Company (the insurer) has accepted significant insurance risk from another party (the policy holders) by agreeing to compensate the policyholders if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholders. These contracts are entered with group companies, corporate clients, and individuals residing or located in Pakistan.

Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its period, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and liabilities are extinguished or expired.

Insurance contracts are classified into following main categories:

### **3.2.1 Fire and property**

The perils covered under fire insurance include damages caused by fire, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, flood, electric fluctuation, impact and other coverage.

### **3.2.2 Marine and transport**

Marine and transport insurance provides coverage against cargo risk, war risk and damages occurring in inland transit.

### **3.2.3 Motor**

Motor insurance provides comprehensive car coverage and indemnity against third party loss.

### **3.2.4 Health**

Group hospitalization insurance provides cover to compensate personal accident, hospitalization and outpatient medical coverage to the insured.

### **3.2.5 Other classes**

Other classes includes mainly bankers blanket bond, liability, engineering, etc.

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## 3.3 Commission

### Deferred commission expense

Commission expense incurred in obtaining and recording policies is deferred and recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as an expense in accordance with the pattern of recognition of premium revenue.

### Commission income

Commission income from reinsurers is recognized on the date of commencement of the underlying insurance policy. These are deferred and recognized as liability and recognized in the profit and loss account as revenue in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the reinsurance premiums.

Profit commission and sliding sales commission, if any, under the terms of reinsurance arrangements, is recognized when due.

## 3.4 Unearned premium reserve

The unearned premium represents the portion of premium written relating to the unexpired period of insurance coverage at the reporting date. It is recognized as a liability. Such liability is calculated as a ratio of the unexpired period of the policy and the total policy period, both measured to the nearest day except:

- for marine cargo, as a ratio of the unexpired shipment period to the total expected shipment period, both measured to the nearest day.

Policy for recognition of premium revenue is disclosed in detail in note 3.11.1 to these financial statements.

## 3.5 Premium deficiency reserve

The Company is required as per section 34(2)(d) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, to maintain a provision in respect of premium deficiency for the class of business where the unearned premium reserve is not adequate to meet the expected future liability, after reinsurance, from claims and other expenses, including reinsurance expense, commissions and other underwriting expenses, expected to be incurred after the balance sheet date in respect of the unexpired policies in that class of business at the balance sheet date. The movement in the premium deficiency reserve is recorded as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income and the same are recognized as a liability.

The Company determines adequacy of liability of premium deficiency by carrying out an analysis of expired periods. For this purpose actuarial valuation has been carried out to determine the amount of premium deficiency reserve as required by under Insurance Rules, 2017 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on January 09, 2012.

Provision has been made for Health business as the unearned premium reserve for the class of business as at the year end is not adequate to meet the expected future liability after reinsurance from claims and other expenses, expected to be incurred after the reporting date in respect of policies in force at the reporting date.

## 3.6 Reinsurance contracts held

Insurance contracts entered into by the Company with reinsurers for compensation of losses suffered on insurance contracts issued are reinsurance contracts. These reinsurance contracts include both facultative and treaty arrangement contracts and are classified in the same categories of insurance contracts for the purpose of these financial statements. The Company recognizes the entitled benefits under the contract as reinsurance assets. Outward reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same period as the related premiums for the direct or accepted reinsurance business being reinsured.

Reinsurance liabilities represent balances due to reinsurance companies. Amounts payable are estimated in a manner consistent with the related reinsurance contract

Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the provision for outstanding claims or settled claims associated with the reinsurance policies and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contract.

Reinsurance assets are not offset against related insurance liabilities. Income or expenses from reinsurance contract are not offset against expenses or income from related insurance assets.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

The deferred portion of reinsurance premium ceded is recognized as a prepayment which is calculated in accordance with the pattern of recognition of revenue.

The Company assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on financial statement date. If there is an objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognizes that impairment loss in the profit and loss account.

## **3.7 Receivables and payables**

### **3.7.1 Receivables related to Insurance contract**

Receivables related to insurance contracts are recognized and due at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given less provision for impairment, if any. If there is an objective evidence that the insurance receivable is impaired, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the insurance receivables and recognizes that impairment loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

Provision for impairment in premium receivables is estimated on a systematic basis after analyzing the receivables as per their ageing.

Further, premium received in advance is recognized as liability till the time of issuance of insurance contract there against.

### **3.7.2 Creditors, accruals and provisions**

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for the goods and / or services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are reviewed at each financial statement date and adjusted to reflect the current estimate.

## **3.8 Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims**

Claims recoveries against outstanding claims from the reinsurer and salvage are recognized as an asset at the same time as the claims which give rise to the right of recovery are recognized as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

## **3.9 Segment reporting**

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components. All operating segments' results are reviewed regularly by the management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, for which discrete financial information is available.

The Company presents segment reporting of operating results using the classes of business as specified under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Insurance Rules, 2017. The reported operating segments are also consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Board of Directors who assess the performance of the operating segments. The performance of segments is evaluated on the basis of underwriting results of each segment.

Assets and liabilities that are directly attributable to specific segments are assigned to them, while the carrying amount of certain assets (liabilities) used (incurred) jointly by two or more segments are allocated to segments on a reasonable basis. Those assets and liabilities which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis are reported as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.

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The Company has four primary business segments for reporting purposes, namely fire and property, marine and transport, motor and other classes. The nature and business activities of these segments are disclosed in note no. 3.2. Income and expenses directly attribute to a particular segment is so allocated. Underwriting expenses have been allocated to various classes of business on a basis deemed equitable by the management. Expenses not attributable to the underwriting business are charged as other expenses.

## **3.10 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the financial statement at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash in hand, stamps in hand and current and saving accounts with bank.

## **3.11 Revenue recognition**

### **3.11.1 Premiums**

Premiums including administrative surcharge under an insurance contract are recognized as written from date of issuance to the date of attachment of risk to the policy / cover note. Where premium for a policy is payable in installments, full premium for the duration of the policy is recognized as written, where the first such installment has been duly received by the Company, at the inception of the policy and related asset is recognized as premium receivable.

Revenue from premiums is determined after taking into account the unearned portion of premiums. The unearned portion of premium income is recognized as a liability as explained in note 3.4.

Reinsurance premium is recognized as expense after taking into account the proportion of prepaid reinsurance premium which is recognized as a proportion of the gross reinsurance premium of each policy, determined as the ratio of the unexpired period of the policy and the total period, both measured to the nearest day. The prepaid portion of premium is recognized as a prepayment as explained in note 3.4.

### **3.11.2 Commission income**

Commission income from other insurers / reinsurers is deferred and recognized as liability and recognized in the profit and loss account as commission income in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the reinsurance premiums.

### **3.11.3 Dividend income**

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

### **3.11.4 Gain / loss on sale / redemption of investments**

Unrealized gain/loss on remeasurements of investments is taken to profit and loss account in case of held-for-trading investment and other comprehensive income in case of available for sale investments.

### **3.11.5 Income on debt securities and bank balances**

Income from debt securities investments and bank balances is recognized on a time proportionate basis taking account the effective yield on the investment / bank balance.

## **3.12 Investments**

These comprises of the following:

- In equity securities
- In debt securities

### **3.12.1 Recognition**

All investments are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and include transaction costs except for held for trading investments in which case transaction costs are charged to the profit and loss account. All purchase and sale of investments that require delivery within the required time frame established by regulations or market convention are accounted for at the trade date. Trade date is the date when the Company commits to purchase or sell the investments. These are recognized and classified as follows:

- Held for trading
- Available-for-sale
- Held to maturity

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 3.12.2 Measurement

### 3.12.2.1 Held for trading

At the time of acquisition, quoted investments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short term fluctuations in price or are part of portfolio for which there is a recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading.

Subsequent to initial recognition these are remeasured at fair value by reference to quoted market prices (as explained below) with the resulting gain or loss being included in net profit or loss for the period in which it arises

### 3.12.2.2 Available-for-sale

Available-for-Sale investments are those non-derivative instruments / contracts that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified in any other category.

At the time of acquisition, investments which are intended to be held for an undefined period of time but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity or changes in interest rates are classified as available-for-sale.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the available-for-sale investments are remeasured at fair value. Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation from one reporting date to other is taken to other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income. On derecognition or impairment, the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit and loss for period within statement of comprehensive income.

Fair value of the listed equity shares are determined with reference to the rates quoted on the stock exchange, while the fair value of the mutual funds units and of term finance certificates are determined with reference to the rates quoted on the MUFAP website. The fair value of the Government securities are determined with reference the rates quoted on the PKRV page.

These are reviewed for impairment at year end and any losses arising from impairment in values are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### 3.12.2.3 Held-to-maturity

At the time of acquisition, investments with fixed maturity, where management has both the intent and the ability to hold till maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity.

Subsequently, these are measured at amortized cost less provision for impairment in value, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition by using the effective yield method.

The difference between the redemption value and the purchase price of the held-to-maturity investments is amortized and taken to the profit and loss account over the term of the investment.

These are reviewed for impairment at year end and any losses arising from impairment in values are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## 3.13 Off setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statement, if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off and the Company intends either to settle the assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 3.14 Taxation

### 3.14.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the tax rates enacted on substantially enacted as at the year end. The charge for current tax also include adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments finalized during the current year for such years.

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## 3.14.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method, in respect of temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against which the assets may be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recognised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

## 3.15 Staff retirement benefits

### 3.15.1 Defined contribution plan

The Company operates a recognized Provident Fund scheme for its employees. Equal contributions are made by the Company and the employees at the applicable rate.

### 3.15.2 Defined benefit plan

The Company operates an unfunded approved gratuity scheme for all of its eligible permanent employees . Gratuity is based on employees' last drawn basic salary.

Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial valuation and are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The most recent valuation was carried out as of December 31, 2025 using the "Projected Unit Credit Method".

Remeasurement of the defined benefit liability, which comprises actuarial gain and losses are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income. The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the year by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual year to the then net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any change in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the year as a result of contribution and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expense related to defined benefit plans are recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

When the benefits of the plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefits that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in Statement of Comprehensive Income. The Company recognizes gain and loss on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

### 3.15.3 Employees' compensated absences

The Company accounts for its liability towards accumulating compensated absences, when the employees render service that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. An actuarial valuation has been carried out using Projected Unit Credit method to determine the amount of charge and liability to be recognized at the financial statement date. Charge for these benefits are immediately recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

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## 3.16 Impairment of assets

A financial asset is assessed at each financial statement date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if there is an objective evidence that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset. If a decline in fair value is significant or prolonged, than there is an objective evidence, of impairment regardless of how long management intends to hold the investment.

The carrying amount of non financial assets is reviewed at each financial statement date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or group of assets. If such indication exist, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use an its fair value less cost of sell. An impairment loss is recognized the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. All impairment losses are recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Provision of impairment are reviewed at each financial statement date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Change in the provisions are recognized as an income or expense.

## 3.17 Dividend distribution

Dividend declaration and reserve appropriations are recognized when approved.

## 3.18 Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in rupees at the rates prevailing on the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange which approximate those prevailing at the financial statement date. Exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

## 3.19 Salvage recoveries accrued

Salvage recoveries are recognized as an asset and measured at the amount expected to be received.

## 3.20 Claims

Insurance claims include all claims incurred during the year, whether reported or not, related internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims.

### 3.20.1 Provision for outstanding claims

The Company recognizes liability in respect of all claims incurred up to the financial statement date which is measured at the undiscounted value of the expected future payments. The claims are considered to be incurred at the time of the incident giving rise to the claim except as otherwise expressly indicated in an insurance contract.

The liability for claims include amounts relating to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and expected claims settlement costs. Provision for liability in respect of unpaid reported claims is made on the basis of individual estimates (comprising of reports by the surveyors).

### 3.20.2 Claims incurred but not reported

The provision for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is made at the financial statement date. In accordance with SECP circular No. 9 of 2016, the Company takes actuarial advice for the determination of IBNR claims. IBNR claims have been estimated using Chain Ladder (CL) methodology. The Chain Ladder (CL) Method involves determination of development factors or link ratios for each period. These are then subsequently combined to determine Cumulative Development Factor (CDF) which represents the extent of future development of claims to reach their ultimate level.

## 3.21 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of IAS-39 are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and are derecognized when the Company loses control of contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in the case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Fair value of long term financial assets at discounted interest rates are determined initially and the difference carried forward as a prepayment (staff bonus), which then is expensed out over the period in which the services are rendered.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 3.22 Expenses of management

All expenses of management have been allocated between business of Company and window takaful operations - Operators' Fund to the various revenue accounts on equitable basis. Expenses that are not directly attributable to the underwriting business are charged under other expenses.

## 3.23 Earnings per share

The company presents basic and diluted earning per share (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing profit after tax for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is not calculated separately, as the Company does not have any convertible instruments in issue.

## 3.24 Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognised at their face value.

## 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The estimates / judgments and associated assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the estimates about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

	<b>Note</b>
Property and equipment	3.1
Premium deficiency	3.5
Insurance / reinsurance receivable - impairment	3.7.1
Provision for outstanding claims including IBNR	3.20.1
Taxation	3.14
Staff retirement benefits	3.15
Impairment of assets	3.16

## 5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
Property and Equipment	5.1	91,799	79,206
Right-of-use assets	5.2	13,429	20,208
		<u>105,228</u>	<u>99,414</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 5.1 Property and Equipment

	December 31, 2025									
	Cost			Accumulated Depreciation				Written Down Value		Depreciation Rate %
	As at January 01, 2025	Additions	Disposals	As at December 31, 2025	As at January 01, 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at December 31, 2025	As at December 31, 2025	
	(Rupees in '000)									
Computer equipment	24,713	6,378	746	30,345	20,588	2,991	700	22,879	7,466	33
Furniture and fixtures	72,146	2,626	40	74,732	25,568	5,399	38	30,929	43,803	10
Office equipment	30,534	3,608	1,360	32,782	16,956	3,936	822	20,070	12,712	20
Motor vehicles - Owned	28,303	16,720	49	44,974	13,378	3,813	35	17,156	27,818	10*
	<u>155,696</u>	<u>29,332</u>	<u>2,195</u>	<u>182,833</u>	<u>76,490</u>	<u>16,139</u>	<u>1,595</u>	<u>91,034</u>	<u>91,799</u>	

\* being depreciated on the basis of remaining useful lives ranging between 3 years to 10 years.

	December 31, 2024									
	Cost			Accumulated Depreciation				Written Down Value		Depreciation Rate %
	As at January 01, 2024	Additions	Disposals	As at December 31, 2024	As at January 01, 2024	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2024	
	(Rupees in '000)									
Computer equipment	21,418	3,712	417	24,713	17,853	3,104	369	20,588	4,125	33
Furniture and fixtures	74,533	349	2,736	72,146	20,829	6,860	2,121	25,568	46,578	10
Office equipment	28,915	4,013	2,394	30,534	14,194	4,451	1,689	16,956	13,578	20
Motor vehicles - Owned	17,062	11,363	122	28,303	12,082	1,315	19	13,378	14,925	10
	<u>141,928</u>	<u>19,437</u>	<u>5,669</u>	<u>155,696</u>	<u>64,958</u>	<u>15,730</u>	<u>4,198</u>	<u>76,490</u>	<u>79,206</u>	

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

5.1.1 Details of tangible assets having book value not exceeding Rs. 500,000 individually disposed off during the year are as follows:

Category of assets	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book value (Rupees in '000)	Sale proceeds	Gain	Mode of disposals	Sold to
Motor vehicles - owned	49	35	14	30	16	Negotiation	Tanveer Aqeel Ansari
Office Equipment	1,360	822	538	585	47	Negotiation	Various
Furniture & Fixtures	40	38	2	3	1	Negotiation	Tour Khan Kabari
Computer equipment	746	700	46	61	15	Negotiation	Various
2025	2,195	1,595	600	679	79		
2024	1,650	1,001	649	1,453	804		

## 5.2 Right-of-use assets

	December 31, 2025									
	Cost			Accumulated Depreciation				Written Down Value	Depreciation Rate %	
	As at January 01, 2025	Additions	Deletions / Adjustments	As at December 31, 2025	As at January 01, 2025	Charge for the year	Deletions / Adjustments	As at December 31, 2025	As at December 31, 2025	
	(Rupees in '000)									
Leasehold property	67,312	7,028	38,839	35,501	47,104	13,807	38,839	22,072	13,429	Various over the contract period
	67,312	7,028	38,839	35,501	47,104	13,807	38,839	22,072	13,429	

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	December 31, 2024									
	Cost			Accumulated Depreciation				Written Down Value	Depreciation Rate %	
	As at January 01, 2024	Additions	Deletions / Adjustments	As at December 31, 2024	As at January 01, 2024	Charge for the year	Deletions / Adjustments	As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2024	
	(Rupees in '000)									
Leasehold property	71,420	-	4,108	67,312	34,369	15,002	2,267	47,104	20,208	Various over the contract period
	<u>71,420</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,108</u>	<u>67,312</u>	<u>34,369</u>	<u>15,002</u>	<u>2,267</u>	<u>47,104</u>	<u>20,208</u>	

## 6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	December 31, 2025									
	Cost				Accumulated Amortisation				Written Down Value	Amortisation Rate %
	As at January 01, 2025	Additions	Write off	As at December 31, 2025	As at January 01, 2025	Charge for the year	Write off	As at December 31, 2025	As at December 31, 2025	
	(Rupees in '000)									
Owned										
Computer Software	<u>27,956</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>27,956</u>	<u>14,598</u>	<u>2,898</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,496</u>	<u>10,460</u>	<u>20</u>

	December 31, 2024									
	Cost				Accumulated Amortisation				Written Down Value	Amortisation Rate %
	As at January 01, 2024	Additions	Write off	As at December 31, 2024	As at January 01, 2024	Charge for the year	Write off	As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2024	
	(Rupees in '000)									
Owned										
Computer Software	<u>13,694</u>	<u>14,262</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>27,956</u>	<u>13,459</u>	<u>1,139</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,598</u>	<u>13,358</u>	<u>20</u>

6.1 Cost of above assets include cost of intangible operating assets amounting to Rs.12.97 million having net book value equal to NIL at the reporting date and are still in use. (December 31, 2024: Rs. 12.97 million).

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## 7. INVESTMENT IN EQUITY SECURITIES

Note	2025				2024				
	Cost	Impairment / Provision (Note 7.1)	Revaluation surplus	Carrying Value	Cost	Impairment Provision (Note 7.1)	Revaluation surplus	Carrying Value	
(Rupees in '000)									
<b>Available-for-sale</b>									
<b>Related parties - Listed ordinary shares</b>									
Bank AL Habib Limited	7.4	42,050	–	144,590	186,640	42,050	–	89,380	131,430
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	7.4	326,471	–	337,152	663,623	148,786	–	199,214	348,000
Indus Motor Company Limited	7.4	17,453	–	30,659	48,112	17,453	–	33,689	51,142
		385,974	–	512,401	898,375	208,289	–	322,283	530,572
<b>Others</b>									
Listed ordinary shares	7.1	727,120	(4,004)	974,377	1,697,493	719,546	(3,345)	715,736	1,431,937
Listed preference shares	7.3	19,331	–	3,063	22,394	19,331	–	1,756	21,087
Mutual funds		805	–	4,611	5,416	763	–	3,885	4,648
		747,256	(4,004)	982,051	1,725,303	739,640	(3,345)	721,377	1,457,672
<b>Modaraba certificates - listed</b>									
Orix Modaraba	7.2	1,319	–	1,128	2,447	1,319	–	446	1,765
First Habib Modaraba		13,695	–	20,711	34,406	13,695	–	5,699	19,394
		15,014	–	21,839	36,853	15,014	–	6,145	21,159
		1,148,244	(4,004)	1,516,291	2,660,531	962,943	(3,345)	1,049,805	2,009,403

### 7.1 Impairment in investment securities

	2025			2024		
	Cost	Impairment	Carrying Value	Cost	Impairment	Carrying Value
(Rupees in '000)						
Engro Polymers & Chemicals Limited	8,359	(3,470)	4,889	8,359	(2,799)	5,560
Avanceon Limited	441	(31)	410	–	–	–
International Industries Limited	1,527	(503)	1,024	1,527	(546)	981
	10,327	(4,004)	6,323	9,886	(3,345)	6,541

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

7.2	Modaraba certificates			Number of certificates
	Company Name	Chief Executive Officer	Nominal value	
	Orix Modaraba	Mr. Raheel Qamar Ahmed	Rs.10	108,750
	First Habib Modaraba	Mr. Muhammad Shoaib Ibrahim	Rs.5	1,007,500

7.3	Preference shares			Number of shares
	Company Name	Chief Executive Officer	Nominal value	
	Engro Polymers & Chemical Ltd - Preference Shares	Mr. Jahangir Paracha	Rs.10	1,866,114

Preference shares of Engro Polymer & Chemicals Limited were issued on December 18, 2020 and are perpetual. The dividends are cumulative in nature and will be calculated at 6 Months KIBOR + 3.50% on the issue date and then repriced at the end of June 30 and December 31, each year. The company has the option to purchase the entire portfolio from investor through 30 days notice after the expiry of 12 months from issue Date. The conversion Option can be exercised by the investor after the expiry of 80 months from the issue date into 1:1 (One preference shares equals to one ordinary share).

7.4 The company has not accounted for investment in related parties as associates, under IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" as the management has concluded that the Company does not have significant influence in these companies

Note	2025	2024
	(Rupees in '000)	

## 8. INVESTMENT IN DEBT SECURITIES

Government Securities - Available for sale	8.1	436,143	276,085
Term Finance Certificates - Unsecured (Available For Sale)	8.2	250,000	250,000
		<u>686,143</u>	<u>526,085</u>

8.1 PIBs have face value of Rs. 420 million (market value of Rs. 436.143 million) [December 31, 2024: Rs. 270 million (market value of Rs. 276.08 million)]. These carry mark-up ranging from 11.81% to 13.75% (December 31, 2024: 13.1% to 13.75%) per annum and will mature on July 04, 2026 and November 10, 2033. The 10 years PIB having face value Rs. 70.0 million has been deposited with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) as statutory deposit in accordance with the requirements of Section 29 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and circular No. 15 of 2008 dated July 07, 2008 issued by the SECP. These investments can be replaced with alternate eligible securities.

## 8.2 Term Finance Certificates - Unsecured (available for sale)

Name of Company	Name of Chief Executive	Term/ Profit Payment	No. of Certificates	Cost	2025	2024
					Carrying value (Rupees in '000)	
Bank Alfalah Limited	Mr. Atif Bajwa	Perpetual and 6 Monthly Non-cumulative KIBOR + 2%	20,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Bank AL Habib Limited	Mr. Mansoor Ali Khan	Perpetual and 6 Monthly KIBOR + 1.65%	30,000	150,000	150,000	150,000

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>9. LOANS DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - Considered good</b>			
Accrued investment income		27,107	14,526
Security deposits		15,475	13,699
Advances		14,564	14,365
Advance to commission agents		–	1,567
Loans to employees	9.1	21,245	27,502
Receivable from Window Takaful operations (for expenses incurred on their behalf)		2,202	2,412
Receivable from employees - Parents insurance policy		2,140	2,172
Input sales tax		16,250	9,163
		<u>98,983</u>	<u>85,406</u>

**9.1** The loans are secured against provident fund balances or deposits of the title documents. These loans are recoverable in monthly installments over the loan periods and includes Rs. 7.583 million (2024: Rs. 8.739 million) receivable in 2026 representing the current portion of loans to employees. The loans carry mark-up rate ranging from 8.33% to 25.0% (2024: 5.5% to 25.0%) per annum.

	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>10. INSURANCE / REINSURANCE RECEIVABLES Unsecured and considered good</b>		
Due from insurance contract holders Considered good	522,451	680,240
Considered doubtful	20,488	20,488
Less: Provision for impairment of receivables from Insurance contract holders	(20,488)	(20,488)
	522,451	680,240
Due from other insurers/ reinsurers (note 19.2) Considered good	1,043,015	847,789
Considered doubtful	30,165	30,165
Less: Provision for impairment of due from other insurers/ reinsurers	(30,165)	(30,165)
	<u>1,043,015</u>	<u>847,789</u>
	<u>1,565,466</u>	<u>1,528,029</u>

**11 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS**  
**Defined benefit obligation - unfunded gratuity scheme**

The Company is operating an unfunded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees who become eligible for gratuity after five years of service. Gratuity entitlement is based on the last drawn basic salaries. The obligation under this scheme is determined under an actuarial valuation carried out by a qualified actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The latest valuation was carried out as of December 31, 2025.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

		2025	2024	
		Number of Employees		
The number of employees covered under the defined benefit scheme are:		<u>224</u>	<u>167</u>	
<b>11.1</b>	The following principal actuarial assumptions were used for the valuation of above mentioned scheme:			
		2025	2024	
Financial assumptions				
- Discount rate (per annum compounded)		11.00%	15.50%	
- Salary increase per annum		10.00%	12.25%	
Demographic assumptions				
- Expected service length of the employees		15 years	15 years	
- Normal retirement		60 years	60 years	
- Rate of employee turnover		Moderate	Moderate	
- Mortality rate		SLIC (2001-05) - 1	(SLIC 2001-05) - 1	
	Note	2025	2024	
		(Rupees in '000)		
<b>11.2</b>	<b>Liability in financial statement</b>			
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	11.3	<u>104,774</u>	<u>82,704</u>
<b>11.3</b>	<b>Reconciliation of defined benefit obligations</b>			
	Present value of defined benefit obligations as at January 01,		82,704	93,716
	Current service cost	11.4	8,287	8,747
	Interest cost	11.4	10,131	14,902
	Benefits paid		(4,962)	(3,559)
	Net provisions with respect to transferees		9,387	(13,700)
	Gratuity adjustment for ex-employees		-	-
	Actuarial gain on obligation	11.5	(773)	(17,402)
	Present value of defined benefit obligations as at December 31,		<u>104,774</u>	<u>82,704</u>
<b>11.4</b>	<b>Charge for the defined benefit plan</b>			
	<b>Cost recognised in profit and loss</b>			
	Current service cost		8,287	8,747
	Interest cost		10,131	14,902
			<u>18,418</u>	<u>23,649</u>
<b>11.5</b>	<b>Actuarial gain on defined benefit obligation recognised in other comprehensive income</b>			
	Gain due to change in financial assumptions		(10,942)	-
	Gain due to change in demographic assumptions		-	-
	Gain due to change in experience adjustments		10,169	(17,402)
			<u>(773)</u>	<u>(17,402)</u>
<b>11.6</b>	<b>Sensitivity analysis</b>			

Sensitivity analysis has been performed by varying one assumption keeping all other assumptions constant and calculating the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations on various employee benefit schemes. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption is summarized below:

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	2025	2024			
	(Rupees in '000)				
Increase in discount rate by 1%	(96,249)	(76,168)			
Decrease in discount rate by 1%	114,566	90,226			
Increase in expected future increment in salary by 1%	115,078	90,554			
Decrease in expected future increment in salary by 1%	(95,673)	(75,774)			
<b>11.7 Comparison for Five Years As at December 31,</b>	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
	(Rupees in '000)				
Defined benefit obligation	<u>104,774</u>	<u>82,704</u>	<u>93,716</u>	<u>130,311</u>	<u>130,859</u>
Experience adjustment loss on obligation (as percentage of plan obligations)	<u>9.71%</u>	<u>-21.04%</u>	<u>-19.38%</u>	<u>-7.18%</u>	<u>-6.45%</u>
<b>11.8 Others</b>			2025	2024	
			(Rupees in '000)		
Weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation (year)			<u>8.5</u>	<u>8.5</u>	
<b>11.9</b> These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks such as investment risk and salary risk. The main features of the gratuity schemes are these:					
All confirmed employees are eligible to the scheme and the normal retirement age for all employees is 60 years. A member shall be entitled to gratuity on resignation, termination, retirement, early retirement, retrenchment, death and dismissal based on the Company's Service rules. The scheme is subject to the regulations laid down under the Income Tax Rules, 2002.					
			2025	2024	
			(Rupees in '000)		
<b>12. DEFERRED TAXATION</b>					
<b>Deductible differences in respect of</b>					
Provisions for:					
- doubtful debts (insurance / reinsurance receivable)			(15,196)	(14,689)	
- compensated absences			(4,713)	(3,928)	
- impairment on available-for-sale investments			(1,201)	(970)	
			<u>(21,110)</u>	<u>(19,587)</u>	
Lease liability - net			<u>(278)</u>	<u>(1,611)</u>	
			<u>(21,388)</u>	<u>(21,198)</u>	
<b>Taxable temporary differences in respect of:</b>					
Accelerated depreciation			7,397	6,416	
Actuarial gain on defined benefit plan			224	5,047	
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments			459,411	306,621	
			<u>467,032</u>	<u>318,084</u>	
<b>Deferred tax Liability</b>			<u>445,644</u>	<u>296,886</u>	

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>12.1 Reconciliation of deferred tax</b>			
Opening balance		296,886	142,074
Directly recognised in other comprehensive income due to actuarial gain on staff retirement benefit		(4,823)	(901)
Directly recognised in other comprehensive income due to unrealised gain on available-for-sale investments		152,790	149,800
- Window Takaful Operations		–	–
Directly recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income (profit or loss)		791	5,913
Closing balance		<u>445,644</u>	<u>296,886</u>
<b>13. PREPAYMENTS</b>			
Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded		529,048	676,990
Prepaid insurance on leased vehicles		–	53
Prepaid employees group/health insurance		5,225	11,659
Others	13.1	7,242	16,381
		<u>541,515</u>	<u>705,083</u>
<b>13.1</b> This includes the prepaid discount effect of Rs. 4.026 million (2024: Rs. 7.558 million) relating to staff loans.			
<b>14. CASH AND BANK</b>			
<b>Cash and cash equivalent</b>			
- Cash in hand		227	59
- Policy stamps		275	108
		502	167
<b>Cash at bank</b>			
- Current accounts		23,491	15,029
- Saving accounts	14.1	18,145	235,405
		41,636	250,434
		<u>42,138</u>	<u>250,601</u>
<b>14.1</b> These balances are held with a related party amounting Rs.814,016 (2024: Rs. and carries mark-up rates ranging between 10.0% and 9.25% (2024: 10.0% to 20.80%) per annum.			
<b>14.2 Cash and cash equivalents</b>			
Cash and bank		42,138	250,601
Overdrawn		(57,996)	–
		<u>(15,858)</u>	<u>250,601</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

2025                      2024  
(Rupees in '000)

## 15. Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund

### Assets

Investment		
Sukuk Bonds	159,045	—
Loans and other receivables	6,630	1,537
Deferred commission expense	40,472	38,404
Receivable from PTF	69,743	55,550
Prepayments	608	354
Cash and bank balances	62,901	224,438
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>339,399</b>	<b>320,283</b>

### Total Liabilities

Wakala fee	219,542	177,564
Commission expense	(99,259)	(79,605)
Management expenses	(148,380)	(102,375)
Investment income	31,995	48,153
Other expenses	(2,860)	(1,864)
Profit before taxation	1,038	41,873

## 16. SHARE CAPITAL

### Authorised capital

2025	2024		2025	2024
(Number of Shares)			(Rupees in '000)	
130,000,000	130,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each	650,000	650,000

### 16.1 Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital

123,874,755	123,874,755	Ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each fully paid in cash	619,374	619,374
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16.2 At December 31, 2025 Habib Insurance Company Limited's associated undertaking held 5.735 million (4.63%) [2024: 5.735 million (4.63%)] number of ordinary shares of Rs.5 each.

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024 (Rupees in '000)
<b>17. RESERVES</b>			
<b>Capital Reserves</b>			
Reserve for exceptional losses	17.1	9,122	9,122
<b>Revenue Reserves</b>			
General reserves		505,000	390,000
Unrealized gain on revaluation of available-for-sale investments		1,072,962	751,697
		<u>1,577,962</u>	<u>1,141,697</u>
		<u>1,587,084</u>	<u>1,150,819</u>

17.1 Under the Income Tax Act, 1922 applicable to insurance companies, the Company had set aside in prior years amounts up to ten percent of premium earnings, net of reinsurances of the year as a reserve for exceptional losses, which was treated as an allowable deduction in arriving at the taxable income. This option was withdrawn by the Income Tax Ordinance, 1979 with retrospective effect from the accounting year ended December 31, 1978. Accordingly, the Company has ceased to set aside such amounts, but has retained the reserves created up to December 31, 1978.

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	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>18. LEASE LIABILITY - against right-of-use assets (leasehold property)</b>			
Lease liability	18.1	14,355	25,762
Current portion		8,393	16,382
Non-current portion		5,962	9,380
		14,355	25,762

## 18.1 Lease Liability

The amount of future lease payments and the period in which these become due are as follows:

	2025			2024		
	Minimum Lease Payments	Financial Charges	Present value minimum lease payments (Rupees in '000)	Minimum Lease Payments	Financial Charges	Present value minimum lease payments
Not later than one year	10,027	1,634	8,393	19,108	2,726	16,382
Later than one year but not later than five years	6,457	495	5,962	11,431	2,051	9,380
	16,484	2,129	14,355	30,539	4,777	25,762

Above lease liability has been discounted at rates ranging between 9.69% to 25.28% per annum. (2024: 9.69% to 25.28%) per Annum.

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>19. INSURANCE/ REINSURANCE PAYABLES</b>			
Due to other insurers/ reinsurers	19.1	409,697	563,811
<b>19.1 Due to other insurers/ reinsurers</b>			
- Foreign reinsurers		38,858	124,739
- Local reinsurers		162,297	256,977
- Co-insurers		208,542	182,095
		409,697	563,811

**19.2** The Company has co-insurance and re-insurance arrangements with various insurance and a domestic re-insurance company. Under the above arrangements, the receivable and payable balances originate mainly due to premiums collected or claims settled by the lead insurer on behalf of other co-insurers, and in case of re-insurance, the premium ceded to and claims recoverable from the re-insurer under the respective contracts. As per the prevailing industry practices, settlements of balances under co-insurance arrangements are done between the respective insurance companies in normal course of business. The current balances of co-insurers and re-insurer reflected in the records of the Company are based on the underlying contracts and transactions. The reconciliation process of these balances with the respective insurance companies is carried out on an ongoing basis. However, as advised by the SECP, this process will be formalized as per the guidelines suggested by the Insurance Associates of Pakistan for the insurance industry.

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>20. OTHER CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS</b>			
Agents commission payable		206,276	202,747
Federal excise duty		56,281	70,538
Federal insurance fee		4,215	5,205
Accrued expenses	20.1	21,849	45,291
Withholding income tax payable		1,297	1,130
Unclaimed dividends		71,685	68,523
Sundry creditors	20.2	13,461	2,714
Workers' welfare fund		15,475	-
Tracker Payable		9,299	-
Others		3,656	7,787
Overdrawn		57,996	-
		461,490	403,935

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

**20.1** This includes provision for staff compensated absences amounting to Rs. 15,708 million (2024: Rs. 13,546 million) The liability is determined through an actuarial valuation carried out under the projected unit credit (PUC) actuarial cost method (by an actuary). An amount reversal of of Rs 2,892 million (2024: of Rs. 5.331 million) has been charged to profit and loss account in the current year based on the actuarial advice.

**20.2** This includes outstanding claims in respect of which cheques aggregating to Rs. 13,461 million (2024: Rs. 2,714 million) have been issued by the Company for claim settlement but the same have not been encashed by the claimants.

The following is the ageing as required by SECP Circular No. 11 of 2014 dated May 19, 2014

Claims not encashed	Age-wise break-up					Total
	1 to 6 months	7 to 12 months	13 to 24 months (Rupees in '000)	25 to 36 months	Beyond 36 months	
2025	10,076	18	422	599	2,346	13,461
2024	159	475	361	844	875	2,714

## 21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### 21.1 Contingencies

There are no contingencies as at December 31, 2025 except as those reflected in note 31.2 (December 31, 2024: Nil).

### 21.2 Commitments

There are no commitments as at December 31, 2025 (December 31, 2024: Nil).

## 22. NET INSURANCE PREMIUM

	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024 (Rupees in '000)
<b>Written gross premium</b>	3,321,687	3,369,526
Add: Unearned premium reserve opening	1,517,647	1,390,472
Less: Unearned premium reserve closing	(1,563,020)	(1,517,647)
<b>Premium earned</b>	3,276,314	3,242,351
<b>Less: Reinsurance premium ceded</b>	1,431,414	1,772,305
Add: Prepaid reinsurance premium opening	676,990	654,680
Less: Prepaid reinsurance premium closing	(529,048)	(676,990)
<b>Reinsurance expense</b>	1,579,356	1,749,995
<b>Net insurance premium</b>	1,696,958	1,492,356

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	2025	2024
	(Rupees in '000)	
<b>23. NET INSURANCE CLAIMS</b>		
<b>Claims paid</b>	2,307,213	1,886,382
Add: Outstanding claims including IBNR closing	1,883,852	1,044,318
Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening	(1,044,318)	(1,055,320)
<b>Claims expense</b>	3,146,747	1,875,380
<b>Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries received</b>	1,369,447	967,114
Add: Reinsurance and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims net of impairment - closing	1,396,723	690,582
Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims net of impairment - opening	(690,582)	(716,605)
<b>Reinsurance and other recoveries revenue</b>	2,075,588	941,091
<b>Net insurance claims</b>	<u>1,071,159</u>	<u>934,289</u>

## 24. CLAIM DEVELOPMENT

The following table shows the development of claims over a period of time on gross basis. For each class of business the uncertainty about the amount and timings of claims payment is usually resolved within a year:

Accident year	2021 & Prior	2022	2023	2024	2025
	(Rupees in '000)				
<b>Estimate of ultimate claims costs:</b>					
At end of accident year	5,839,062	1,396,022	1,828,578	1,852,832	3,164,403
One year later	4,082,192	1,666,174	1,880,930	1,838,500	
Two year later	3,687,986	1,674,323	1,872,653	-	-
Three year later	3,697,527	1,679,541	-	-	-
Four year later	3,636,778	-	-	-	-
Current estimate of ultimate claims cost	3,636,778	1,679,541	1,872,653	1,838,500	3,164,403
Cumulative payments to date	(3,367,027)	(1,604,336)	(1,816,777)	(1,732,547)	(1,787,336)
<b>Liability for outstanding claims</b>	<u>269,751</u>	<u>75,205</u>	<u>55,876</u>	<u>105,953</u>	<u>1,377,067</u>

	2025	2024
	(Rupees in '000)	
<b>25. NET COMMISSION INCOME</b>		
<b>Commissions paid or payable</b>	468,033	448,053
Add: Deferred commission - opening	212,519	184,408
Less: Deferred commission - closing	(236,264)	(212,519)
<b>Commission expense</b>	444,288	419,942
<b>Less: Commission from reinsurers</b>		
Commission received or receivable	333,424	455,885
Add: Unearned reinsurance commission - opening	191,175	149,584
Less: Unearned reinsurance commission - closing	(151,683)	(191,175)
<b>Commission from reinsurers</b>	372,916	414,294
<b>Net commission expense</b>	<u>(71,372)</u>	<u>(5,648)</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	Note	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>26. MANAGEMENT EXPENSES</b>			
Employee benefit cost	26.1	526,929	539,096
Traveling expenses		29,541	66,722
Advertisement and sales promotion		3,113	2,175
Printing and stationary		14,760	6,016
Depreciation	5	29,946	30,732
Amortisation	6	2,898	1,139
Rent, rates and taxes		11,048	8,463
Legal and professional charges		41,193	16,334
Electricity, gas and water		15,979	20,395
Entertainment		12,558	14,202
Office repairs and maintenance		19,593	12,523
Bank charges		1,071	616
Postages, telegrams and telephone		14,655	14,061
Annual supervision fee of SECP		4,782	4,219
Miscellaneous		35,807	37,970
		<u>763,873</u>	<u>774,663</u>
<b>26.1 Employee benefit cost</b>			
Salaries, allowances and other benefits		499,289	532,991
Charge for post employment benefits			
- Provident		9,222	11,217
- Gratuity		18,418	23,649
		<u>526,929</u>	<u>567,857</u>
<b>27. INVESTMENT INCOME</b>			
<b>Income from equity securities - available-for-sale</b>			
- Dividend income		184,541	192,693
<b>Income from debt securities - available-for-sale</b>			
- Pakistan Investment Bonds		66,182	15,674
- Treasury Bills		—	—
- Term Finance Certificates		34,953	55,656
		101,135	71,330
<b>Net realised gain on investments - available-for-sale</b>			
- Equity securities		113,764	198,154
- Mutual funds units		—	—
		113,764	198,154
<b>Net realised loss on investments available-for-sale</b>			
- Debt securities		2,839	—
Total investment income		<u>402,279</u>	<u>462,177</u>
<b>Less: (Impairment)/ reversal in value of investments - available-for-sale</b>			
- Equity securities		(626)	(2,582)
<b>Less: Investment related expenses</b>		<u>(370)</u>	<u>(545)</u>
		<u>401,283</u>	<u>459,050</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

2025                      2024  
(Rupees in '000)

## 28. OTHER INCOME

Return on bank balances		6,530	92,784
Modifications of lease		–	151
Gain on sale of fixed assets		79	804
Return on loan to employees		3,375	3,826
Liabilities no longer payable written back		–	24,214
Miscellaneous		278	432
		<u>10,262</u>	<u>122,211</u>

## 29. OTHER EXPENSES

Auditor's remuneration	29.1	6,556	5,302
Subscription		8,591	4,335
Donations	29.2	3,225	3,200
Worker's welfare fund		15,475	–
		<u>33,847</u>	<u>12,837</u>

### 29.1 Auditor's remuneration

Audit fee		2,478	2,253
Review of condensed interim financial statements		620	564
Special certifications		1,173	911
		<u>4,271</u>	<u>3,728</u>
Sindh sales tax		486	393
Out-of-pocket expenses		1,799	1,181
		<u>6,556</u>	<u>5,302</u>

### 29.2 Details of donation of Rs. 3.2 million (2024: Rs. 3.2 million) are as follows:

Name of Directors	Interest in Donee	Name of Donee	Address of Donee	Amount (Rupees in '000)
Mr. Mansoor G.Habib	Trustee	Al-Sayyeda Benevolent Trust	UBL Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi	1,600
Mr. Qumail R. Habib	Trustee	Habib Medical Trust	UBL Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi	1,600
				<u>3,200</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	2025	2024
	(Rupees in '000)	
<b>30. FINANCE COST</b>		
Mark-up on short term financing	2,207	3,345
Mark-up on lease liabilities	3,865	4,736
	<u>6,072</u>	<u>8,081</u>
<b>31. TAXATION</b>		
<b>For the year</b>		
Current	50,219	132,784
Deferred	791	5,913
	<u>51,010</u>	<u>138,697</u>
<b>31.1 Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit</b>		
Profit before taxation	<u>169,043</u>	<u>375,549</u>
Tax at enacted rate of 29% (2024: 29%)	49,022	108,909
Super tax on taxable income @ 1%	1,705	22,984
Others	283	6,804
	<u>51,010</u>	<u>138,697</u>

## 31.2 Details of pending tax appeals / cases / notices are as follows:

- The Income Tax department has made an assessment order for the tax year 2018 by adding back certain expenses, written off of bad debts, loan to employees, capitalization of renovation expenses and provision for gratuity. The Company had filed an appeal before the Commissioner, Inland Revenue (Appeals-I) [CIR-A] on which partial relief was allowed to the Company and amount of Rs 1.5 million was payable by the Company. The second appeal has been filed, which is pending for adjudication. The management, based on the discussion with the tax advisor believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Company.
- The Income Tax department has issued an assessment order for the tax years 2011, 2012, 2014, 2015 and 2016 raised additional tax demand of Rs. 23 million, Rs.12.6, Rs. 2.4 million, Rs. 4.4 million and Rs. 23.24 respectively by charging tax on dividend and capital gain as single basket, disallowance of provision for IBNR, non-deduction of tax on commission payment, addition of cash withdrawals, provision for impairment, provision for gratuity, provision for workers welfare fund, donations, capital expenditure, renovation of rented premises, bonus shares and loan to employees. The Company has filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) in respect of above tax years. The appeals are yet to be fixed for hearing. The management, based on the discussion with the tax advisor believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Company.
- The Income Tax department has filed an appeal before the Sindh High Court against the appellate order passed by the ATIR for the tax year 2009 and 2012 raised additional tax demand of Rs. 3.4 and Rs. 12.6 respectively. The aforesaid appeal is pending for adjudication. The management, based on the discussion with the tax advisor believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Company.
- In respect of tax years 2000, 2001, 2008 and 2009 Civil Appeals were filed by the Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR) against the Consolidated Judgment passed by the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC) on the issue of allocation of Expenses towards dividend income under section 67 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance). Civil Appeals were ordered to be heard ex-parte. An application was filed for setting aside the order for ex-parte proceedings and to allow enter appearance to argue the case on merits. The Income Tax department had filed civil petition leave to appeal against the judgement passed by the SHC in the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP). The Civil petition leave to appeal has been granted and converted into Civil Appeal. The proceedings are still pending before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP).

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

The main appeals along with the said applications were last fixed for hearing on April 09, 2025; however, on the said date the matter was adjourned. No further date of hearing has been communicated till date. The management, based on the discussion with the tax advisor believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Company.

- In respect of Tax Year 2005, the Company had challenged the notice issued by the Federal Board of Revenue under Section 122(9) for further amendment of assessment under Section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 before the Sindh High Court. The Honorable Court has dismissed the petition and the interim stay previously granted stands vacated. The Company is currently awaiting further proceedings or notices, if any, from the tax authorities in this regard.
- The appeal filed before the Commissioner Appeals, Sindh Revenue Board (SRB), Karachi in respect of sales tax on reinsurance has been decided against the Company. The Company has filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal SRB vide Appeal No. 25 of 2023 and is pending against the Order in Appeal No. 41/2019 passed by the Commissioner Appeals SRB, whereby Order in Original No. 134 of 2019 relating to sales tax on reinsurance for the tax period July 2011 to December 2016 involving a tax demand of Rs. 190.39 million was upheld. The Company has obtained an interim stay order from the Appellate Tribunal SRB against the said demand. Based on the opinion of the legal advisor, management believes that there is a strong likelihood of success at the appellate forum; accordingly, no provision has been recorded in the financial statements.
- The company received show cause notice from the office of Assistant Commissioner Sindh Revenue Board, Karachi for short payment of sales tax Rs. 71.7 million on reinsurance services obtained from July till December 2011 and January 2012 till December 2013. The adjudication proceedings are under process. The Company obtained the interim stay order from Honorable High Court of Sindh, Karachi. Subsequently, the said petition was dismissed through a common order dated January 14, 2025, following which adjudication proceedings have resumed and the matter is presently pending before the relevant authority at the adjudication stage.

The issue has also been taken up at the industry level by the Insurance Association of Pakistan with the sales tax authorities. Based on the opinion of tax advisor, the management believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Company, hence no provision is recorded in the financial statements.

- The Company has not made any provision for Sindh Workers Welfare Fund as the Company is of the view that since it operates as a trans-provincial entity across multiple provinces, and therefore, the Act cannot be applied to such companies. Further, no such levies has been claimed by the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund.
- During the year 2022, a show cause notice for short payment of sales tax Rs. 326.46 million has been issued by Assistant Commissioner - Sindh Revenue Board (SRB), for the period from January 2014 to December 2014 and January 2015 to December 2015. The Company has contested the matter on legal and constitutional grounds, including the applicability of SST on insurance premium, the matter was challenged through a Constitutional Petition (CP No. 1166 of 2022) filed before the Sindh High Court; however, the petitions were dismissed on the grounds of maintainability through a common order dated January 14, 2025. Subsequently, a Civil petition for leave to appeal (CPLA 1081 of 2025) has been filed before the Supreme Court of Pakistan, the Company believes on the opinion of tax advisor, the management believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Company, hence no provision is recorded in the financial statements.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>32. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED</b>		
Profit after tax for the year	<u>118,033</u>	<u>236,852</u>
	(Number of Shares)	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares of Rs.5 each	<u>123,874,755</u>	<u>123,874,755</u>
	(Rupees)	
Earnings per share	<u>0.95</u>	<u>1.91</u>

**32.1** No figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any instrument which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

## **33. COMPENSATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES / KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL**

The aggregate amount charged to in the financial statements, including all benefits, to the Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives of the Company are as follows:

	Note	Chief Executive Officer*		Directors		Executives		Total	
		2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
		(Rupees in '000)							
Fee		-	-	-	580	-	-	-	580
Managerial remuneration	33.1	24,000	20,568	32,400	28,586	117,453	111,167	173,853	160,321
Bonus		5,167	2,917	6,827	4,033	21,982	12,884	33,976	19,834
Retirement benefits		966	878	1,408	1,311	4,661	4,837	7,035	7,026
Utility		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical		75	75	-	75	1,500	1,800	1,575	1,950
Others		3,831	3,822	-	457	38,685	35,365	42,516	39,644
		<u>34,039</u>	<u>28,260</u>	<u>40,635</u>	<u>35,042</u>	<u>184,281</u>	<u>166,053</u>	<u>258,955</u>	<u>229,355</u>
Number of persons		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>35</u>

**33.1** Managerial remuneration includes basic salary, house rent allowance and utility allowance.

The Chief Executive Officer, Executive director and other executives of the Company are entitled to medical reimbursement up to a prescribed limit as per Company's policy. They are also entitled to avail benefits under the unfunded approved gratuity scheme operated by the Company.

In addition the Executive Director is provided with free use of Company maintained car in accordance with his entitlement.

**33.2** Chief Executive Officer and the Directors of the Company are considered as the Key Management Personnel of the Company.

## **34 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES**

Related parties of the Company comprise of associated companies, companies with common directors, major shareholders, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel.

The balances with the related parties and transactions with them, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, are as follows:

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## **Transactions and balances with related parties**

2025                      2024  
(Rupees in '000)

### **Transactions during the year with associated companies**

Premium written	401,180	507,298
Claims paid	364,706	243,415
Dividend received	83,996	118,780
Dividend paid	4,360	7,015
Interest received on bank accounts	6,530	92,784
Bank charges	909	583
Fees paid	430	580
Interest expense	2,207	3,345
Donations	3,200	3,200
Premium ceded to reinsurer	347,260	405,042
Commission income	93,076	116,508
Reinsurance recoveries received	267,825	267,416
Commission expense	7,627	6,462
Brokerage expense paid	257	4,214
Commission expense paid	4,901	11,684

### **Balances with associated companies**

Premium due but unpaid	37,880	144,347
Claims outstanding	182,332	88,654
Bank balances	22,600	238,864
Investment held	898,375	530,572
Reinsurance (Receivable)/ payable	132,656	(47,126)

### **Transactions during the year with other related parties including key management personnel**

Brokerage expenses paid	257	197
Contribution to the provident fund	9,222	11,217
Principal repayment of loans by key management personnel (secured)	–	5,421
Interest income received	6,503	2,066
Remuneration of key management personnel	–	166,053

### **Balances with other related parties including key management personnel**

Premium due but unpaid	105	45
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# Habib Insurance Company Limited

**34.1** Remuneration to the key management personnel are in accordance with the terms of their employment (refer note 33). Contribution to the provident fund is in accordance with the Company's staff services rules and other transactions with the related parties are in accordance with the agreed terms.

**34.2** Following are the particulars of the related parties other than employee retirement benefit plans, key management personnel and Directors of the Company at the reporting date:

<b>Name of Related Party</b>	<b>Basis of relationship</b>	<b>Aggregate % of shareholding in the Company</b>
Indus Motor Company Limited	Common Directorship	0.031%
Bank AL Habib Limited	Common Directorship	0.180%
Al Habib Capital Markets (Private) Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary of Bank AL Habib	Nil
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	Common Directorship	0.640%
AL Habib Asset Management Services (Private) Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary of Bank AL Habib Limited	Nil
Habib Metropolitan Financial Services Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary of Bank AL Habib Limited	Nil
House of Habib Pvt. Limited	Common Directorship	Nil
Habib University Foundation	Common Directorship	Nil
Habib European Bank	Common Directorship	Nil
Elevation Ventures (Private) Limited	Common Directorship	Nil

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 35. SEGMENT REPORTING

	<b>December 31, 2025</b>					
	<b>Fire and property</b>	<b>Marine and transport</b>	<b>Motor</b>	<b>Health</b>	<b>Other Classes</b>	<b>Aggregate</b>
	(Rupees in '000)					
Premium receivable (inclusive of Federal Excise Duty, Federal Insurance Fee and Administrative surcharge)	1,312,210	492,763	1,690,931	26,906	346,062	3,868,872
Less: Federal Excise Duty	176,761	59,462	227,731	3,489	46,468	513,911
Federal Insurance Fee	11,256	4,290	14,524	232	2,972	33,274
Gross written premium (inclusive of Administrative Surcharge)	<u>1,124,193</u>	<u>429,011</u>	<u>1,448,676</u>	<u>23,185</u>	<u>296,622</u>	<u>3,321,687</u>
Gross direct premium	1,117,439	414,922	1,406,089	23,167	292,429	3,254,046
Facultative inward premium	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative surcharge	6,755	14,089	42,588	17	4,192	67,641
	<u>1,124,194</u>	<u>429,011</u>	<u>1,448,677</u>	<u>23,184</u>	<u>296,621</u>	<u>3,321,687</u>
Insurance premium earned	1,250,311	424,756	1,216,691	22,661	361,895	3,276,314
Insurance premium ceded to reinsurers	(1,025,821)	(191,545)	(155,195)	-	(206,795)	(1,579,356)
<b>Net insurance premium</b>	<u>224,490</u>	<u>233,211</u>	<u>1,061,496</u>	<u>22,661</u>	<u>155,100</u>	<u>1,696,958</u>
Premium deficiency reserve	-	-	-	5,825	-	5,825
Commission income	249,197	48,797	24,942	-	49,980	372,916
<b>Net underwriting income</b>	<u>473,687</u>	<u>282,008</u>	<u>1,086,438</u>	<u>28,486</u>	<u>205,080</u>	<u>2,075,699</u>
Insurance claims	1,027,990	769,947	1,082,316	19,570	246,924	3,146,747
Insurance claims recovered from reinsurers	(929,896)	(611,533)	(371,320)	-	(162,839)	(2,075,588)
<b>Net Claims</b>	<u>98,094</u>	<u>158,414</u>	<u>710,996</u>	<u>19,570</u>	<u>84,085</u>	<u>1,071,159</u>
Commission expense	(175,167)	(49,298)	(160,664)	(778)	(58,381)	(444,288)
Management expenses	(258,525)	(98,658)	(333,145)	(5,332)	(68,213)	(763,873)
Net insurance claims and expenses	<u>(433,692)</u>	<u>(147,956)</u>	<u>(493,809)</u>	<u>(6,110)</u>	<u>(126,594)</u>	<u>(1,208,161)</u>
<b>Underwriting result</b>	<u>(58,099)</u>	<u>(24,362)</u>	<u>(118,367)</u>	<u>2,806</u>	<u>(5,599)</u>	<u>(203,621)</u>
Investment income - unallocated						401,283
Other income - unallocated						10,262
Other expenses - unallocated						(33,847)
<b>Results of operating activities</b>						<u>174,077</u>
Financial charges - unallocated						(6,072)
Loss from Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund						1,038
<b>Profit before tax</b>						<u>169,043</u>
<b>Segment assets</b>						
<b>Allocated Assets</b>						
Premium due but unpaid	203,981	93,751	134,804	2,511	87,404	522,451
Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded	380,941	10,767	42,825	-	94,515	529,048
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	923,184	160,230	27,874	-	100,056	1,211,344
Salvage recoveries outstanding	18,549	97,711	68,743	-	376	185,379
Deferred commission expense	78,977	3,670	119,880	34	33,703	236,264
	<u>1,605,632</u>	<u>366,129</u>	<u>394,126</u>	<u>2,545</u>	<u>316,054</u>	<u>2,684,486</u>
<b>Unallocated Assets</b>						
Fixed Assets, at cost less depreciation						115,688
Amounts due from other insurers/ reinsurers						1,043,015
Cash and Cash equivalents						42,138
Loans - secured, considered good						21,245
Investments						3,346,674
Accrued investment income						27,107
Advances, deposits and prepayments						50,631
Taxation provision less payments						86,706
Prepayments						12,467
						<u>4,745,671</u>
Total Assets						<u>7,430,157</u>
Unallocated assets of General Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund						<u>339,399</u>
						<u>7,769,556</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

December 31, 2025

	Fire and property	Marine and transport	Motor (Rupees in '000)	Health	Other Classes	Aggregate
<b>Allocated Liabilities</b>						
Outstanding Claims	1,007,853	330,703	352,248	13,895	179,153	1,883,852
Unearned Premium	518,409	35,580	836,288	5,251	167,492	1,563,020
Unearned Reinsurance Commission	103,124	3,718	13,639	–	31,202	151,683
Premium Deficiency Reserve	–	–	–	1,944	–	1,944
	<u>1,629,386</u>	<u>370,001</u>	<u>1,202,175</u>	<u>21,090</u>	<u>377,847</u>	<u>3,600,499</u>
<b>Unallocated Liabilities</b>						
Premiums received in advance						154,286
Amounts due to other insurers/ reinsurers						409,697
Staff retirement benefits						104,774
Deferred tax						445,644
Financial lease liability						14,355
Other creditors and accruals						461,490
						<u>1,590,246</u>
Total Liabilities						<u>5,190,745</u>
Unallocated liabilities of General Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund						<u>210,815</u>
						<u>5,401,560</u>

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	Fire and property	Marine and transport	Motor	Health	Other Classes	Aggregate
	(Rupees in '000)					
Premium receivable (inclusive of Federal Excise Duty, Federal Insurance Fee and Administrative surcharge)	1,488,116	581,155	1,269,219	8,143	560,151	3,906,784
Less: Federal Excise Duty	196,249	67,395	168,415	1,023	70,501	503,583
Federal Insurance Fee	12,726	5,094	10,929	70	4,856	33,675
Gross written premium (inclusive of Administrative Surcharge)	1,279,141	508,666	1,089,875	7,050	484,794	3,369,526
Gross direct premium	1,264,553	495,107	1,056,739	7,044	479,837	3,303,280
Facultative inward premium	7,180	190	1,962	-	-	9,332
Administrative surcharge	7,407	13,370	31,174	6	4,957	56,914
	1,279,140	508,667	1,089,875	7,050	484,794	3,369,526
Insurance premium earned	1,249,314	507,183	1,067,864	7,096	410,894	3,242,351
Insurance premium ceded to reinsurers	(1,073,888)	(264,797)	(164,553)	-	(246,757)	(1,749,995)
<b>Net insurance premium</b>	175,426	242,386	903,311	7,096	164,137	1,492,356
Premium deficiency reserve	-	-	-	(4,423)	-	(4,423)
Commission income	250,997	75,691	29,254	-	58,352	414,294
<b>Net underwriting income</b>	426,423	318,077	932,565	2,673	222,489	1,902,227
Insurance claims	431,670	334,893	965,160	18,741	124,916	1,875,380
Insurance claims recovered from reinsurers	(371,689)	(248,188)	(249,712)	951	(72,453)	(941,091)
<b>Net Claims</b>	59,981	86,705	715,448	19,692	52,463	934,289
Commission expense	(165,078)	(66,583)	(121,652)	(92)	(66,537)	(419,942)
Management expenses	(294,075)	(116,944)	(250,568)	(1,621)	(111,455)	(774,663)
Net insurance claims and expenses	(459,153)	(183,527)	(372,220)	(1,713)	(177,992)	(1,194,605)
<b>Underwriting result</b>	(92,711)	47,845	(155,103)	(18,732)	(7,966)	(226,667)
Investment income - unallocated						459,050
Other income - unallocated						122,211
Other expenses - unallocated						(12,837)
<b>Results of operating activities</b>						341,757
Financial charges - unallocated						(8,081)
Loss from Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund						41,873
<b>Profit before tax</b>						375,549
<b>Segment assets</b>						
<b>Allocated Assets</b>						
Premium due but unpaid	190,707	87,378	230,422	6,996	164,737	680,240
Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded	510,195	9,137	35,016	-	122,642	676,990
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	415,457	18,579	34,298	-	111,996	580,330
Salvage recoveries outstanding	8,129	70,748	31,149	-	226	110,252
Deferred commission expense	89,776	3,360	75,379	-	44,004	212,519
	1,214,264	189,202	406,264	6,996	443,605	2,260,331
<b>Unallocated Assets</b>						
Fixed Assets, at cost less depreciation						112,772
Amounts due from other insurers/ reinsurers						847,789
Cash and Cash equivalents						250,601
Loans - secured, considered good						27,502
Investments						2,535,488
Accrued investment income						14,526
Advances, deposits and prepayments						43,378
Taxation provision less payments						43,950
Prepayments						28,093
						3,904,099
Total Assets						6,164,430
Unallocated assets of General Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund						320,283
						6,484,713

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	December 31, 2024					Aggregate
	Fire and property	Marine and transport	Motor	Health	Other Classes	
	(Rupees in '000)					
<b>Allocated Liabilities</b>						
Outstanding Claims	466,888	121,621	262,646	9,447	183,716	1,044,318
Unearned Premium	644,527	31,325	604,302	4,727	232,766	1,517,647
Unearned Reinsurance Commission	138,258	3,082	11,738	–	38,097	191,175
Premium Deficiency Reserve	–	–	–	7,769	–	7,769
	<u>1,249,673</u>	<u>156,028</u>	<u>878,686</u>	<u>21,943</u>	<u>454,579</u>	<u>2,760,909</u>
<b>Unallocated Liabilities</b>						
Premiums received in advance						101,647
Amounts due to other insurers/ reinsurers						563,811
Staff retirement benefits						82,704
Deferred tax						296,886
Financial lease liability						25,762
Other creditors and accruals						403,935
						<u>1,474,745</u>
Total Liabilities						<u>4,235,654</u>
Unallocated liabilities of General Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund						<u>193,639</u>
						<u>4,429,293</u>

## 36. MOVEMENT IN INVESTMENTS

	<b>2025</b> <b>Available-for-Sale</b> <b>Rs. '000</b>
<b>As at January 01, 2024</b>	1,567,220
Additions	664,833
Disposals (sale and redemption)	(410,500)
Fair value net gains (excluding net realized gains)	714,714
Impairment of investments	(2,582)
Amortisation of premium / discount	1,803
<b>As at December 31, 2024</b>	<u>2,535,488</u>
Additions	978,971
Disposals (sale and redemption)	(757,601)
Fair value net gains (excluding net realized gains)	587,849
Impairment of investments	(626)
Amortisation of premium / discount	2,593
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>	<u>3,346,674</u>

## 37. MANAGEMENT OF INSURANCE RISK AND FINANCIAL RISK

The Company issue contracts that transfer insurance risk or financial risk or both. This section summarises the insurance risks and the way the Company manages them.

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## **37.1 Insurance risk management**

### **37.1.1 Insurance risk**

The risk under any insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of compensation to the insured. Generally most insurance contracts carry the insurance risk for a period of one year, except that in case of marine insurance policies, these may be of lesser periods.

The Company accepts insurance through issuance of general insurance contracts. For these general insurance contracts the most significant risks arise from fire, atmospheric disturbance, earthquakes, transit, theft and third party liabilities, etc.

Risk associated with general insurance contracts includes the reasonable possibility of significant loss as well as the frequent occurrence of the insured events. This has been managed by having in place underwriting strategy, reinsurance arrangements and proactive claim handling procedures.

### **37.1.2 Frequency and severity of claims**

Risk associated with general insurance contracts includes the reasonable possibility of significant loss as well as the frequent occurrence of the insured events. This has been managed by having in place underwriting strategy, reinsurance arrangements and proactive claim handling procedures.

The reinsurance arrangements against major risk exposure include excess of loss, quota share, surplus arrangements and catastrophic coverage. The objective of having such arrangements is to mitigate adverse impacts of severe losses on Company's net retentions.

The Concentration of risk is disclosed in note no. 37.1.6.

### **37.1.3 Uncertainty in the estimation of future claim payments**

Claims on general insurance contracts are payable on a claim occurrence basis. The Company is liable for all insured events as per terms and condition of the insurance contract.

The key source of estimation uncertainty at the financial statement date relates to valuation of outstanding claims, whether reported or not, and includes expected claims settlement costs. Considerable judgment by management is required in the estimation of amounts due to policyholders arising from claims made under insurance contracts. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying and possibly significant degrees of judgment and uncertainty and actual results may differ from management's estimates resulting in future changes in estimated liabilities.

Qualitative judgments are used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in the future, for example one-off occurrence, changes in market factors such as public attitude to claiming and economic conditions. Judgment is further used to assess the extent to which external factors such as judicial decisions and government legislation affect the estimates.

In particular, estimates have to be made both for the expected ultimate cost of claims reported at the financial statement date and for the expected ultimate cost of claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) at the financial statement date. The details of estimation of outstanding claims (including IBNR) are given under note 3.20.

There are several variable factors which affect the amount and timing of recognised claim liabilities. The Company takes all reasonable measures to mitigate the factors affecting the amount and timing of claim settlements. However, uncertainty prevails with estimated claim liabilities and it is likely that final settlement of these liabilities may be different from initial recognised amount. Similarly, the provision for claims incurred but not reported is based on historic reporting pattern of the claims; hence, actual amount of incurred but not reported claims may differ from the amount estimated. Outstanding claims are reviewed on a periodic basis.

### **37.1.4 Key assumptions**

The process used to determine the assumptions for calculating the outstanding claim reserve is intended to result in neutral estimates of the most likely or expected income. The nature of the business makes it very difficult to predict with certainty the likely outcome of any particular claim and the ultimate cost of notified claims. Each notified claim is assessed on a separate case to case basis with due regard to the claim circumstances, information available from surveyors and historical evidence of the size of similar claims. Core estimates are reviewed regularly and are updated as and when new information is available.

The estimation of IBNR is generally subject to a greater degree of uncertainty than the estimation of the cost of settling claims already notified to the Company, in which case information about the claim event is available. The estimation process takes into account the past claims reporting pattern and details of reinsurance programs.

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The premium liabilities have been determined such that the total premium liability provisions (unearned premium reserve and premium deficiency reserve) would be sufficient to service the future expected claims and expenses likely to occur on the unexpired policies as of financial statement date. The expected future liability is determined using estimates and assumptions based on the experience during the expired period of the contracts and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable.

## 37.1.5 Sensitivity analysis

The risks associated with the insurance contracts are complex and subject to a number of variables which impacts the quantitative sensitivity analysis. The Company makes various assumptions and techniques based on past claims development experience. This includes indications such as average claims cost, ultimate claims numbers and expected loss ratios. The Company considers that the liability for claims recognized in the financial statement is adequate. However, actual experience may differ from the expected outcome.

The claim liabilities are sensitive to the incidence of insured events and severity / size of claims. As the Company enters into short term insurance contracts, it does not assume any significant impact of changes in market conditions on unexpired risks. However, some results of sensitivity testing are set out below, showing the impact on profit before tax net of reinsurance. The impact of 10% increase / decrease in incidence of insured events on profit before tax and shareholder's equity is as follows:

	Underwriting results/ profit before tax		Shareholder's equity	
	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024 (Rupees in '000)	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024 (Rupees in '000)
<b>Impact of change in claims liabilities +10% / -10%</b>				
Fire and property	9,809	5,998	6,964	4,259
Marine and transport	15,841	8,671	11,247	6,156
Motor	71,100	71,545	50,481	50,797
Group hospitalisation	1,957	1,969	1,389	1,398
Other classes	8,409	5,246	5,970	3,725
	<u>107,116</u>	<u>93,429</u>	<u>76,051</u>	<u>66,335</u>

## 37.1.6 Concentration of risk

To optimise benefits from the principle of average and law of large numbers, geographical spread of risk is of extreme importance. There are a number of parameters which are significant in assessing the accumulation of risk with reference to the geographical location, the most important of which is risk survey.

Risk surveys are carried out on a regular basis for the evaluation of physical hazards associated with the commercial / industrial / residential occupation of the insured. Details regarding the fire separation / segregation with respect to the manufacturing process, storage, utilities, etc. are extracted from the layout plan of the insured facility. Such details are formed part of the reports which are made available to the underwriters / reinsurance personnel for their evaluation. Reference is made to the standard construction specification as laid down by IAP (Insurance Association of Pakistan). For instance, the presence of perfect party walls, double fire proof iron doors, physical separation between the building within an insured's premises. It is basically the property contained within an area which is separated by another property by sufficient distance to confine insured damage from uncontrolled fire and explosion under the most adverse conditions to that one area.

For marine risks, complete underwriting details such as sums insured, mode of transport (air / inland transit), vessel identification, sailing dates, origin and destination of the shipments, per carry limits, accumulation of sum insured on a single voyage etc. are taken into consideration.

The ability to manage catastrophic risk is tied managing the density of risk within a particular area. For catastrophic aggregates, the system assigns precise geographic CRESTA (Catastrophe Risk Evaluating and standardising Target Accumulations) codes with reference to the accumulation of sum insured in force at any particular location against natural perils.

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A number of proportional and non-proportional reinsurance arrangements are in place to protect the net account. Apart from the adequate event limit which is a multiple of the treaty capacity or the primary recovery from the proportional treaty, any loss over and above the said limit would be recovered from the non-proportional treaty which is very much in line with the risk management philosophy of the Company.

The Company minimizes its exposure to significant losses by obtaining reinsurance from a number of reinsurers, who are dispersed over several geographical regions.

The concentration of risk by type of contracts based on single risk with maximum exposure is summarised below

	Gross sum insured		Reinsurance		Net	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(Rupees in ' 000)					
Fire and property	26,841,803	20,287,622	26,829,803	20,275,622	12,000	12,000
Marine and transport	2,131,390	2,739,550	2,123,890	2,732,050	7,500	7,500
Motor	130,000	130,000	125,000	125,000	5,000	5,000
Group hospitalisation	905	740	–	–	905	740
Other classes	2,035,676	1,971,666	2,023,676	1,959,666	12,000	12,000
	<u>31,139,774</u>	<u>25,129,578</u>	<u>31,102,369</u>	<u>25,092,338</u>	<u>37,405</u>	<u>37,240</u>

## 38 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

### Risk management framework

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

### 38.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

#### 38.1.1 Management of credit risk

The Company's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the guidelines set by the Board of Directors. Credit risk is managed and controlled by the management of the Company in the following manner:

- Credit rating and / or credit worthiness of the counter party is taken into account along with the financial background so as to minimize the risk of default. Collaterals are obtained wherever appropriate / relevant.
- The risk of counterparty exposure due to failed agreements causing a loss to the Company is mitigated by a periodic review of the credit ratings, financial statements, credit worthiness, etc. on a regular basis and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.
- Loans given to employees are deductible from the salary of the employees.
- Cash is held with reputable banks only.

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To reduce the credit risk, the management continuously reviews and monitors the credit exposure towards the policyholders and other insurers/reinsurers and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.

## 38.1.2 Exposure to credit risk

In summary, compared to the amount included in statement of assets and liabilities, the maximum exposure to credit risk as at December 31, is as follows:

	2025		2024	
	Balance as per the financial statement	Maximum exposure	Balance as per the financial statement	Maximum exposure
	(Rupees in ' 000)			
Investment in equity securities	2,660,531	–	2,009,403	–
Investment in debt securities	686,143	250,000	526,085	250,000
Loans, deposits and other receivables	67,258	67,258	62,544	62,544
Insurance/ reinsurance receivables	1,565,466	1,565,466	1,528,029	1,528,029
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	1,211,344	1,211,344	580,330	580,330
Salvage recoveries accrued	185,379	185,379	110,252	110,252
Balances with banks	41,636	41,636	250,434	250,434
Window Takaful Operations	300,995	300,995	287,622	287,622
	<u>6,718,752</u>	<u>3,622,078</u>	<u>5,354,699</u>	<u>3,069,211</u>

Investments of Rs. 436.143 million (2024: Rs. 276.085 million) is not considered to be exposed to credit risk.

## 38.1.3 Past due / impaired assets

Age analysis of premium due but unpaid at the reporting date was:

	2025		2024	
	Gross	Impairment	Gross	Impairment
	(Rupees in ' 000)			
Upto 1 year	531,059	8,608	682,279	2,039
1-2 years	11,880	11,880	18,449	18,449
2-3 years	–	–	–	–
Over 3 years	–	–	–	–
Total	<u>542,939</u>	<u>20,488</u>	<u>700,728</u>	<u>20,488</u>

Age analysis of amount due from other insurers/ reinsurers at the reporting date was:

	2025		2024	
	Gross	Impairment	Gross	Impairment
	(Rupees in ' 000)			
Upto 1 year	893,638	–	690,282	–
1-2 years	296,051	–	272,903	30,165
Over 2 years	(114,509)	–	(85,231)	–
Total	<u>1,075,180</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>877,954</u>	<u>30,165</u>

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Age analysis of reinsurance and other recoveries against outstanding claims at the reporting date was:

	2025		2024	
	Gross	Impairment (Rupees in ' 000)	Gross	Impairment
Upto 1 year	879,715	–	281,584	–
1-2 years	209,202	–	(18,122)	–
Over 2 years	307,806	–	27,205	–
Total	<u>1,396,723</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>690,667</u>	<u>–</u>

In respect of the aforementioned insurance and reinsurance assets, the Company takes into account its past history / track record of recoveries and financial position of the counterparties while creating provision for impairment. Further, reinsurance recoveries are made when corresponding liabilities are settled.

## 38.1.4 Credit Rating and Collateral

The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit rating as follows:

	Short/ Long term Rating	Rating Agency	2025 (Rupees in ' 000)	2024
Habib Bank Limited	A1+ / AAA	JCR-VIS	13,083	11,571
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+ / AA+	PACRA	50	50
Bank AL Habib Limited	A1+ / AAA	PACRA	20,880	238,813
			<u>34,013</u>	<u>250,434</u>

The credit quality of Company's investment in term finance certificates can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

	Short/ Long term Rating	Rating Agency	2025 (Rupees in ' 000)	2024
Bank Alfalah Limited	AA-	JCR-VIS	100,000	100,000
Bank AL Habib Limited	AAA	PACRA	250,000	250,000
			<u>350,000</u>	<u>350,000</u>

38.1.5 The Company enters into re-insurance / co-insurance arrangements with re-insurers / other insurers having sound credit ratings accorded by reputed credit rating agencies. The Company is required to comply with the requirements of circular no. 32 / 2009 dated October 27, 2009 issued by SECP which requires an insurance company to place at least 80% of their outward treaty cessions with reinsurers rated 'A' or above by Standard & Poor's with the balance being placed with entities rated at least 'BBB' by reputable ratings agency. An analysis of all reinsurance assets relating to outward treaty cessions recognised by the rating of the entity from which it is due is as follows:

	Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded	2025	2024
				(Rupees in '000)	
A or above (including PRCL)	<u>1,073,180</u>	<u>1,396,723</u>	<u>529,048</u>	<u>2,998,951</u>	<u>2,245,526</u>

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## 38.1.6 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties have a similar type of business activities. As a result, any change in economic, political or other conditions would effect their ability to meet contractual obligations in similar manner. The company manages concentration of credit risk through diversification of activities among individuals, groups and industry segments.

Sector-wise analysis of premium due but unpaid at the reporting date was:

	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	(Rupees in '000)	%	(Rupees in '000)	%
Automobiles	58,484	11.2	81,010	11.9
Banks, modaraba and leasing	18,567	3.6	83,654	12.3
Textile and composite	88,483	16.9	58,805	8.6
Sugar	23,841	4.6	11,582	1.7
Chemicals and allied industries	5,134	1.0	5,086	0.7
Glass, ceramics and tiles	23,572	4.5	27,087	3.98
Cable, engineering and steel	6,888	1.3	6,169	0.9
Food and confectionary	67,490	12.9	85,326	12.5
Pharmaceuticals	8,047	1.5	18,288	2.7
Others	221,945	42.5	303,233	44.6
	<u>522,451</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>680,240</u>	<u>100</u>

## 38.1.7 Settlement risk

The company's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed on sale.

This risk is addressed more or less in accordance with the parameters set out in the credit risk management above.

## 38.1.8 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or may face difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due.

The table below provides the maturity analysis of the Company's liabilities as at financial statement date. All liabilities are presented on a contractual cash flow basis except for the provision of outstanding claims (including IBNR), which are presented with their expected cash flows;

	2025		
	Carrying amount	Up to one year	Greater than one year
	(Rupees in '000)		
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>			
Outstanding claims including IBNR	1,883,852	1,883,852	–
Lease liability	14,355	8,393	5,962
Insurance / reinsurance payable	409,697	409,697	–
Other creditors and accruals	399,697	399,697	–
Financial Liabilities - OPF	57,091	57,091	–
	<u>2,764,692</u>	<u>2,758,730</u>	<u>5,962</u>

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	2024		
	Carrying amount	Up to one year	Greater than one year
	(Rupees in '000)		
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>			
Outstanding claims including IBNR	1,044,318	1,044,318	–
Lease liability	25,762	16,382	9,380
Insurance / reinsurance payable	563,811	563,811	–
Other creditors and accruals	327,062	327,062	–
Financial Liabilities - OPF	57,091	57,091	–
	<u>2,018,044</u>	<u>2,008,664</u>	<u>9,380</u>

## 38.1.9 Management of liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company's liquidity management involves projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to fulfil its obligation; monitoring financial statement liquidity ratios against internal and external requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

## 38.1.10 Maturity analysis for financial assets and liabilities

The table below analyses the Company's financial assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial statement date to maturity date and represents the undiscounted cash flows. The information given below is based on contractual reprising or maturity dates, whichever is earlier.

	December 31, 2025						
	Interest/ Markup bearing			Non-Interest/ Non-markup bearing			Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	Maturity upto one year (Rs. in '000)	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Investments							
Equity securities	–	–	–	2,660,531	–	2,660,531	2,660,531
Debt securities	250,000	436,143	686,143	–	–	–	686,143
Loans and other receivables	–	21,245	21,245	46,013	–	46,013	67,258
Insurance / reinsurance receivables	–	–	–	1,565,466	–	1,565,466	1,565,466
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	–	–	–	1,211,344	–	1,211,344	1,211,344
Salvage recoveries accrued	–	–	–	185,379	–	185,379	185,379
Cash and bank balances	18,145	–	18,145	23,491	–	23,491	41,636
Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund	–	–	–	300,995	–	300,995	300,995
As at December 31, 2025	<u>268,145</u>	<u>457,388</u>	<u>725,533</u>	<u>5,993,219</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>5,993,219</u>	<u>6,718,752</u>
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>							
Outstanding claims including IBNR	–	–	–	–	1,883,852	1,883,852	1,883,852
Lease liability against right of use asset	8,393	5,962	14,355	–	–	–	14,355
Insurance / reinsurance payables	–	–	–	409,697	–	409,697	409,697
Other creditors and accruals	–	–	–	399,697	–	399,697	399,697
Financial Liabilities - OPF	–	–	–	57,091	–	57,091	57,091
As at December 31, 2025	<u>8,393</u>	<u>5,962</u>	<u>14,355</u>	<u>866,485</u>	<u>1,883,852</u>	<u>2,750,337</u>	<u>2,764,692</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

December 31, 2024

	Interest/ Markup bearing			Non-Interest/ Non-markup bearing			Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	Maturity upto one year (Rs. in '000)	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Investments							
Equity securities	-	-	-	2,009,403	-	2,009,403	2,009,403
Debt securities	250,000	276,085	526,085	-	-	-	526,085
Loans and other receivables	4,448	23,054	27,502	35,042	-	35,042	62,544
Insurance / reinsurance receivables	-	-	-	1,528,029	-	1,528,029	1,528,029
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	-	-	-	580,330	-	580,330	580,330
Salvage recoveries accrued	-	-	-	110,252	-	110,252	110,252
Cash and bank balances	235,405	-	235,405	15,029	-	15,029	250,434
Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund	-	-	-	287,622	-	287,622	287,622
As at December 31, 2025	489,853	299,139	788,992	4,565,707	-	4,565,707	5,354,699

## FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Outstanding claims including IBNR	-	-	-	-	1,044,318	1,044,318	1,044,318
Lease liability against right of use asset	16,382	9,380	25,762	-	-	-	25,762
Insurance / reinsurance payables	-	-	-	563,811	-	563,811	563,811
Other creditors and accruals	-	-	-	327,062	-	327,062	327,062
Financial Liabilities - OPF	-	-	-	57,091	-	57,091	57,091
As at December 31, 2025	16,382	9,380	25,762	947,964	1,044,318	1,992,282	2,018,044

Details of the interest rates on interest bearing financial instruments are given in the respective notes. Besides please also refer note 38.3.1.

## 38.2 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value in the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value.

The following table shows financial instruments recognized at fair value, analyzed between those whose fair value is based on:

Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and

Level 3: those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

December 31, 2025

	Available for sale	Loans & receivable	Other financial assets	Financial liabilities	Total	Fair value measurement using		
						Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
(Rupees in '000)								
<b>Financial assets measured at fair value</b>								
Investments								
Ijara Sukuk								
Corporate sukuk								
Equity securities - quoted	2,618,262	-	-	-	2,618,262	2,618,262	-	-
Mutual fund units	5,416	-	-	-	5,416	-	5,416	-
Modaraba certificates	36,853	-	-	-	36,853	16,494	-	-
Debt securities	686,143	-	-	-	686,143	-	686,143	-
<b>Financial assets not measured at fair value</b>								
Loans, deposits and other receivables	-	67,258	-	-	67,258	-	-	-
Insurance / reinsurance receivable	-	1,565,466	-	-	1,565,466	-	-	-
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	-	1,211,344	-	-	1,211,344	-	-	-
Salvage recoveries accrued	-	185,379	-	-	185,379	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	-	-	42,138	-	42,138	-	-	-
Total financial assets of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund	-	-	298,927	-	298,927	-	-	-
	3,346,674	3,029,447	341,065	-	6,717,186	2,634,756	691,559	-
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</b>								
Outstanding claims including IBNR	-	-	-	(1,883,852)	(1,883,852)	-	-	-
Lease liability against right-of-use asset	-	-	-	(14,355)	(14,355)	-	-	-
Insurance / reinsurance payables	-	-	-	(409,697)	(409,697)	-	-	-
Other creditors and accruals	-	-	-	(399,697)	(399,697)	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund	-	-	-	(57,091)	(57,091)	-	-	-
	-	-	-	(2,764,692)	(2,764,692)	-	-	-

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	December 31, 2024					Fair value measurement using		
	Available for sale	Loans & receivable	Other financial assets	Financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(Rupees in '000)							
<b>Financial assets measured at fair value</b>								
Investments								
Ijara Sukuk								
Corporate sukuk								
Equity securities - quoted	970,726	-	-	-	970,726	970,726	-	-
Mutual fund units	2,116	-	-	-	2,116	-	2,116	-
Modaraba certificates	21,159	-	-	-	21,159	16,494	-	-
Debt securities	526,085	-	-	-	526,085	-	526,085	-
<b>Financial assets not measured at fair value</b>								
Loans, deposits and other receivables	-	62,544	-	-	62,544	-	-	-
Insurance / reinsurance receivable	-	1,528,029	-	-	1,528,029	-	-	-
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	-	580,330	-	-	580,330	-	-	-
Salvage recoveries accrued	-	110,252	-	-	110,252	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	-	-	250,601	-	250,601	-	-	-
Total financial assets of Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund	-	-	281,879	-	281,879	-	-	-
	1,520,086	2,281,155	532,480	-	4,333,721	987,220	528,201	-
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</b>								
Outstanding claims including IBNR	-	-	-	(1,044,318)	(1,044,318)	-	-	-
Lease liability against right-of-use asset	-	-	-	(25,762)	(25,762)	-	-	-
Insurance / reinsurance payables	-	-	-	(563,811)	(563,811)	-	-	-
Other creditors and accruals	-	-	-	(327,062)	(327,062)	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - Operator's Fund	-	-	-	(57,091)	(57,091)	-	-	-
	-	-	-	(2,018,044)	(2,018,044)	-	-	-

The fair value of the investments have been determined in the manner explained in note number 3.12.2.2.

The carrying values of remaining financial assets and liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate to their fair value.

### 38.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads (not relating to changes in the obligor's/issuer's credit standing) will effect the company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

All transactions are carried in Pak Rupees therefore, the Company is not exposed to currency risk. However the Company is exposed to interest rate risk and other price risk.

#### 38.3.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate exposure arises from balances held in profit and loss sharing accounts with reputable banks, staff loans and government securities. The Company limits interest rate risk by monitoring changes in interest rates. Other risk management procedures are the same as those mentioned in the credit risk management.

##### 38.3.1.1 Sensitivity analysis

At the financial statement date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instrument are as follows:

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Financial assets</b>	Effective interest rate (in %)		(Rupees in '000)	
Assets subject to fixed rate	10.45% - 13.46%	10.45% - 13.46%	436,143	276,085
- Term finance Certificates	23.67%	23.67%	250,000	250,000
- Loan to employees	6.33% to 23.43%	6.33% to 23.43%	21,245	27,502
Assets subject to variable rate				
- Bank balances	14.75% - 20.80%	14.75% - 20.80%	18,145	235,405
			<u>725,533</u>	<u>788,992</u>
Financial liabilities				
- Lease liabilities	9.69% - 25.28%	9.69% - 25.28%	(14,355)	(25,762)
			<u>711,178</u>	<u>763,230</u>

## Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account and equity of the Company.

## Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A hypothetical change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have decreased / (increased) profit for the year by the amounts shown below. It is assumed that the changes occur immediately and uniformly to each category of instrument containing interest rate risk. Variations in market interest rates could produce significant changes at the time of early repayments. For these reasons, actual results might differ from those reflected in the details specified below. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

	2025		2024	
	Mark-up 100 bps Increase	Mark-up 100 bps Decrease	Mark-up 100 bps Increase	Mark-up 100 bps Decrease
	(Rupees in '000)			
Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate financial assets	<u>1,814</u>	<u>(1,815)</u>	<u>23,541</u>	<u>(23,541)</u>

### 38.3.2 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices (other than those arising from interest / mark-up rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all or similar financial instruments traded in the market. Company is exposed to equity price risk since it has investments in quoted equity securities and investments in available for sale debt securities at the financial statement date.

The Company's strategy is to hold its strategic investments for long period of time. Thus, Company's management is not concerned with short term price fluctuations with respect to its strategic investments provided that the underlying business, economic and management characteristics of the investee remain favorable. Company strives to maintain above average levels of shareholders' capital to provide a margin of safety against short term equity price volatility. Company manages price risk by monitoring exposure in these securities and implementing the strict discipline in internal risk management and investment policies.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

Market prices are subject to fluctuation and consequently the amount realized in the subsequent sale of an investment may significantly differ from the reported market value. Furthermore, amount realized in the sale of a particular security may be affected by the relative quantity of the security being sold. The Company has no significant concentration of price risk.

## 38.3.2.1 Sensitivity analysis

The table below summarizes Company's equity price risk as of 31 December 2023 and 2022 and shows the effects of a hypothetical 10% increase / (decrease) in market prices as at the year end. The selected hypothetical change does not reflect what could be considered to be the best or worst case scenarios. Indeed, results could be worse in Company's equity investment portfolio because of the nature of equity markets.

	Fair value (Rupees in '000)	Hypothetical price change	Estimated fair value after change in prices	Increase / (decrease) shareholders' equity (Rupees in '000)	Increase (decrease) profit before tax
2025	2,660,531	10% increase	2,926,584	266,053	266,053
		10% decrease	2,394,478	(266,053)	(266,053)
2024	2,009,403	10% increase	2,210,343	200,940	200,940
		10% decrease	1,808,463	(200,940)	(200,940)

## 38.3.3 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company, at present is not materially exposed to currency risk as majority of the transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

## 38.4 Capital Management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safe guard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company currently meets the paid-up capital requirement as required by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. The statement of solvency is presented in note 39 to the financial statements. The Company meets the solvency requirement as required in the Insurance Ordinance, 2000.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 38.5 Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	2025		
	Liabilities	Equity	
		Ordinary Share Capital	Reserves (including unappropriated Profit)
	(Rupees in '000)		
Balance as at January 01, 2025	4,429,293	619,374	1,436,046
<b>Changes from financing cash flow</b>			
- Dividend for 2024	–	–	(123,875)
- Lease liability	(22,299)	–	–
Other Liability related changes during the year (including of WTO operations)	994,566	–	–
Equity related changes during the year	–	–	436,451
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2025</b>	<u>5,401,560</u>	<u>619,374</u>	<u>1,748,622</u>
	2024		
	Liabilities	Equity	
		Ordinary Share Capital	Reserves (including unappropriated profit)
	(Rupees in '000)		
Balance as at January 01, 2024	3,990,607	619,374	884,079
<b>Changes from financing cash flow</b>			
- Dividend for 2023	–	–	(77,422)
- Lease liability	(16,318)	–	–
Other Liability related changes during the year (including of WTO operations)	455,004	–	–
Equity related changes during the year	–	–	629,389
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2024</b>	<u>4,429,293</u>	<u>619,374</u>	<u>1,436,046</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 39. STATEMENT OF SOLVENCY

	2025 (Rupees in '000)	2024
<b>Assets</b>		
Property and equipment	105,228	99,414
Intangible assets	10,460	13,358
Investments		
Equity securities	2,660,531	2,009,403
Debt securities	686,143	526,085
Loans and other receivables	98,983	85,406
Insurance/ reinsurance receivable	1,565,466	1,528,029
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	1,211,344	580,330
Salvage recoveries accrued	185,379	110,252
Deferred commission expense	236,264	212,519
Prepayments	541,515	705,083
Taxation - payment less provisions	86,706	43,950
Cash and bank deposits	42,138	250,601
Total assets - Operator's Fund (WTO Operations)	339,399	320,283
Total assets (A)	7,769,556	6,484,713
<b>In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000</b>		
Property and equipment	91,805	75,081
Intangible assets	10,460	13,358
Investments		
Equity securities	966,209	616,442
Term finance certificate	80,568	10,704
Loans, deposits and other receivables	10,889	6,674
Insurance / reinsurance receivable	116,971	94,243
<b>Total of In-admissible Assets (B)</b>	1,276,902	816,502
<b>Total of Admissible Assets (C=A-B)</b>	6,492,654	5,668,211
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		
Underwriting provisions		
Outstanding claims including IBNR	1,883,852	1,044,318
Unearned premium reserves	1,563,020	1,517,647
Unearned reinsurance commission	151,683	191,175
Premium deficiency reserve	1,944	7,769
Deferred taxation	445,644	296,886
Financial lease liability	14,355	25,762
Premium received in advance	154,286	101,647
Retirement benefit obligations	104,774	82,704
Insurance / reinsurance payables	409,697	563,811
Borrowings	-	-
Other creditors and accruals	461,490	403,935
Total assets - Operator's Fund (WTO Operations)	210,815	193,639
<b>Total Liabilities (D)</b>	5,401,560	4,429,293
<b>Total Net Admissible Assets (E= C-D)</b>	1,091,094	1,238,918
<b>Minimum Solvency Requirement (higher of the following)</b>	464,288	366,630
Method A - U/s 36(3)(a)	150,000	150,000
Method B - U/s 36(3)(b)	387,537	366,630
Method C - U/s 36(3)(c)	464,288	329,677
<b>Excess in Net Admissible Assets over Minimum Requirements</b>	626,806	872,288

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 40 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS - NON ADJUSTING

In the meeting held on 27 March 2026, the Board of Directors of the Company proposed a final cash dividend of Rs. 0.625 per share (2024: Rs. 1 per share) amounting to Rs. 77.422 million (2024: Rs. 123.875 million) for the year ended December 31, 2025 for approval by the members in Annual General Meeting to be held on.

## 41 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total average number of employees during the year end as at December 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	2025	2024
At year end	<u>221</u>	<u>233</u>
Average during the year	<u>227</u>	<u>235</u>

## 42. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been authorised for issue on March 27, 2026 by the Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on that date.

## 43. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison.

## 44. GENERAL

Figures has been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
*Chairman*

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
*Director*

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
*Director*

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
*Chief Executive*

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
*Chief Financial Officer*

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## **Financial Statements**

### **Window Takaful Operations**

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Shariah Supervisory Board's Report to the Board of Directors for the year ended December 31, 2025

The Company, Habib Insurance Company Limited Commenced Window Takaful Operations on October 1, 2018. By the grace of Almighty Allah and sincere efforts of Management, the year under review was the seven successful year of Window Takaful Operations.

As per the charter of the Company, it is mandatory on the management and employees to ensure application of Shariah guidelines issued by the Shariah Advisory Board and to ensure Shariah compliance in all activities of the Company. The prime responsibility for ensuring Shariah compliance of the Company's operations thus lies with the management.

We acknowledge that as Shariah Advisory Board members of Takaful Operator, it is our responsibility to provide Shariah guidelines and develop framework for assurance that the financial arrangements, contracts and transactions undertaken by the Takaful Operator with its participants and stakeholders are in compliance with the requirements of Shariah rules and principles.

During the year, the Company executed variety of established Takaful transactions which are approved by the Shariah Advisory Board of the company. The Company is offering Shariah Compliant services in the following areas:

- Fire and Property Takaful
- Engineering Takaful
- Marine Takaful
- Motor Takaful
- Miscellaneous Takaful

The Company invests its available funds in the approved Shariah Compliant avenues.

The Takaful Operator's activities and operations are periodically checked and monitored by Shariah Advisory Board. In order to have an independent assessment of the Shariah Governance and Compliance environment of the Takaful operations under taken by the Operator and the conformity of Takaful operations with Shariah rules and principles an external Shariah audit was conducted. Further, Shariah Compliance review through Shariah Compliance officer was conducted as well. Based on reports and statement of compliance with the Shariah Principles submitted by the Operator/Management to the Board of Director, We hereby present our report as follows:

In our opinion and to the best of our knowledge, the financial arrangements, products and transactions entered into by the Company and the Waqf, as the case may be, for the year ended December 31, 2023 are in compliance with the requirements of the Shariah rules and guidelines as prescribed by the Shariah Advisory Board and Allah knows the best. However, the following are recommended:

- Necessary steps should be taken to educate all staff including business development staff about the concept and practice of Takaful.

May Allah bless us with the best Tawfeeq to achieve these precious tasks and bestow us with success in world and in the world hereafter, and forgive us for our mistakes. A'ameen.

**Taj Muhammad**  
Shariah Expert Member  
of Shariah Supervisory Board

**Mufti Muhammad Ashraf Alam**  
Shariah Supervisory Board Member

**Mufti Imtiaz Alam**  
Chairman Shariah Supervisory  
Board & Shariah Advisor

Karachi: March 27, 2026

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## **INDEPENDENT REASONABLE ASSURANCE REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE SHARIAH PRINCIPLES**

We were engaged by the Board of Directors of Habib Insurance Company Limited (the Company) to report on the annexed Statement of Compliance (the Statement) with the Shariah Principles of the Window Takaful Operations (Takaful Operations) of the Company, as set out in the annexed Statement prepared by the management for the year ended December 31, 2025, with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in the form of an independent reasonable assurance conclusion about whether the annexed Statement presents fairly the status for the year ended December 31, 2025 of compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects. This engagement was conducted by a multidisciplinary team including assurance practitioners and independent Shariah scholars.

### **Management's Responsibility for Shariah Compliance**

The management is responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation of the Statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. It also includes ensuring the overall compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012 and other applicable laws and regulations.

The management of the Company is also responsible for preventing and detecting fraud and for identifying and ensuring that the Takaful Operations comply with laws and regulations applicable to its activities. They are also responsible for ensuring that the management, where appropriate, those charged with governance, and personnel involved with the Takaful Operations compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012 are properly trained, systems are properly updated and that any changes in reporting encompass all significant business units.

### **Our Independence and Quality Control**

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Chartered Accountants issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.

The firm applies International Standards on Quality Management 1 "Quality Management for Firms That Perform Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information, Or Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements" and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

### **Our Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to examine the annexed statement and to report thereon in the form of an independent reasonable assurance conclusion based on the evidence obtained. We conducted our engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 (Revised), "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews, of Historical Financial Information" issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. That standard requires that we plan and perform our procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annexed statement presents reflects the status of compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects.

The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material non-compliances with the Takaful Rules, 2012, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we have considered internal control relevant to the Takaful Operations' compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in order to design assurance procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing a conclusion as to the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over the Takaful Operations' compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012. Reasonable assurance is less than absolute assurance.

As part of this engagement, we have not performed any procedures by way of audit, review or verification of the Statement nor of the underlying records or other sources from which the Statement was extracted.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

The procedure performed included:

- Evaluating the systems, procedures and practices in place with respect to the Takaful operations against the Takaful Rules, 2012 and Shariah advisor's guidelines;
- Evaluating the governance arrangements including the reporting of events and status to those charged with relevant responsibilities, such as the Audit Committee/ Shariah Advisor and the Board of Directors;
- Testing the transactions relating to the Takaful operations, using an appropriate sample, to ensure that these are carried out in accordance with the laid procedures and practices including the regulations relating to the Takaful operations as laid down in Takaful Rules, 2012;
- Inspecting the Statement to assess whether it is prepared in accordance with Shariah Principles of Takaful Rules, 2012; and
- Taking necessary guidelines on Shariah matters from independent Shariah scholar referred above.

## **Characteristics and Limitations of the Statement**

A system of internal control, because of its nature, may not prevent or detect all instances of non-compliance with Takaful Rules, 2012, and consequently cannot provide absolute assurance that the objective of compliance with Takaful Rules, 2012, will be met. Also, projection of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate or fail.

## **Applicable Criteria**

The criteria for the assurance engagement against which the annexed statement has been assessed comprises of the Takaful Rules, 2012, issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

## **Conclusion**

Our conclusion has been formed on the basis of, and is subject to, the matters outlined in this report. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

In our opinion, the annexed Statement, for the year ended December 31, 2025, presents fairly the status of compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects.

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Date: April 02, 2026

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## **Statement of Compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012 and Sharia Rules and Principles**

The financial arrangements, contracts and transactions, entered into by Habib Insurance Company Limited - Window Takaful Operations (the Operator) for the year ended December 31, 2025 are in compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012 and the Shariah Rules and Principles determined by the Shariah Advisory Board of the Operator, (Shariah Rules and Principles).

Further, we confirmed that:

- The Company has developed and implemented all the policies and procedures in accordance with the Takaful Rules, 2012 and rulings of the Shariah Advisory Board along with a comprehensive mechanism to ensure compliance with such rulings and Takaful Rules, 2012 in their overall operations. Further, the governance arrangements including the reporting of events and status to those charged with relevant responsibilities, such as the Audit Committee / Shariah Advisory Board and Board of Directors have been implemented;
- The Operator has imparted trainings/ orientations and ensured availability of all manuals/ agreements approved by Shariah Advisory Board/ Board of Directors to maintain the adequate level of awareness, capacity and sensitization of the staff, management;
- All the products and policies have been approved by Shariah Advisory Board and the financial arrangement including investments made, policies, contracts and transactions entered into by Window Takaful Operations are in accordance with the policies approved by Shariah Advisory Board; and
- The assets and liabilities of Window Takaful Operations (Participant Takaful Fund and Operator's fund) are segregated from its other assets and liabilities, at all times in accordance with provisions of the Takaful Rules, 2012

This has been duly confirmed by the Shariah Advisory Board of the Operator.

Karachi: March 27, 2026

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
*Chief Executive*

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF HABIB INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED- WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS

### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Habib Insurance Company Limited – Window Takaful Operations (the Operator), which comprise the statement of financial position of as at December 31, 2025, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in fund and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof, conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of Operator's affairs as at December 31, 2025 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in operator's takaful fund and participants' takaful fund and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Operator in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and, the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Operator's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Operator or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Operator's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Operator's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Operator's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Operator to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Operator as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Companies Act, 2017 (XXI of 2017), and are in agreement with the books of account;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Operator's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Muhammad Khalid Aziz**.

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Dated: April 02, 2026

UDIN: AR202510154noR5WKJE2

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2025

	Note	Operator's Takaful Fund		Participant's Takaful Fund	
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
(Rupees in '000)					
<b>Assets</b>					
Investment					
Sukuk Bonds	5	159,045	–	–	–
Loans and other receivables	6	6,630	1,537	2,369	130
Takaful/ retakaful receivables	7	–	–	253,785	236,605
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims		–	–	163,190	37,627
Salvage recoveries accrued		–	–	9,765	8,155
Deferred Wakala expense	20	–	–	104,771	85,472
Deferred commission expense	21	40,472	38,404	–	–
Receivable from PTF	22	69,743	55,550	–	–
Taxation - payments less provision		–	–	6,680	9,901
Prepayments	8	608	354	122,510	116,860
Cash and bank balances	9	62,901	224,438	257,303	424,859
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>339,399</b>	<b>320,283</b>	<b>920,373</b>	<b>919,609</b>
<b>FUNDS AND LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Operator's Takaful Fund (OPF)</b>					
Statutory Fund	1.2	50,000	50,000	–	–
Reserves		1,564	–	–	–
Accumulated surplus		77,020	76,644	–	–
<b>Total Operator's Fund</b>		<b>128,584</b>	<b>126,644</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>
<b>Participants' Takaful Fund (PTF)</b>					
Ceded money	1.2	–	–	500	500
Accumulated surplus		–	–	40,719	108,411
<b>Balance of Participants' Takaful Fund</b>		<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>41,219</b>	<b>108,911</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>					
<b>PTF Underwriting provisions</b>					
Outstanding claims including IBNR	15	–	–	328,617	163,142
Unearned contribution reserve	13	–	–	303,667	284,908
Reserve for unearned retakaful rebate	14	–	–	29,612	28,364
Balance of Participant's Takaful Fund		–	–	661,896	476,414
Unearned Wakala Fee	20	104,771	85,472	–	–
Contribution received in advance		–	–	11,493	17,360
Takaful/ retakaful payable	12	–	–	117,352	245,690
Other creditors and accrual	10	62,922	60,430	18,670	15,684
Payable to OPF	22	–	–	69,743	55,550
Taxation - payments less provision		31,983	28,415	–	–
Retirement benefit obligation	11	11,139	19,322	–	–
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<b>210,815</b>	<b>193,639</b>	<b>879,154</b>	<b>810,698</b>
<b>Total Fund and liabilities</b>		<b>339,399</b>	<b>320,283</b>	<b>920,373</b>	<b>919,609</b>
<b>Contingencies and commitments</b>	27				

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
Chairman

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
Director

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
Director

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
Chief Financial Officer

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended December 31, 2025

	Note	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
(Rupees in '000)			
<b>Participants' Takaful Fund</b>			
Contribution earned	13	481,457	423,946
Less: Contribution ceded to retakaful	13	(390,802)	(323,085)
Net contribution revenue		90,655	100,861
Retakaful rebate earned	14	77,352	57,149
<b>Net Underwriting Income</b>		168,007	158,010
Net Claims - reported / settled		(230,071)	(137,657)
- IBNR		(21,686)	(40,053)
	15	(251,757)	177,710)
Deficit before investment income		(83,750)	(19,700)
Other expenses	16	(4,311)	(5,119)
Investment income	17	22,648	-
Other Income	18	10,413	50,662
Provision for impairment	7	-	(4,607)
Mudarib fees	19	(12,692)	(15,198)
<b>Deficit / surplus transferred to accumulated surplus</b>		(67,692)	6,038
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year</b>		(67,692)	6,038
<b>Operator's Takaful Fund</b>			
Wakala fee	20	219,542	177,564
Commission expense	21	(99,259)	(79,605)
Management expenses	23	(148,380)	(102,375)
		(28,097)	(4,416)
Investment income	17	14,912	-
Other income	18	4,391	32,955
Mudarib fees	19	12,692	15,198
Other expenses	24	(2,860)	(1,864)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		1,038	41,873
Taxation	26	(301)	(12,143)
<b>Profit after taxation</b>		737	29,730
Other comprehensive income / (loss)			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss account</i>			
Unrealised gain on available-for-sale investment		2,203	-
Less: Gain transferred to profit and loss on disposal / redemption / impairment of investment		-	-
		2,203	-
Related tax impact		(639)	-
		1,564	-
<i>Items not to be reclassified to profit and loss account in the subsequent year</i>			
Actuarial (loss) / gain on defined benefit obligation		(508)	9,284
Related tax impact		147	-
Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the year		(361)	9,284
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		1,940	39,014

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
Chairman

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
Director

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
Director

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
Chief Financial Officer

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Statement of Changes in Fund for the year ended December 31, 2025

	Operator's Takaful Fund			Total
	Statutory Fund	Accumulated (Deficit) / Surplus (Rupees in '000)	Available-for-sale reserve	
Balance as at January 01, 2024	50,000	37,630	–	87,630
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>				
Profit after taxation	–	29,730	–	29,730
Other comprehensive income	–	9,284	–	9,284
	–	39,014	–	39,014
Balance as at December 31, 2024	<u>50,000</u>	<u>76,644</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>126,644</u>
Balance as at January 01, 2025	50,000	76,644	–	126,644
<b>Total Comprehensive income for the year</b>				
Profit for the year	–	737	–	737
Other comprehensive (loss) / income	–	(361)	1,564	1,203
	–	376	1,564	1,940
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2025</b>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>77,020</u>	<u>1,564</u>	<u>128,584</u>

	Participant's Takaful Fund			Total
	Ceded money	Accumulated Surplus (Rupees in '000)	Available-for-sale reserve	
Balance as at January 01, 2024	500	102,373	–	102,873
<b>Total Comprehensive income for the year</b>				
Surplus for the year	–	6,038	–	6,038
Other comprehensive income	–	–	–	–
	–	6,038	–	6,038
Balance as at December 31, 2024	<u>500</u>	<u>108,411</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>108,911</u>
Balance as at January 01, 2025	500	108,411	–	108,911
<b>Total Comprehensive income for the year</b>				
Deficit for the year	–	(67,692)	–	(67,692)
Other comprehensive Income	–	–	–	–
	–	(67,692)	–	(67,692)
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2025</b>	<u>500</u>	<u>40,719</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>41,219</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
Chairman

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
Director

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
Director

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
Chief Financial Officer

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended December 31, 2025

	Operator's Takaful Fund		Participant's Takaful Fund	
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	(Rupees in '000)			
<b>Operating activities</b>				
(a) Takaful activities				
Contribution received	–	–	690,430	585,306
Retakaful contribution paid	–	–	(524,716)	(233,573)
Claims paid	–	–	(388,387)	(219,456)
Retakaful and other recoveries received	–	–	174,932	55,094
Commission paid	(100,108)	(76,112)	–	–
Wakala / Mudarib fee	237,340	165,111	(237,340)	(165,111)
Commission received	–	–	78,600	66,952
Net cash inflows / (outflow) from takaful activities	137,232	88,999	(206,481)	89,212
(b) Other operating activities				
Other operating payments	(160,857)	(88,008)	(2,104)	766
Other operating receipts	–	–	–	–
<b>Net cash flows from other operating activities</b>	(160,857)	(88,008)	(2,104)	766
<b>Total cash flows from all operating activities</b>	(23,625)	991	(208,585)	89,978
<b>Investment activities</b>				
Profit / return received	15,033	32,955	10,413	50,662
Capital gain	1,762	–	7,967	–
Dividend received	2,508	–	14,681	–
Payments for investments	(340,832)	–	(685,876)	–
Proceeds from investments	183,617	–	693,844	–
<b>Total cash flows from investing activities</b>	(137,912)	32,955	41,029	50,662
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>	–	–	–	–
<b>Net cash flows from all activities</b>	(161,537)	33,946	(167,556)	140,640
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	224,438	190,492	424,859	284,219
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	62,901	224,438	257,303	424,859
<b>Reconciliation to profit and loss account</b>				
Operating cash flows	(23,625)	991	(208,585)	89,978
Leave encashment	(1,318)	(505)	–	–
Profit / return received	15,033	32,955	10,413	50,662
Capital gain	1,762	–	7,967	–
Provision for taxation	(301)	(36,092)	–	–
Dividends received	2,508	–	14,681	–
Increase in assets other than cash	20,286	49,513	173,302	91,898
Decrease in liabilities	(13,608)	(17,132)	(65,470)	(226,500)
<b>Profit after taxation</b>	737	29,730	(67,692)	6,038
<b>Attributed to:</b>				
Operator's Fund	737	29,730	–	–
Participants' Takaful Fund	–	–	(67,692)	6,038
	737	29,730	(67,692)	6,038

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MANSOOR G. HABIB  
Chairman

AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB  
Director

SHABBIR GULAMALI  
Director

MURTAZA HUSSAIN  
Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD ASIF  
Chief Financial Officer

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Notes to or Forms Part of Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2025

### 1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Habib Insurance Company Limited (the Operator) was incorporated in Pakistan in 1942 as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 2017 to carry on general insurance business. The Operator was allowed to work as Window Takaful Operator on July 18, 2018 by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under SECP Takaful Rules, 2012 to carry on General Window Takaful Operations (WTO) in Pakistan. The Operator is listed at Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Operator is situated at Habib Square, M.A. Jinnah Road, Karachi.

1.2 The Operator transferred statutory fund of Rs. 50 million in a separate bank account for the Window Takaful Operations as per the requirement of circular 8 of 2014. The Operator has formed a Waqf for Participants' Fund, Participants Takaful Fund (PTF) by executing the Waqf deed dated June 12, 2018 and deposited a cede money of Rs. 0.5 million. The cede money is required to be invested in Shari'ah compliant remunerative instrument which may be used to acquire immovable Waqf property if Shari'ah and law so warrants. Waqf Deed governs the relationship of Operator and participants for management of takaful operations, investments of participants' funds and investments of the Operator's funds approved by the shari'ah advisor of the Operator.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, provisions of, and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, Takaful Rules, 2012 and the General Takaful Accounting Regulations, 2019.

In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Takaful Rules 2012 and the General Takaful Accounting Regulations, 2019 shall prevail.

These financial statements reflect the financial position and results of operations of both the Operator's Takaful Fund (OPF) and Participants' Takaful Fund (PTF) (collectively WTO) in a manner that the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the Operator and Participants' Takful Fund remain separately identifiable.

#### 2.1 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for available for sale investments that are measured at fair value.

#### 2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is also the WTO's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pak Rupees has been rounded to nearest thousand Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.3 New accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended December 31, 2025

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended December 31, 2025. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or did not have significant impact on the financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	<b>Effective Date</b>
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Supplier finance arrangements	January 01, 2025
Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases' - Amendments to clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	January 01, 2025
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 01, 2025
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Non-current liabilities with covenants	January 01, 2025

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 2.4 New accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	<b>Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)</b>
'Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Lack of Exchangeability	January 01, 2025
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)	January 01, 2026
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs and IASs.	January 01, 2027
IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards' has been issued by IASB effective from July 01, 2009. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).	
IFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements' has been issued by IASB effective from January 01, 2027. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).	
IFRS 19 'Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures' has been issued by IASB effective from January 01, 2027. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).	
IFRS 17 - 'Insurance contracts' has been notified by the IASB to be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. However SECP has notified the timeframe for the adoption of IFRS - 17 which will be adopted by January 01, 2027.	

### 2.4.1 Temporary exemption from IFRS 17 and IFRS 9

Pursuant to the requirements of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan SRO 1715 (I) / 2023 dated 21 November 2023 IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts", is applicable to the companies engaged in insurance / takaful and re-insurance / re-takaful business from financial years commencing on or after January 01, 2026.

IFRS 17, replaces IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts". The new standard will apply to all entities that issue insurance and reinsurance contracts, and to all entities that hold reinsurance contracts. This standard requires entities to identify contracts and its terms and to assess whether they meet the definition of an insurance contract or includes components of an insurance contract. Insurance contracts are required to account for under the recognition / derecognition of IFRS 17. Companies subject to the requirement of SRO 1715 will also be required to adopt requirements of IFRS 9 from the date of transition. On initial application of IFRS 17, comparative information for insurance contracts is restated in accordance with IFRS 17, whereas comparative information for related financial assets might not be restated in accordance with IFRS 9 if the insurer is initially applying IFRS 9 at the same date as IFRS 17.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

SECP through its S.R.O.1336(I)/2025 has directed that the applicability period of optional temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” as given in para 20A of IFRS 4 “Insurance Contracts” is extended for annual periods beginning before 01 January 2027, subject to fulfilling the same conditions as are prescribed by para 20B of IFRS 4.

SECP vide letter no. ID/MDPRD/IFRS-17/2021/176 dated 15 June 2021 initiated a four-phase approach towards implementation of IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”. The first three phases now stand completed and Phase 4 parallel run and implementation has commenced and is currently under progress.

In Phase 4 SECP requires parallel run of IFRS 17 for the year ended 31 December 2024 to be submitted to SECP by 30 June 2025 and dry run on the financial statement of the first quarter of 2025 to be submitted by 30 November 2025.

The tables below set out the fair values as at the end of reporting year and the amount of change in the fair value during that year for the following two groups of financial assets separately:

a) financial assets with contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (“SPPI”) on the principal amount outstanding, excluding any financial asset that meets the definition of fair value through profit and loss in IFRS 9, or that is managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis; and

b) all other financial assets.

Fair value of financial assets and change in the fair values during the year ended December 31,2025.

Financial assets with contractual cash flows that meet the SPPI criteria

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Rating	AAA	AA-	Unrated / Unavailable (Rupees in '000)	AAA	Unrated / Unavailable
<b>Operator’s Fund</b>						
Bank balances		62,901	–	–	224,438	–
Receivable from PTF		–	–	69,743	–	55,550
		<u>62,901</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>69,743</u>	<u>224,438</u>	<u>55,550</u>

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Rating	AAA	AA-	Unrated / Unavailable (Rupees in '000)	AAA	Unrated / Unavailable
<b>Participant’s Takaful Fund</b>						
Bank balances		254,957	1,985	–	224,438	–
Takaful / retakaful receivable		–	–	253,785	–	236,605
Loans and other receivables		–	–	2,369	–	130
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims		–	–	163,190	–	37,627
Salvage recoveries accrued		–	–	9,765	–	8,155
		<u>254,957</u>	<u>1,985</u>	<u>429,109</u>	<u>224,438</u>	<u>282,517</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent to all the years presented. Details of these accounting policies are as follows:

### 3.1 Takaful contracts

The takaful contracts are based on the principles of Wakala. The takaful contracts so agreed usually inspire concept of tabarru (to donate for benefit of others) and mutual sharing of losses with the overall objective of eliminating the element of uncertainty.

A separate Participants Takaful Fund (PTF) has been created in which all contribution received under general takaful contribution net off any government levies and administrative surcharge are credited. The role of takaful operator is of the management of the PTF. At the initial stage of the setup of the PTF, the takaful operator makes an initial donation to the PTF. The terms of the takaful contracts are in accordance with the generally accepted principles and norms of insurance business suitably modified with guidance by the Shariah Advisor of the Takaful operator.

These contracts are entered with group companies, corporate clients, and individuals residing or located in Pakistan.

Once a contract has been classified as an takful contract, it remains a takaful contract for the remainder of its period, even if the takaful risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and liabilities are extinguished or expired.

Takaful contracts are classified into following main categories:

#### 3.1.1 Fire and property

The perils covered under fire takaful include damages caused by fire, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, flood, electric fluctuation, impact and other coverage.

#### 3.1.2 Marine and transport

Marine and transport takaful provides coverage against cargo risk, war risk and damages occurring in inland transit.

#### 3.1.3 Motor

Motor takaful provides comprehensive car coverage and indemnity against third party loss.

#### 3.1.4 Other classes

Other classes includes mainly bankers blanket bond, liability, engineering, etc.

### 3.2 Commission expense

Commission expense incurred in obtaining and recording takaful contracts is deferred and recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as an expense in accordance with the pattern of recognition of contribution revenue.

### 3.3 Rebate income

Rebate income from retakaful operator is recognised on the date of the commencement of the underlying takaful contract. These are deferred and recognised as liability and recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as revenue in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the retakaful contributions.

For all the takaful contracts, contributions / cover notes issued including administrative surcharge received / receivable under a policy / cover note are recognised as written from the date of attachment of the risk to the policy / cover note and over the period of contract from inception to the expiry of policy. Where contributions for a policy are payable in installments, full contribution for the duration of the policy is recognised as written at the inception of the policy and related assets set up for contributions receivable at a later date. Contributions are stated on gross basis and exclusive of taxes and duties levied on contributions.

### 3.5 Deferred Commission expense

Commission incurred in obtaining and recording takaful are deferred and recognised as an asset. These costs are charged to the profit and loss account based on the pattern of recognition of contribution revenue.

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## 3.6 Reserve for unearned contribution

Commission incurred in obtaining and recording takaful are deferred and recognised as an asset. These costs are charged to the profit and loss account based on the pattern of recognition of contribution revenue.

## 3.7 Unearned Contribution

Contribution under a policy is recognised on the time of commencement of the takaful contract.

The unearned contribution reserve is the unexpired portion of the contribution including administrative surcharge. Unearned premiums have been calculated by applying 1/24th / 1/6th method as applicable and specified in the Insurance Rules, 2017. Remaining portion is recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## 3.8 Contribution deficiency reserve

The WTO is required as per Insurance Rules, 2017, to maintain a provision in respect of contribution deficiency for the class of business where the unearned contribution reserve is not adequate to meet the expected future liability, after retakaful, from claims and other expenses, including retakaful expense, commissions and other underwriting expenses, expected to be incurred after the balance sheet date in respect of the unexpired takaful contract in that class of business at the balance sheet date. The movement in the contribution deficiency reserve is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the same is recognized as a liability.

The WTO determines adequacy of liability of contribution deficiency by carrying out analysis of expired periods. For this purpose actuarial valuation has been carried out to determine the amount of contribution deficiency reserve as required by under Insurance Rules, 2017 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on January 09, 2012. However, the management, including on the basis of this actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2024, consider that no contribution deficiency reserve is required to be maintained.

## 3.9 Retakaful contracts held

Takaful contracts entered into by the WTO (for PTF) with retakaful operator for compensation of losses suffered on takaful contracts issued are retakaful contracts. These retakaful contracts include both facultative and treaty arrangement contracts and are classified in same categories of takaful contracts for the purpose of these financial statements. The WTO recognizes the entitled benefits under the contract as retakaful assets. Outward retakaful contribution are accounted for in the same period as the related contribution for the direct or accepted retakaful business being covered under the retakaful arrangement.

Retakaful liabilities represent balances due to retakaful entities. Amounts payable are estimated in a manner consistent with the related retakaful contract.

Retakaful assets represent balances due from retakaful companies. Amounts recoverable from retakaful operator are estimated in a manner consistent with the provision for outstanding claims or settled claims associated with the retakaful contract and are in accordance with the related retakaful contract. Retakaful assets are not offset against related retakaful liabilities. Income or expenses from retakaful contracts are not offset against expenses or income from related retakaful assets / liabilities.

The deferred portion of retakaful contribution ceded is recognized as a prepayment which is calculated in accordance with the pattern of recognition of revenue.

The WTO assesses its retakaful assets for impairment on financial statement date. If there is an objective evidence that the retakaful asset is impaired, the WTO reduces the carrying amount of the retakaful asset to its recoverable amount and recognises that impairment loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## 3.10 Amount due to / from retakaful operators

Amounts due to / from retakaful operators are carried at cost less provision for impairment, if any. Cost represents the fair value of the consideration to be received / paid in the future for services rendered.

## 3.11 Receivables and payables

### 3.11.1 Receivables related to Takaful contract

Receivables related to takaful contracts are recognized and due at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given less provision for impairment, if any. If there is an objective evidence that the takaful receivable is impaired, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition, the WTO reduces the carrying amount of the takaful receivables accordingly and recognizes that impairment loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Provision for impairment on contribution receivables is estimated on a systematic basis after analyzing the receivables as per their agent.

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## **3.11.2 Creditors, accruals and provisions**

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for the goods and / or services received, whether or not billed to the WTO.

Provisions are recognised when the WTO has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are reviewed at each financial statement date and adjusted to reflect the current estimate.

## **3.11.3 Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims**

Claims recoveries against outstanding claims from the retakaful operators and salvage are recognised as an asset at the same time as the claims which give rise to the right of recovery are recognised as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

## **3.12 Segment reporting**

An operating segment is a component of the WTO that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the WTO's other components. All operating segments' results are reviewed regularly by the management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, for which discrete financial information is available.

The WTO presents segment reporting of operating results using the classes of business as specified under the Insurance Rules, 2017 and General Takaful Accounting Regulation, 2019. The reported operating segments are also consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Board of Directors who assess the performance of the operating segments. The performance of segments is evaluated on the basis of underwriting results of each segment.

Assets, liabilities and capital expenditures that are directly attributable to specific segments are assigned to them, while the carrying amount of certain assets (liabilities) used (incurred) jointly by two or more segments are allocated to segments on a reasonable basis. Those assets and liabilities which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis are reported as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.

The WTO has four primary business segments for reporting purposes, namely fire and property, marine and transport, motor and other classes. The nature and business activities of these segments are disclosed in note no. 3.1. Income and expenses directly attribute to a particular segment is so allocated. Underwriting expenses have been allocated to various classes of business on a basis deemed equitable by the management. Expenses not attributable to the underwriting business are charged as other expenses.

## **3.13 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the financial statement at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash in hand, stamps in hand and current and saving accounts with banks.

## **3.14 Revenue recognition**

### **3.14.1 Contribution**

The revenue recognition policy for Contribution is given under note 3.4.

### **3.14.2 Retakaful rebate income**

The revenue recognition policy for rebate from retakaful operators is given under note 3.3.

### **3.14.3 Dividend income**

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

### **3.14.4 Gain / loss on sale / redemption of investments**

Unrealized gain/loss on remeasurement of investments and realized gain / loss on sale / redemption of investments is taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year of remeasurement/ sale / redemption.

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## 3.14.5 Income on debt securities and bank balances

Income from debt securities and bank balances is recognised on a time proportionate basis taking account the effective yield on the investment / bank balance.

## 3.14.6 Wakala and Mudarib fees

The Takaful operator manages the general takaful operations for the Participants. The wakala fee for the period from January 01, 2025 to May 31, 2025 was 30%, June 01, 2025 to December 31, 2025 was 35% (2024: 30%) of the gross contribution on all classes of business as per the approval of the Shariah Advisory Board. Wakala fee is recognized on the same basis on which the related revenue is recognized. Unexpired portion of wakala fee is recognized as liability of OPF and asset of PTF.

The Takaful operator also manages the participants' investment as Mudarib and charges for the period from January 01, 2025 to May 31, 2025 was 30%, June 01, 2025 to December 31, 2025 was 40% of the investment / deposit income earned by the Participants' Takaful Fund as Mudarib's share (2024: 30%) as per the approval of the Shariah Advisory Board.

## 3.14.7 Investments

These comprises of the following:

- In equity securities
- In debt securities

### 3.14.7.1 Recognition

All investments are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and include transaction costs except for held for trading investments in which case transaction costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. All purchase and sale of investments that require delivery within the required time frame established by regulations or market convention are accounted for at the trade date. Trade date is the date when the WTO commits to purchase or sell the investments. These are recognised and classified as follows:

- Held for trading
- Available-for-sale
- Held to maturity

### 3.14.7.2 Measurement

#### 3.14.7.2.1 Held for trading

At the time of acquisition, quoted investments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short term fluctuations in price or are part of portfolio for which there is a recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading.

Subsequent to initial recognition these are remeasured at fair value by reference to quoted market prices (as explained below) with the resulting gain or loss being included in net profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

#### 3.14.7.2.2 Available-for-sale

Available-for-Sale investments are those non-derivative instruments / contracts that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified in any other category.

At the time of acquisition, investments which are intended to be held for an undefined period of time but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity or changes in interest rates are classified as available-for-sale.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the available-for-sale investments are remeasured at fair value. Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation from one reporting date to other is taken to other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income. On derecognition or impairment, the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit and loss for period within statement of comprehensive income.

Fair value of the listed equity shares are determined with reference to the rates quoted on the stock exchange, while the fair value of the mutual funds units and of term finance certificates are determined with reference to the rates quoted on the MUFAP website. The fair value of the Government securities are determined with reference the rates quoted on the PKRV page.

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These are reviewed for impairment at year end and any losses arising from impairment in values are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## **3.14.7.2.3 Held-to-maturity**

At the time of acquisition, investments with fixed maturity, where management has both the intent and the ability to hold till maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity.

Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment in value, if any. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition by using the effective yield method.

The difference between the redemption value and the purchase price of the held-to-maturity investments is amortised and taken to the profit and loss account over the term of the investment.

These are reviewed for impairment at year end and any losses arising from impairment in values are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## **3.15 Off setting of financial assets and liabilities**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statement, if the WTO has a legally enforceable right to set-off and the WTO intends either to settle the assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## **3.16 Taxation**

### **3.16.1 Current (OPF)**

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income of the operator for the year determined in accordance with the tax rates enacted on substantially enacted as at the year end. The charge for current tax also include adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments finalized during the current year for such years / relating to the operators fund operated.

### **3.16.2 Deferred (OPF)**

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method, in respect of temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against which the assets may be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recognised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the periods when the asset is utilized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the profit and loss account except in the case of items credited or charged to equity in which case it is included in equity.

## **3.17 Staff retirement benefits**

### **3.17.1 Defined contribution plan**

The WTO operates a recognised Provident Fund scheme for its employees. Equal contributions are made by the WTO and the employees at the applicable rate.

### **3.17.2 Defined benefit (operator) plan**

The WTO operates an unfunded approved gratuity scheme for all of its eligible permanent employees. Gratuity is based on employees' last drawn basic salary.

Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial valuation and are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The most recent valuation was carried out as of December 31, 2025 using the "Projected Unit Credit Method.

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Remeasurement of the defined benefit liability, which comprises actuarial gain and losses are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income. The WTO determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the year by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual year to the then net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any change in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the year as a result of contribution and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expense related to defined benefit plans are recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

When the benefits of the plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefits that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in Statement of Comprehensive Income. The WTO recognises gain and loss on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

### **3.17.3 Employees' compensated absences**

The WTO accounts for its liability towards accumulating compensated absences, when the employees render service that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. An actuarial valuation has been carried out using Projected Unit Credit method to determine the amount of charge and liability to be recognized at the financial statement date. Charge for these benefits are immediately recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### **3.18 Impairment of assets**

A financial asset is assessed at each financial statement date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if there is an objective evidence that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset. If a decline in fair value is significant or prolonged, than there is an objective evidence, of impairment regardless of how long management intends to hold the investment.

The carrying amount of non financial assets is reviewed at each financial statement date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or group of assets. If such indication exist, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less cost of sell. An impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

All impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Provision for impairment are reviewed at each financial statement date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Change in the provisions are recognised as an income or expense.

### **3.19 Foreign currency translations**

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in rupees at the rates prevailing on the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange which approximate those prevailing at the financial statement date. Exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

### **3.20 Salvage recoveries accrued**

Salvage recoveries are recognized as an asset and measured at the amount expected to be received.

### **3.21 Management expenses**

Expenses of management allocated to the underwriting business represent directly attributable expenses and indirect expenses allocated to the various classes of business on the basis of gross contribution written. Expenses not allocable to the underwriting business are charged as other expenses. Management expense of the Operator are charged to Operator's Takaful Fund.

### **3.22 Provision**

#### **3.22.1 Claims**

Takaful claims include all claims incurred during the year, whether reported or not, related internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims.

#### **3.22.2 Provision for outstanding claims**

The WTO recognizes liability in respect of all claims incurred up to the financial statement date which is measured at the undiscounted value of the expected future payments. The claims are considered to be incurred at the time of the incident giving rise to the claim except as otherwise expressly indicated in an insurance contract.

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The liability for claims include amounts relating to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and expected claims settlement costs. Provision for liability in respect of unpaid reported claims is made on the basis of individual estimates (comprising of reports by the surveyors).

## **3.22.3 Claims incurred but not reported**

The provision for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is made at the financial statement date. In accordance with SECP circular No. 9 of 2016, the WTO takes actuarial advice for the determination of IBNR claims. IBNR claims have been estimated using Chain Ladder (CL) methodology. The Chain Ladder (CL) Method involves determination of development factors or link ratios for each period. These are then subsequently combined to determine Cumulative Development Factor (CDF) which represents the extent of future development of claims to reach their ultimate level.

## **3.22.4 Others**

Provisions are recognised in the statement of financial position when the WTO has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

## **3.23 Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of IAS-39 are recognized at the time when the WTO becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and are derecognized when the WTO loses control of contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in the case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Fair value of financial assets at discounted interest rates are determined initially and the difference carried forward as a prepayment (staff bonus), which then is expensed out over the period in which the services are rendered.

## **3.24 Takaful surplus**

Takaful surplus attributable to the participants is calculated after charging all direct cost and setting aside various reserves. Allocation to participants, if applicable, is made after adjustment of claims paid to them during the year.

## **3.25 Qard-e-Hasna**

Qard-e-hasna is provided by Operators' Fund to Participants' Takaful Fund in case of deficit in PTF. Qard-e-Hasna is recognised at the amount provided to Participant Takaful Fund less impairment, if any. During the year no Qard-e-Hasna has been obtained by the Participants' Takaful Fund.

## **4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the WTO's accounting policies. The estimates / judgments and associated assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the estimates about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. In the process of applying the WTO's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

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	<b>Note</b>
Contribution deficiency reserve	3.8
Takaful / retakaful receivable - impairment	3.11.1
Provision for outstanding claims including IBNR	3.22
Taxation	3.16
Staff retirement benefits	3.17
Impairment of assets	3.18

## 5. INVESTMENT - OFF

	Note	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
		Cost	Impairment / Provision	Carrying value	Cost	Impairment / Provision	Carrying value
<b>Available-for-sale</b>							
				(Rupees in '000)			
Sukuk	5.1	157,481	–	159,045	–	–	–
Mutual funds	5.2	–	–	–	–	–	–

**5.1** Sukuks have face value of Rs. 157.4 million (market value of Rs. 159.05 million) [December 31, 2024: Rs. Nil million (market value of Rs. Nil million)]. These carry coupon rate at 12.53% per annum (December 31, 2024: Nil) per annum and will mature on October 21, 2029.

### 5.2 Mutual funds - Meezan Islamic Cash fund

	As at January 01, 2025	Purchased during the period	Sold/matured during the period	As at December 31, 2025	Carrying value as at December 31, 2025	Purchase price	Sales proceeds	Realised gain
	(Number of units)					(Rupees in '000)		
<b>Mutual Funds</b>								
<b>PTF</b>								
Atlas Islamic Income Fund	–	193,352	193,352	–	–	100,000	103,919	3,919
Meezan Dually Income Fund	–	4,589,133	4,589,133	–	–	229,457	229,457	–
Atlas Islamic Money Market Fund	–	306,972	306,972	–	–	154,649	154,903	254
NBP Riba Free Caving Income	–	19,091,469	19,091,469	–	–	201,770	205,565	3,795
						685,876	693,844	7,968
<b>OTF</b>								
Atlas Islamic Money Market Fund	–	58,018	58,018	–	–	30,469	31,039	570
Meezan Dually Income Fund	–	2,027,712	2,027,712	–	–	101,386	101,385	–
NBP Riba Free Caving Income	–	4,447,093	4,447,093	–	–	50,000	51,193	1,193
						181,855	183,617	1,763
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>						867,731	877,461	9,731
As at December 31, 2024						–	–	–

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## 6. LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Note	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Operator's Takaful Fund	Participant Takaful Fund	Total	Operator's Takaful Fund	Participant Takaful Fund	Total
	(Rupees in '000)					
FED Receivable	-	-	-	-	1	1
Advance to commission agents	1,388	-	1,388	1,388	-	1,388
Accrued investment income	3,380	-	3,380	-	-	-
Others	1,862	2,369	4,231	149	129	278
	<u>6,630</u>	<u>2,369</u>	<u>8,999</u>	<u>1,537</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>1,667</u>

6.1 This represents contribution received in advance. The amount credited in the conventional operational bank account.

## 7. TAKAFUL / RETAKAFUL RECEIVABLE - Unsecured

Note	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	(Rupees in '000)	
Due from Takaful contract holders		
Considered good	116,463	87,461
Considered doubtful	3,298	3,298
Less: Provision for impairment of receivables from takaful contract holders	(3,298)	(3,298)
	<u>116,463</u>	<u>87,461</u>
Due from other takaful / retakaful operators - Considered good		
Considered good	137,322	149,144
Considered doubtful	21,911	21,911
Less: Provision for impairment of receivables from other takaful/ retakaful operators	(21,911)	(21,911)
	<u>137,322</u>	<u>149,144</u>
	<u>253,785</u>	<u>236,605</u>

### 7.1 Movement of considered doubtful

Opening balance	-	20,602
Less: Reversal of provision for impairment	-	(17,304)
Add: Provision for impairment	-	21,911
Closing balance	<u>-</u>	<u>25,209</u>

## 8. PREPAYMENTS

Note	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Operator's Takaful Fund	Participant Takaful Fund	Total	Operator's Takaful Fund	Participant Takaful Fund	Total
	(Rupees in '000)					
Prepaid retakaful contribution ceded	-	122,436	122,436	-	116,860	116,860
Others	608	74	682	354	-	354
	<u>608</u>	<u>122,510</u>	<u>123,118</u>	<u>354</u>	<u>116,860</u>	<u>117,214</u>

8.1 This represents accrual maintenance charges to Takaful software.

## 9. CASH AND BANK

### Cash and cash equivalent

- Policy stamps	-	360	360	-	116	116
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### Cash at bank

- Profit and loss sharing (PLS) accounts	9.1	62,901	256,943	319,844	224,438	424,743	649,181
		<u>62,901</u>	<u>257,303</u>	<u>320,204</u>	<u>224,438</u>	<u>424,859</u>	<u>649,297</u>

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**9.1** These balances are held with a related party and carry profit at a range of 8.5% to 12.0% (2024: 12.0% to 19.0%).

## 10. OTHER CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS

Note	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024			
	Operator's Fund	Participant Takaful Fund	Total	Operator's Fund	Participant Takaful	Total	
	(Rupees in '000)						
Federal takaful fee	-	727	727	-	987	987	
Federal Excise Duty	-	11,464	11,464	-	11,339	11,339	
Commission payable	53,326	-	53,326	52,107	-	52,107	
Provision for compensated clearance Payable to Habib Insurance Company Limited - Conventional Operations	10.1 10.2	1,235	-	1,235	2,553	-	2,553
Other creditors	2,202	-	2,202	2,412	-	2,412	
Accrued expenses	3,126	2,900	6,026	1,066	3,358	4,424	
	3,033	3,579	6,612	2,292	-	2,292	
	<u>62,922</u>	<u>18,670</u>	<u>81,592</u>	<u>60,430</u>	<u>15,684</u>	<u>76,114</u>	

**10.1** This includes provision for staff compensated absences amounting to Rs. 1.235 million (2024: Rs. 2.553 million). The liability is determined through an actuarial valuation carried out under the projected unit credit (PUC) actuarial cost method (by an actuary). An amount of Rs. 0.687 million (2024: Rs. 0.363 million) has been reversed to profit and loss account in the current year based on the actuarial advice.

**10.2** Due for expenses incurred on behalf of the PTF Operations.

## 11. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

Defined benefit obligation - unfunded gratuity scheme

The Company is operating an unfunded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees. Gratuity entitlement is based on the last drawn basic salaries. The obligation under this scheme is determined under an actuarial valuation carried out by a qualified actuary using the Projected Limit Credit Method. The latest valuation was carried out as of December 31, 2025.

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	(No. of Employees)	
The number of employees covered under the defined benefit scheme are:	<u>34</u>	<u>28</u>

**11.1** The following principal actuarial assumptions were used for the valuation of above mentioned scheme:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Financial assumptions		
- Discount rate (per annum compounded)	11.00%	12.25%
- Salary increase per annum	10.00%	12.25%
Demographic assumptions		
- Expected service length of the employees	15 years	15 years
- Normal retirement	60 years	60 years
- Rate of employee turnover	Moderate	Moderate
- Mortality rate	SLIC (2001-05)-1	SLIC (2001-05)-1

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

December 31, 2025      December 31, 2024  
(Rupees in '000)

## 11.2 Liability in financial statement

Present value of defined benefit obligations	11,138	19,322
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## 11.3 Reconciliation of / movement in defined benefit obligations

Present value of defined benefit obligations as at January 01,	19,322	12,812
Current service cost	1,908	1,269
Interest cost	2,367	1,961
Benefits paid	(3,580)	(1,136)
Net Provisions with respect to transferees	(9,387)	13,700
Actuarial loss / (gain) on obligation	508	(9,284)
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at December 31,	<u>11,138</u>	<u>19,322</u>

## 11.4 Charge of the defined benefit plan

### Cost recognised in profit and loss

Current service cost	1,908	1,269
Interest cost	2,367	1,961
	<u>4,275</u>	<u>3,230</u>

## 11.5 Actuarial gain on defined benefit obligation recognised in other comprehensive income

Actuarial gain on defined benefit obligation		
- (Gain) / Loss due to change in financial assumptions	(990)	-
- (Gain) / Loss due to change in experience adjustments	1,498	9,284
	<u>508</u>	<u>9,284</u>

## 11.6 Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis has been performed by varying one assumption keeping all other assumptions constant and calculating the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations on various employee benefit schemes. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption is summarized below:

December 31, 2025      December 31, 2024  
(Rupees in '000)

Increase in discount rate by 1%	(10,362)	(17,368)
Decrease in discount rate by 1%	12,041	21,579
Increase in expected future increment in salary by 1%	12,080	21,653
Decrease in expected future increment in salary by 1%	(10,317)	(17,274)

## 11.7 Comparison for five years As at December 31,

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
			(Rupees in '000)		
Defined benefit obligation	11,138	19,322	12,812	1,956	1,632
Experience adjustment (gain) / loss on obligation (as percentage of plan obligations)	13.45%	48.05%	0.00%	3.17%	-

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
<b>11.8 Others</b>			
Weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation - (year)		<u>8.50</u>	<u>11.00</u>
<b>11.9</b> These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks such as investment risk and salary risk. The main features of the gratuity schemes are these:			
All confirmed employees are eligible to the scheme and the normal retirement age for all employees is 60 years. A member shall be entitled to gratuity on resignation, termination, retirement, early retirement, retrenchment, death and dismissal based on the Company's Service rules. The scheme is subject to the regulations laid down under the Income Tax Rules, 2002.			
<b>11.10</b> The expected charge to gratuity for the year 2025 amounts to Rs. 2.35 million.			
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
		(Rupees in '000)	
<b>12. TAKAFUL/RETAKAFUL PAYABLE</b>			
Due to other takaful / retakaful operators	12.1	<u>117,352</u>	<u>245,690</u>
<b>12.1 Due to other takaful / retakaful</b>			
- Foreign retakaful		48,823	111,422
- Local retakaful		63,732	114,208
- Co-takaful		4,797	20,060
		<u>117,352</u>	<u>245,690</u>
<b>12.2</b> The Company has co-takaful and re-takaful arrangements with various takaful and a domestic re-takaful company. Under the above arrangements, the receivable and payable balances originate mainly due to contributions collected or claims settled by the lead insurer on behalf of other co-takaful, and in case of re-takaful, the contribution ceded to and claims recoverable from the re-takaful under the respective contracts. As per the prevailing industry practices, settlements of balances under co-takaful arrangements are done between the respective takaful companies in normal course of business. The current balances of co- takaful and re-takaful reflected in the records of the Company are based on the underlying contracts and transactions. As advised by SECP, the process for reconciliation of these balances with the respective takaful companies will be formalized as per the guidelines suggested by the Insurance Association of Pakistan for the takaful industry.			
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
		(Rupees in '000)	
<b>13. NET CONTRIBUTION</b>			
<b>Written gross contribution</b>		719,757	634,297
Less: Wakala Fee		<u>(219,542)</u>	<u>(177,564)</u>
<b>Contribution Net of Wakala Fee</b>		500,216	456,733
Add: Unearned contribution reserve opening		284,908	252,121
Less: Unearned contribution reserve closing		<u>(303,667)</u>	<u>(284,908)</u>
<b>Contribution earned</b>		481,457	423,946
<b>Retakaful contribution ceded</b>		396,378	344,101
Add: Prepaid retakaful contribution opening		116,860	95,844
Less: Prepaid retakaful contribution closing		<u>(122,436)</u>	<u>(116,860)</u>
<b>Retakaful expense</b>		390,802	323,085
<b>Net contribution</b>		<u>90,655</u>	<u>100,861</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

December 31, 2025    December 31, 2024  
(Rupees in '000)

## 14. RETAKAFUL REBATE

Retakaful rebate received	78,600	66,952
Add: Unearned retakaful rebate - opening	28,364	18,561
Less: Unearned retakaful rebate - closing	(29,612)	(28,364)
Retakaful rebate	<u>77,352</u>	<u>57,149</u>

## 15. TAKAFUL CLAIMS EXPENSE

<b>Claims paid</b>	388,387	219,456
Add: Outstanding claims including IBNR closing	328,617	163,142
Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening	(163,142)	(126,625)
<b>Claims expense</b>	<u>553,862</u>	<u>255,973</u>

### Retakaful and other recoveries received

Add: Retakaful and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims net of impairment - closing	174,932	59,701
Less: Retakaful and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims net of impairment - opening	172,955	45,782
	(45,782)	(27,220)

### Retakaful and other recoveries revenue

	302,105	78,263
<b>Net claim expense</b>	<u>251,757</u>	<u>177,710</u>

## 16. OTHER EXPENSES - PTF

This represents co-takaful service charges.

## 17. INVESTMENT INCOME - net

Note	Operator's Takaful Fund		Participant Takaful Fund	
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024

(Rupees in '000)

### Income from mutual fund units - available-for-sale

Dividend income	2,580	—	14,681	—
Capital Gain	1,762	—	7,967	—
<b>Available-for-sale</b>				
Income from sukuk bonds	10,642	—	—	—
	<u>14,912</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>22,648</u>	<u>—</u>

## 18. OTHER INCOME

Return on bank balance	<u>4,391</u>	<u>32,955</u>	<u>10,413</u>	<u>50,622</u>
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## 19. MUDARIB FEES

	<u>12,692</u>	<u>15,198</u>	<u>(12,692)</u>	<u>(15,198)</u>
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# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	Note	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
(Rupees in '000)			
<b>20. WAKALA FEE</b>			
Gross Wakala Fee		238,841	187,400
Add: Deferred wakala fee - opening		85,472	75,636
Less: Deferred wakala fee - closing		(104,771)	(85,472)
Net wakala fee		<u>219,542</u>	<u>177,564</u>
<b>21. COMMISSION EXPENSE</b>			
Commissions paid or payable		101,327	85,348
Add: Deferred commission - opening		38,404	32,661
Less: Deferred commission - closing		(40,472)	(38,404)
Commission expense		<u>99,259</u>	<u>79,605</u>
<b>22. RECEIVABLE FROM PTF/PAYABLE TO OTF</b>			
		OPF	PTF
		(Rupees in '000)	
Opening balance		55,550	18,063
Wakala/ Mudarib fee income		251,533	202,598
Wakala/ Mudarib fee received		(237,340)	(165,111)
Closing balance		<u>69,743</u>	<u>55,550</u>
	Note	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
(Rupees in '000)			
<b>23. MANAGEMENT EXPENSES - OPF</b>			
Employee benefit cost	23.1	107,955	80,322
Travelling expenses		1,573	296
Entertainment		396	10
Utilities - electricity and water		3,446	3,855
Repairs and maintenance		5,216	4,914
Vehicle running expenses		24,549	9,262
Legal and professional charges		2,829	1,712
Postages, telegrams and telephone		452	467
Miscellaneous		1,964	1,537
		<u>148,380</u>	<u>102,375</u>
<b>23.1</b>	This includes Rs. 73.32 million (2024: Rs. 45.01 million) being salaries and other benefits, Rs. 3.48 million (2024: Rs. 1.303 million) being contribution to employees' provident fund and reversal of Rs. 5.11 million (2024: Rs. 16.930 million) being charge of gratuity scheme.		
	Note	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
(Rupees in '000)			
<b>24. OTHER EXPENSES - OPF</b>			
Auditors remuneration	24.1	<u>2,860</u>	<u>1,865</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	(Rupees in '000)	
<b>24.1 Auditor's remuneration</b>		
Audit fee	1,272	1,156
Review of condensed interim financial statements	488	349
Other certifications	725	95
Out-of-pocket expenses	375	265
	<u>2,860</u>	<u>1,865</u>

## 25. CLAIM DEVELOPMENT - PTF

The following table shows the development of claims over a period of time on gross basis. For each class of business the uncertainty about the amount and timings of claims payment is usually resolved within a year:

Accident year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	(Rupees in '000)				
<b>Estimate of ultimate claims costs:</b>					
At end of accident year	<u>198,490</u>	<u>223,366</u>	<u>263,192</u>	<u>306,500</u>	<u>614,997</u>
One year later	<u>152,362</u>	<u>199,175</u>	<u>235,856</u>	<u>247,850</u>	<u>–</u>
Two year later	<u>158,820</u>	<u>199,157</u>	<u>233,369</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>
Three year later	<u>159,555</u>	<u>200,153</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>
Four year later	<u>3,177</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>
Estimate of cumulative claims	<u>3,177</u>	<u>200,153</u>	<u>233,369</u>	<u>247,850</u>	<u>614,997</u>
Cumulative payment made to date	<u>(533)</u>	<u>(200,301)</u>	<u>(225,893)</u>	<u>(232,944)</u>	<u>(311,258)</u>
Liability for outstanding claims	<u>2,644</u>	<u>(148)</u>	<u>7,476</u>	<u>14,906</u>	<u>303,739</u>

## 26. TAXATION

**For the year**  
Current

December 31,  
2025

December 31,  
2024

(Rupees in '000)

301

12,143

### 26.1 Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit

Profit before taxation	<u>1,038</u>	<u>41,873</u>
Tax at enacted rate of 29% (2024: 29%)	<u>301</u>	<u>12,143</u>

**26.2** Deferred tax asset of Rs. Nil million (2024: Rs. 4.97 million) on losses has not been recognized under prudence.

## 27. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at December 31, 2025 (December 31, 2024: Nil).

## 28. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise of directors, major share holders, key management personnel, associated companies, entities with common directors and employee retirement benefit funds. The transactions with related parties are carried out at commercial terms and conditions. The transactions and balances with related parties are as follows:

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

December 31,    December 31,  
2025                2024  
(Rupees in ' 000)

## 28.1 Operator's Fund

### Transactions

Wakala fee charged during the year	<u>238,841</u>	<u>187,400</u>
Mudarib fees charged during the year	<u>12,692</u>	<u>15,198</u>

### Transactions during the year with associated companies

Profit on bank accounts	<u>4,387</u>	<u>32,955</u>
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Balances with associated companies

Bank balances	<u>58,612</u>	<u>217,701</u>
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### Transactions during the year with other related parties including key management personnel

Contribution to the provident fund	<u>3,481</u>	<u>1,304</u>
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## 28.2 Participants' Takaful Fund

### Transactions

Associated companies

- Contribution written	<u>44,408</u>	<u>45,973</u>
- Claim paid	<u>20,956</u>	<u>16,410</u>
- Profit on bank accounts	<u>10,413</u>	<u>50,662</u>

Others

- Mudarib fee charged during the year	<u>12,692</u>	<u>15,198</u>
Commission income	<u>31,094</u>	<u>31,737</u>

### Balances

Associated companies

- Contribution due but unpaid	<u>13,710</u>	<u>9,237</u>
- Claim outstanding	<u>16,859</u>	<u>10,560</u>
- Bank balance	<u>215,519</u>	<u>400,253</u>

## 29 MANAGEMENT OF TAKAFUL AND FINANCIAL RISK

The Operator (PTF) issues contracts that transfers takaful risk or financial risk or both. This section summarises the takaful risks and the way the Operator manages them.

### 29.1 Takaful risk management

#### 29.1.1 Takaful risk

The risk under any takaful contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of compensation to the participant. Generally most takaful contracts carry the takaful risk for a period of one year, although in case of marine contracts, it may be of lesser period.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

The Operator's risk exposure is mitigated by employing a comprehensive framework to identify, assess, manage and monitor risk. This framework includes implementation of underwriting strategies which aim to ensure that the underwritten risks are well diversified in terms of type and amount of the risk. Adequate retakaful is arranged to mitigate the effect of the potential loss to the PTF from individual to large or catastrophic insured events. Further, the Operator adopts strict claim review policies including active management and prompt pursuing of the claims and regular detailed review of claim handling procedures and frequent investigation of possible false claims to reduce the takafal risk.

## 29.1.2 Frequency and severity of claims

Risk associated with general takafal contracts includes the reasonable possibility of significant loss as well as the frequent occurrence of the covered events. This has been managed by having in place underwriting strategy, retakaful arrangements and proactive claim handling procedures.

The retakaful arrangements against major risk exposure include excess of loss, quota share, surplus arrangements and catastrophic coverage. The objective of having such arrangements is to mitigate adverse impacts of severe losses on PTF's net retentions.

## 29.1.3 Uncertainty in the estimation of future claim payments

Claims on takafal contracts are payable on a claim occurrence basis. The PTF is liable for all covered events that occur during the term of the takafal contracts respectively, including the event reported after the expiry of the takafal contract term.

An estimated amount of the claim is recorded immediately on the intimation to the Operator. The estimation of the amount is based on management judgement or preliminary assessment by the independence surveyor appointed for the purpose. The initial estimates include expected settlement cost of the claims. Provision for IBNR claims is determined based on actuary advice and is estimated using Chain Ladder (CL) methodology. The Chain Ladder (CL) Method involves determination of development factors or link ratios for each period. These are then subsequently combined to determine Cumulative Development Factor (CDF) which represents the extent of future development of claims to reach their ultimate level.

There are several variable factors which affect the amount and timing of recognised claim liabilities. The Operator takes all reasonable measures to mitigate the factors affecting the amount and timing of claim settlements. However, uncertainty prevails with estimated claim liabilities and it is likely that final settlement of these liabilities may be different from initial recognised amount. Outstanding claims are reviewed on a periodic basis.

## 28.1.4 Key assumptions

The process used to determine the assumptions for calculating the outstanding claim reserve is intended to result in neutral estimates of the most likely or expected income. The nature of the business makes it very difficult to predict with certainty the likely outcome of any particular claim and the ultimate cost of notified claims. Each notified claim is assessed on a separate case to case basis with due regard to the claim circumstances, information available from surveyors and historical evidence of the size of similar claims. Core estimates are reviewed regularly and are updated as and when new information is available.

The principal assumption underlying the liability estimation of IBNR and Contribution Deficiency Reserves is that the PTF's future claim development will follow similar historical pattern for occurrence and reporting. The management uses qualitative judgement to assess the extent to which past occurrence and reporting pattern will not apply in future. The judgement includes external factors e.g. treatment of one-off occurrence claims, changes in market factors, economic conditions, etc.

The estimation of IBNR is generally subject to a greater degree of uncertainty than the estimation of the cost of settling claims already notified to the Operator, in which case information about the claim event is available. IBNR provisions are initially estimated at a gross level and a separate calculation is carried out to estimate the size of the reinsurance recoveries. The estimation process takes into account the past claims reporting pattern and details of reinsurance programs.

## 28.1.5 Sensitivity analysis

The risks associated with the takafal contracts are complex and subject to a number of variables which complicate quantitative sensitivity analysis. The Operator makes various assumptions and techniques based on past claims development experience. This includes indications such as average claims cost, ultimate claims numbers and expected loss ratios. The Operator considers that the liability for claims recognised in the balance sheet is adequate. However, actual experience may differ from the expected outcome.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

The claim liabilities are sensitive to the incidence of covered events and severity / size of claims. As the Operator enters into short term takaful contracts, it does not assume any significant impact of changes in market conditions on unexpired risks. However, some results of sensitivity testing are set out below, showing the impact on profit before tax net of retakaful. The impact of 10 % increase / decrease in incidence of covered events on gross claim liabilities, underwriting results, net claim liabilities, profit before tax and shareholder's equity is as follows:

	Participant Takaful Fund	
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	Underwriting results and Fund balance	Underwriting results and Fund balance
	(Rupees in '000)	
<b>Average claim cost</b>		
Fire and property	14,002	2,517
Marine and transport	11,901	3,166
Motor	27,488	19,510
Other classes	1,996	406
	<u>55,387</u>	<u>25,599</u>

## 29.1.6 Concentration of risk

To optimise benefits from the principle of average and law of large numbers, geographical spread of risk is of extreme importance. There are a number of parameters which are significant in assessing the accumulation of risk with reference to the geographical location, the most important of which is risk survey. Risk surveys are carried out on a regular basis for the evaluation of physical hazards associated with the insured property.

The adequate event limit is a multiple of the treaty capacity or the primary recovery from excess of loss treaty, which is very much in line with the risk management philosophy of the Operator. Retakaful ceded does not relieve the Operator from its obligation towards participants and, as a result the Operator remains liable for the portion of outstanding claims retakaful to the extent that retakaful operator fails to meet the obligation under the retakaful agreements. The Operator minimises its exposure to significant losses by obtaining retakaful from a number of retakaful, who are dispersed over several geographical regions.

The concentration of risk by type of contracts based on single risk with maximum exposure is summarised below:

	December 31, 2025		
	Gross sum covered	Retakaful	Net
	(Rupees in '000)		
Fire and property	4,153,830	4,149,676	4,154
Marine and transport	641,036	621,036	20,000
Motor	80,000	74,000	6,000
Other classes	490,389	441,350	49,039
	<u>5,365,255</u>	<u>5,286,062</u>	<u>79,193</u>
	December 31, 2024		
	Gross sum covered	Retakaful	Net
	(Rupees in '000)		
Fire and property	4,084,739	4,064,739	20,000
Marine and transport	620,531	560,531	60,000
Motor	80,000	74,000	6,000
Other classes	490,389	441,350	49,039
	<u>5,275,659</u>	<u>5,140,620</u>	<u>135,039</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 30. SEGMENT INFORMATION

### 30.1 Participants' Takaful Fund

	December 31, 2025				Aggregate
	Fire and property	Marine and transport	Motor	Other classes	
	(Rupees in '000)				
Contribution receivable (inclusive of federal excise duty and administrative surcharge)	268,427	114,465	377,504	74,485	834,881
Less: Federal Excise Duty	(35,544)	(14,147)	(51,059)	(7,204)	(107,954)
Less: Federal Insurance Fee	(2,272)	(995)	(3,236)	(666)	(7,169)
Gross written contribution (inclusive of administrative surcharge)	230,611	99,323	323,209	66,615	719,758
Wakala fees	(70,341)	(30,296)	(98,586)	(20,319)	(219,542)
Takaful contribution earned	235,448	96,888	300,683	77,980	700,999
Takaful contribution ceded to retakaful operators	(211,230)	(71,170)	(71,623)	(36,779)	(390,802)
<b>Net takaful contribution</b>	(56,123)	(4,578)	130,474	20,882	90,655
Retakaful rebate	45,256	17,624	5,195	9,277	77,352
<b>Net underwriting income</b>	(10,867)	13,046	135,669	30,159	168,007
Takaful claims	(140,016)	(119,011)	(274,882)	(19,953)	(553,862)
Takaful claims recovered from retakaful	113,921	95,283	76,124	16,777	302,105
<b>Net claims</b>	(26,095)	(23,728)	(198,758)	(3,176)	(251,757)
(Deficit) / surplus before investment income	(36,962)	(10,682)	(63,089)	26,983	(83,750)
Other expenses					(4,311)
Net investment income					22,648
Other income					10,413
Provision for impairment					-
Mudarib fees					(12,692)
Surplus transferred to balance of PTF					(67,692)
<b>Allocated Assets</b>					
Premium due but unpaid	23,197	23,355	58,351	11,560	116,463
Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded	99,629	7,086	9,545	6,176	122,436
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	107,464	34,419	9,605	11,702	163,190
Deferred Wakala expense	41,289	3,017	57,614	2,851	104,771
Salvage recoveries outstanding	565	300	8,900	-	9,765
	272,144	68,177	144,015	32,289	516,625
<b>Unallocated Assets</b>					
Amount due from other insurers/ reinsurers					137,322
Cash and Cash equivalents					257,303
Loan - secured, considered good					2,369
Others					74
Taxation - provision less payment					6,680
					403,748
<b>Total Assets</b>					920,373
<b>Allocated Liabilities</b>					
Outstanding Claims	131,030	43,802	139,128	14,657	328,617
Unearned Premium	119,565	8,621	167,093	8,388	303,667
Reserve for unearned retakaful rebate	24,801	1,772	1,878	1,161	29,612
	275,396	54,195	308,099	24,206	661,896
<b>Unallocated Liabilities</b>					
Contribution received in advance					11,493
Amount due to other insurer/ reinsurers					117,352
Other creditors and accruals					18,670
Payable to OPF					69,743
					217,258
<b>Total liabilities</b>					879,154

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December 31, 2025

	Fire and property	Marine and transport	Motor	Other classes	Aggregate
	(Rupees in '000)				
<b>30.2 Operator's Fund</b>					
Wakala fee					219,542
Commission expense					(99,259)
Management expenses					(148,380)
					<u>(28,097)</u>
Investment income					14,912
Other income					4,391
Mudarib fees					12,692
Other expenses					(2,860)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>					<u>1,038</u>
Taxation					(301)
Profit after tax for the period					<u>737</u>
<b>Segment assets</b>					<u>339,399</u>
<b>Segment liabilities</b>					<u>210,815</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## SEGMENT INFORMATION

### Participants' Takaful Fund

	December 31, 2024				
	Fire and property	Marine and transport	Motor	Other classes	Aggregate
	(Rupees in '000)				
Contribution receivable (inclusive of federal excise duty and administrative surcharge)	258,697	107,456	318,239	50,364	734,756
Less: Federal Excise Duty	(33,596)	(12,936)	(41,697)	(5,909)	(94,138)
Less: Federal Insurance Fee	(2,205)	(937)	(2,739)	(440)	(6,321)
Gross written contribution (inclusive of administrative surcharge)	222,896	93,583	273,803	44,015	634,297
Wakala fees	(62,397)	(26,197)	(76,648)	(12,322)	(177,564)
Takaful contribution earned	207,633	91,752	272,696	29,429	601,510
Takaful contribution ceded to retakaful operators	(192,923)	(69,501)	(39,424)	(21,237)	(323,085)
<b>Net takaful contribution</b>	(47,687)	(3,946)	156,624	(4,130)	100,861
Retakaful rebate	36,866	15,637	2,041	2,605	57,149
<b>Net underwriting income</b>	(10,821)	11,691	158,665	(1,525)	158,010
Takaful claims	(25,165)	(31,661)	(195,100)	(4,047)	(255,973)
Takaful claims recovered from retakaful	21,273	24,893	28,875	3,222	78,263
<b>Net claims</b>	(3,892)	(6,768)	(166,225)	(825)	(177,710)
Surplus before investment income	(14,713)	4,923	(7,560)	(2,350)	(19,700)
Other expenses					(5,119)
Net investment income					–
Other income					50,662
Provision for impairment					(4,607)
Mudarib fees					(15,198)
Surplus transferred to balance of PTF					6,038
<b>Allocated Assets</b>					
Premium due but unpaid	21,629	12,735	37,085	16,012	87,461
Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded	94,311	3,908	9,967	8,674	116,860
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	15,022	8,746	11,573	2,286	37,627
Deferred Wakala expense	34,320	1,856	43,370	5,926	85,472
Salvage recoveries outstanding	55	–	8,100	–	8,155
	165,337	27,245	110,095	32,898	335,575
<b>Unallocated Assets</b>					
Amount due from other insurers/ reinsurers					149,144
Cash and Cash equivalents					424,859
Loan - secured, considered good					130
Taxation - provision less payment					9,901
					584,034
<b>Total Assets</b>					919,609
<b>Allocated Liabilities</b>					
Outstanding Claims	17,514	11,324	130,662	3,642	163,142
Unearned Premium	114,403	6,185	144,567	19,753	284,908
Reserve for unearned retakaful rebate	22,633	977	2,072	2,682	28,364
	154,550	18,486	277,301	26,077	476,414
<b>Unallocated Liabilities</b>					
Contribution received in advance					17,360
Amount due to other insurer/ reinsurers					245,690
Other creditors and accruals					15,684
Payable to OPF					55,550
					334,284
<b>Total liabilities</b>					810,698

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	Fire and property	Marine and transport	Motor	Other classes	Aggregate
	(Rupees in '000)				
<b>Operator's Fund</b>					
Wakala fee					177,564
Commission expense					(79,605)
Management expenses					(102,375)
					<u>(4,416)</u>
Investment income					–
Other income					32,955
Mudarib fees					15,198
Other expenses					(1,864)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>					<u>41,873</u>
Taxation					(12,143)
Profit after tax for the period					<u><u>29,730</u></u>
<b>Segment assets</b>					<u><u>320,283</u></u>
<b>Segment liabilities</b>					<u><u>193,639</u></u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 31. MANAGEMENT OF TAKAFUL AND FINANCIAL RISK

Insurance and financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025.

### 31.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Operator attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

#### 31.1.1 Management of credit risk

The Operator's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the guidelines set by the Board of Directors. Credit risk is managed and controlled by the management of the Operator in the following manner:

- Credit rating and / or credit worthiness of the counter party is taken into account along with the financial background so as to minimize the risk of default. Collaterals are obtained wherever appropriate / relevant.
- The risk of counterparty exposure due to failed agreements causing a loss to the Operator is mitigated by a periodic review of the credit ratings, financial statements, credit worthiness, etc. on a regular basis and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.
- Loans given to employees are deductible from the salary of the employees.
- Cash is held with reputable banks only.

To reduce the credit risk the management continuously reviews and monitors the credit exposure towards the policyholders and other insurers/reinsurers and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.

#### 31.1.2 Exposure to credit risk

In summary, compared to the amount included in statement of assets and liabilities, the maximum exposure to credit risk as at December 31, 2025 is as follows:

	December 31, 2025			
	Operator's Fund		Participant Takaful Fund	
	Balance as per the financial statement	Maximum exposure	Balance as per the financial statement	Maximum exposure
	(Rupees in '000)			
Loan and other receivables	1,862	1,862	2,369	2,369
Takaful / retakaful receivable	–	–	253,785	253,785
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	–	–	163,190	163,190
Salvage recoveries accrued	–	–	9,765	9,765
Receivable from PTF	69,743	69,743	–	–
Balance with banks	62,901	62,901	256,943	256,943
	<u>134,506</u>	<u>134,506</u>	<u>686,052</u>	<u>686,052</u>
	December 31, 2024			
	Operator's Fund		Participant Takaful Fund	
	Balance as per the financial statement	Maximum exposure	Balance as per the financial statement	Maximum exposure
	(Rupees in '000)			
Loan and other receivables	149	149	129	129
Takaful / retakaful receivable	–	–	236,605	236,605
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	–	–	37,627	37,627
Salvage recoveries accrued	–	–	8,155	8,155
Receivable from PTF	55,550	55,550	–	–
Balance with banks	224,438	224,438	424,743	424,743
	<u>280,137</u>	<u>280,137</u>	<u>707,259</u>	<u>707,259</u>

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## 31.1.3 Past due / impaired assets

Age analysis of contribution due but unpaid at the reporting date was:

	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Gross (Rupees in '000)	Impairment	Gross (Rupees in '000)	Impairment
Upto 1 year	118,276	–	87,461	–
1-2 year	1,485	3,298	3,298	3,298
Over 2 years	–	–	–	–
<b>Total</b>	<b>119,761</b>	<b>3,298</b>	<b>90,759</b>	<b>3,298</b>

Age analysis of amount due from other takaful / retakaful Operators at the reporting date was:

	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Gross (Rupees in '000)	Impairment	Gross (Rupees in '000)	Impairment
Upto 1 year	119,918	–	130,190	–
1-2 year	37,621	(20,217)	38,054	(19,100)
Over 2 years	1,694	(1,694)	2,811	(2,811)
<b>Total</b>	<b>159,233</b>	<b>(21,911)</b>	<b>171,055</b>	<b>(21,911)</b>

Age analysis of retakaful and other recoveries against outstanding claims at the reporting date was:

	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Gross (Rupees in '000)	Impairment	Gross (Rupees in '000)	Impairment
Upto 1 year	146,531	–	27,258	–
1-2 year	7,870	–	(30,300)	–
Over 2 years	18,553	–	48,824	–
<b>Total</b>	<b>172,955</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>45,782</b>	<b>–</b>

In respect of the aforementioned takaful and retakaful assets, the Company takes into account its past history / track record of recoveries and financial position of the counterparties while creating provision for impairment. Further, retakaful recoveries are made when corresponding liabilities are settled.

## 31.1.4 Credit Rating and Collateral

The credit quality of Operator's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit rating as follows:

	Short/ Long term Rating	Rating Agency	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
			Operator's Fund (Rupees in '000)	Participant Takaful Fund	Operator's Fund (Rupees in '000)	Participant Takaful Fund
Bank AL Habib Limited	A1+ / AAA	PACRA	58,612	215,519	217,701	400,253
Habib Bank Limited	A1+ / AAA	JCR-VIS	4,289	8,130	6,737	4,085
Meezan Bank Limited	A1+ / AAA	JCR-VIS	–	31,308	–	20,405
Soneri Bank Limited	A1+ / AA-	PACRA	–	1,985	–	–
			<b>62,901</b>	<b>256,942</b>	<b>224,438</b>	<b>424,743</b>

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The Operator enters into re-takaful / co-takaful arrangements with re-takaful / other takaful operators having sound credit ratings accorded by reputed credit rating agencies. The Operator is required to comply with the requirements of circular no. 32 / 2009 dated October 27, 2009 issued by SECP which requires an insurance company to place at least 80% of their outward treaty cessions with reinsurers rated 'A' or above by Standard & Poors with the balance being placed with entities rated at least 'BBB' by reputable ratings agency. An analysis of re-takaful assets relating to outward treaty cessions recognised by the rating of the entity from which it relates is as follows:

	Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded	2025	2024
				(Rupees in '000)	
A or above (including PRCL)	<u>159,233</u>	<u>172,955</u>	<u>122,436</u>	<u>454,624</u>	<u>333,697</u>

## 31.1.5 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties have a similar type of business activities. As a result, any change in economic, political or other conditions would effect their ability to meet contractual obligations in similar manner. The company manages concentration of credit risk through diversification of activities among individuals, groups and industry segments.

Sector-wise analysis of contribution due but unpaid at the reporting date was:

	Participant Takaful Fund		Participant Takaful Fund	
	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	(Rupees in '000)	%	(Rupees in '000)	%
Automobiles	13,182	11.3	13,039	14.9
Banks, modaraba and leasing	13,748	11.8	8,907	10.2
Textile and composite	8,387	7.2	6,165	7.0
Chemicals and allied industries	1,664	1.4	307	0.4
Cable, engineering and steel	764	0.7	1,927	2.2
Food and confectionary	6,290	5.4	7,414	8.5
Sugar	1,296	1.1	1,933	2.2
Pharmaceuticals	23,439	20.1	7,070	8.1
Others	47,693	41.0	40,699	46.5
	<u>116,463</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>87,461</u>	<u>100.00</u>

## 31.1.6 Settlement risk

The Operator's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honor its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed on sale.

This risk is addressed more or less in accordance with the parameters set out in the credit risk management above.

## 31.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Operator will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Operator could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or may face difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due.

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## 31.2.1 Management of liquidity risk

The Operator's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Operator's reputation. Due to nature of the business, the Operator maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining committed credit lines available. The Operator's liquidity management involves projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to fulfil its obligation; monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

## 31.2.2 Maturity analysis of financial assets and liabilities

The table below analyses the Operator's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to maturity date and represents the undiscounted cash flows. The amounts in the table are the gross nominal undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments): The information given below is based on contractual repricing on maturity dates, which ever is earlier.

	December 31, 2025		
	Interest/ Markup bearing	Non-Interest/ Non-markup bearing	Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity upto one year (Rupees in '000)	
<b>Operator's Fund</b>			
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>			
Loans and other receivables	–	1,862	1,862
Receivable from PTF	–	69,743	69,743
Cash and bank balances	62,901	–	62,901
	<u>62,901</u>	<u>71,605</u>	<u>134,506</u>
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>			
Other creditors and accrual	–	61,687	61,687
<b>Net</b>	<u>62,901</u>	<u>9,918</u>	<u>72,819</u>
	December 31, 2024		
	Interest/ Markup bearing	Non-Interest/ Non-markup bearing	Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity upto one year (Rupees in '000)	
<b>Operator's Fund</b>			
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>			
Loans and other receivables	–	149	149
Receivable from PTF	–	55,550	55,550
Cash and bank balances	224,438	–	224,438
	<u>224,438</u>	<u>55,699</u>	<u>280,137</u>
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>			
Other creditors and accrual	–	57,877	57,877
<b>Net</b>	<u>224,438</u>	<u>(2,178)</u>	<u>222,260</u>

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	December 31, 2025		
	Interest/ Markup bearing	Non-Interest/ Non-markup bearing	Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity upto one year (Rupees in '000)	
<b>Participant Takaful Fund</b>			
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>			
Loans and other receivables	–	2,369	2,369
Takaful/ retakaful receivables	–	253,785	253,785
Balance with banks	256,943	–	256,943
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	–	163,190	163,190
Salvage recoveries accrued	–	9,765	9,765
	256,943	429,109	686,052
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>			
Outstanding claims including IBNR	–	328,617	328,617
Takaful/ retakaful payables	–	117,352	117,352
Other creditors and accrual	–	6,479	6,479
	–	452,448	452,448
Net	256,943	(23,339)	233,604

	December 31, 2024		
	Interest/ Markup bearing	Non-Interest/ Non-markup bearing	Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity upto one year (Rupees in '000)	
<b>Participant Takaful Fund</b>			
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>			
Loans and other receivables	–	129	129
Takaful/ retakaful receivables	–	236,605	236,605
Balance with banks	424,743	–	424,743
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	–	37,627	37,627
Salvage recoveries accrued	–	8,155	8,155
	424,743	282,516	707,259
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>			
Outstanding claims including IBNR	–	163,142	163,142
Takaful/ retakaful payables	–	245,690	245,690
Other creditors and accrual	–	3,358	3,358
	–	412,190	412,190
Net	424,743	(129,674)	295,069

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## 31.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads (not relating to changes in the obligor's / issuer's credit standing) will effect the Operator's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

The Operator is exposed to interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk.

### 31.3.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate exposure arises from balances held in profit and loss sharing accounts with reputable banks and government securities. The Operator limits interest rate risk by monitoring changes in interest rates. Other risk management procedures are the same as those mentioned in the credit risk management.

#### 31.3.1.1 Sensitivity analysis

At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the Operator's interest-bearing financial instrument are as follows:

	Operator's Takaful Fund		Operator's Takaful Fund	
	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Effective interest rate (in %)	(Rupees in '000)	Effective interest rate (in %)	(Rupees in '000)
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Assets subject to variable rate				
- Balances with banks	8.5% - 12.0%	<u>62,901</u>	11.0% - 19.0%	<u>224,438</u>

	Participants Takaful Fund		Participants Takaful Fund	
	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Effective interest rate (in %)	(Rupees in '000)	Effective interest rate (in %)	(Rupees in '000)
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Assets subject to variable rate				
- Balances with banks	8.5% - 12.0%	<u>256,943</u>	11.0% - 19.0%	<u>424,743</u>

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Operator does not account for any fixed rate financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account and Fund of the Operator.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The Operator is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in respect of its balances with profit and loss sharing account with banks. A hypothetical change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have decreased / (increased) profit for the year by the amounts shown below. It is assumed that the changes occur immediately and uniformly to each category of instrument containing interest rate risk. Variations in market interest rates could produce significant changes at the time of early repayments. For these reasons, actual results might differ from those reflected in the details specified below. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

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	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Mark-up 100 bps		Mark-up 100 bps	
	Operator's Takaful Fund		Operator's Takaful Fund	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Cash flow sensitivity	6,290	(6,290)	22,444	(22,444)

(Rupees in '000)

	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Mark-up 100 bps		Mark-up 100 bps	
	Participant Takaful Fund		Participant Takaful Fund	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Cash flow sensitivity	25,694	(25,694)	42,474	(42,474)

(Rupees in '000)

## 31.3.2 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices (other than those arising from interest / mark-up rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all or similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The WTO's strategy is to hold its strategic investments for long period of time. Thus, WTO's management is not concerned with short term price fluctuations with respect to its strategic investments provided that the underlying business, economic and management characteristics of the investee remain favorable. WTO strives to maintain above average levels of shareholders' capital to provide a margin of safety against short term equity price volatility. WTO manages price risk by monitoring exposure in these securities and implementing the strict discipline in internal risk management and investment policies.

Market prices are subject to fluctuation and consequently the amount realized in the subsequent sale of an investment may significantly differ from the reported market value. Furthermore, amount realized in the sale of a particular security may be affected by the relative quantity of the security being sold.

The WTO has no significant concentration of price risk.

## 31.3.3 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The WTO, at present is not materially exposed to currency risk as majority of the transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

## 31.4 Fund management

The Operator's objective when managing capital is to safe guard the WTO's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses.

The Operator manages its fund structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions.

The statement of solvency is presented in note 30 to the financial statements.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## 31.5 Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Liabilities	Equity Share Capital	Reserves (including unappropriated profit) (Rupees in '000)	Liabilities	Equity Share Capital	Reserves (including unappropriated profit)
<b>Operator's Takaful Fund</b>						
Balance as at January 01,	193,639	50,000	76,644	153,611	50,000	37,630
Liability related changes during the year	17,176	–	–	40,028	–	–
Equity related changes during the year	–	–	376	–	–	39,014
Balance as at December 31,	<u>210,815</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>77,020</u>	<u>193,639</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>76,644</u>

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Liabilities	Equity Share Capital	Reserves (including unappropriated profit) (Rupees in '000)	Liabilities	Equity Share Capital	Reserves (including unappropriated profit)
<b>Participants' Takaful Fund</b>						
Balance as at January 01,	810,698	500	108,411	581,605	500	102,373
Liability related changes during the year	68,456	–	–	229,093	–	–
Equity related changes during the year	–	–	(67,692)	–	–	6,038
Balance as at December 31,	<u>879,154</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>40,719</u>	<u>810,698</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>108,411</u>

## 32. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value.

The following table shows financial instruments recognized at fair value, analysed between those whose fair value is based on:

Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and

Level 3: those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

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## Participants' Takaful Fund

	December 31, 2025					Fair value measurement using		
	Held to maturity	Loans & receivable	Other financial assets	financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(Rupees in '000)							
<b>Financial assets not measured at fair value</b>								
Loans and other receivables	-	2,369	-	-	2,369	-	-	-
Takaful/ retakaful recoveries	-	253,785	-	-	253,785	-	-	-
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	-	163,190	-	-	163,190	-	-	-
Salvage Recoveries Accrued	-	9,765	-	-	9,765	-	-	-
Balance with banks	-	-	256,943	-	256,943	-	-	-
	-	429,109	256,943	-	686,052	-	-	-
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</b>								
Outstanding claims including IBNR	-	-	-	328,617	328,617	-	-	-
Takaful / retakaful payables	-	-	-	117,352	117,352	-	-	-
Other creditors and accrual	-	-	-	6,479	6,479	-	-	-
	-	-	-	452,448	452,448	-	-	-

## Participants' Takaful Fund

	December 31, 2024					Fair value measurement using		
	Held to maturity	Loans & receivable	Other financial assets	financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(Rupees in '000)							
<b>Financial assets measured at fair value</b>								
Loans and other receivables	-	129	-	-	129	-	-	-
Takaful/ retakaful recoveries	-	236,605	-	-	236,605	-	-	-
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	-	37,627	-	-	37,627	-	-	-
Salvage Recoveries Accrued	-	8,155	-	-	8,155	-	-	-
Balance with banks	-	-	424,743	-	424,743	-	-	-
	-	282,516	424,743	-	707,259	-	-	-
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</b>								
Payable to OPF	-	-	-	163,142	163,142	-	-	-
Outstanding claims including IBNR	-	-	-	245,690	245,690	-	-	-
Takaful / retakaful payables	-	-	-	3,358	3,358	-	-	-
	-	-	-	412,190	412,190	-	-	-

The carrying values of financial assets and liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate to their fair value, as these are mostly short term in nature or repriced frequently.



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## 33. STATEMENT OF SOLVENCY

December 31, 2025      December 31, 2024  
(Rupees in '000)

Loans and other receivables	2,369	130
Takaful / retakaful receivable	253,785	236,605
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	163,190	37,627
Salvage recoveries accrued	9,765	8,155
Deferred Wakala expense	104,771	85,472
Taxation - payments less provision	6,680	9,901
Prepayments	122,510	116,860
Cash and bank	257,303	424,859
<b>Total Assets (A)</b>	<b>920,373</b>	<b>919,609</b>
<b>In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000</b>		
Contribution due since more than three months	(29,736)	(18,195)
<b>Total In-admissible assets (B)</b>	<b>(29,736)</b>	<b>(18,195)</b>
<b>Total Admissible Assets C= A-B</b>	<b>890,637</b>	<b>901,414</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>PTF underwriting provisions</b>		
Outstanding claims including IBNR	328,617	163,142
Unearned contribution reserve	303,667	284,908
Reserve for unearned retakaful rebate	29,612	28,364
Contribution received in advance	11,493	17,360
Takaful / retakaful payable	117,352	245,690
Other creditors and accrual	18,670	15,684
Payable to OTF	69,743	55,550
<b>Total Liabilities (D)</b>	<b>879,154</b>	<b>810,698</b>
<b>Net Surplus as at December 31 (E=C-D)</b>	<b>11,483</b>	<b>90,716</b>

## 34. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

At year end	35	37
Average during the year	36	33

## 35. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Previous year figures have been rearranged and/or reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison in the financial statements. However, no material rearrangement / reclassification made during the year.

## 36. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Thousand Rupees.

## 37. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been authorised for issue on March 27, 2026 by the Board of Directors.

MANSOOR G. HABIB      AUN MOHAMMAD A. HABIB      SHABBIR GULAMALI      MURTAZA HUSSAIN      MUHAMMAD ASIF  
*Chairman*                      *Director*                      *Director*                      *Chief Executive*                      *Chief Financial Officer*

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Pattern of Shareholding as at December 31, 2025

Number of Shareholders	Shareholdings' Slab		Total Shares Held
905	1	to 100	14,247
304	101	to 500	92,592
227	501	to 1000	184,132
494	1001	to 5000	1,354,595
191	5001	to 10000	1,429,681
113	10001	to 15000	1,419,769
42	15001	to 20000	760,875
47	20001	to 25000	1,101,426
33	25001	to 30000	918,563
25	30001	to 35000	829,593
14	35001	to 40000	536,113
9	40001	to 45000	390,356
19	45001	to 50000	934,109
5	50001	to 55000	264,452
8	55001	to 60000	474,320
19	60001	to 65000	1,184,579
7	65001	to 70000	478,686
3	70001	to 75000	213,643
5	75001	to 80000	391,323
2	80001	to 85000	162,191
10	85001	to 90000	873,053
1	90001	to 95000	93,000
9	95001	to 100000	896,554
1	100001	to 105000	100,200
2	105001	to 110000	213,888
3	115001	to 120000	355,693
6	120001	to 125000	741,654
3	125001	to 130000	384,120
3	130001	to 135000	402,098
2	135001	to 140000	278,602
1	140001	to 145000	143,320
4	145001	to 150000	596,860
1	150001	to 155000	152,560
2	155001	to 160000	317,400
1	160001	to 165000	162,289
3	165001	to 170000	506,203
5	170001	to 175000	858,608
3	185001	to 190000	561,176
2	190001	to 195000	387,360
4	195001	to 200000	791,016
4	205001	to 210000	837,078
3	220001	to 225000	666,740
3	225001	to 230000	681,296
1	230001	to 235000	230,565
7	245001	to 250000	1,739,900
1	250001	to 255000	250,058
1	255001	to 260000	258,303
1	265001	to 270000	265,605
1	270001	to 275000	270,885
1	275001	to 280000	275,863
2	280001	to 285000	564,196
1	290001	to 295000	291,983
1	295001	to 300000	300,000
1	300001	to 305000	300,183
2	305001	to 310000	615,670
1	310001	to 315000	312,540
1	315001	to 320000	319,988
1	320001	to 325000	321,696
4	330001	to 335000	1,329,060
3	340001	to 345000	1,027,610
1	370001	to 375000	371,611
1	385001	to 390000	387,848
1	390001	to 395000	393,152
1	410001	to 415000	410,721
1	420001	to 425000	420,300
1	430001	to 435000	432,318
2	445001	to 450000	894,016
1	480001	to 485000	481,010
1	490001	to 495000	493,416
1	495001	to 500000	500,000

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Pattern of Shareholding as at December 31, 2025

Number of Shareholders	Shareholdings' Slab			Total Shares Held
1	505001	to	510000	508,675
2	510001	to	515000	1,027,746
1	525001	to	530000	526,915
1	535001	to	540000	535,800
2	540001	to	545000	1,084,444
1	565001	to	570000	568,000
1	590001	to	595000	591,650
2	595001	to	600000	1,196,723
3	600001	to	605000	1,810,388
1	620001	to	625000	620,360
1	625001	to	630000	625,654
1	630001	to	635000	633,270
1	665001	to	670000	666,091
1	680001	to	685000	684,009
1	690001	to	695000	693,695
2	710001	to	715000	1,424,750
1	735001	to	740000	736,117
1	755001	to	760000	757,323
2	770001	to	775000	1,549,633
1	800001	to	805000	800,219
1	805001	to	810000	809,452
1	810001	to	815000	813,114
1	825001	to	830000	828,243
3	880001	to	885000	2,648,592
1	930001	to	935000	930,194
1	990001	to	995000	990,198
1	995001	to	1000000	1,000,000
1	1085001	to	1090000	1,088,937
1	1090001	to	1095000	1,092,797
1	1115001	to	1120000	1,116,797
1	1135001	to	1140000	1,140,000
1	1150001	to	1155000	1,151,600
1	1205001	to	1210000	1,208,386
1	1215001	to	1220000	1,219,590
1	1225001	to	1230000	1,227,082
1	1245001	to	1250000	1,248,800
3	1265001	to	1270000	3,807,065
1	1395001	to	1400000	1,399,918
1	1405001	to	1410000	1,407,497
1	1420001	to	1425000	1,420,551
1	1425001	to	1430000	1,426,319
1	1435001	to	1440000	1,436,621
1	1475001	to	1480000	1,475,052
2	1630001	to	1635000	3,265,272
1	1875001	to	1880000	1,877,462
1	1940001	to	1945000	1,943,891
1	2440001	to	2445000	2,440,507
1	2720001	to	2725000	2,721,386
1	2990001	to	2995000	2,994,651
1	4975001	to	4980000	4,979,761
1	5360001	to	5365000	5,363,772
1	5735001	to	5740000	5,735,396
1	7025001	to	7030000	7,029,880
2,654				123,874,755

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Pattern of Shareholding as at December 31, 2025

### Additional Information

Shareholders' Category	Number of shareholders / folios	Number of shares held
<b>Associated Companies</b>	–	–
<b>Directors</b>		
Mr. Mansoor G. Habib	1	100,000
Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib	1	774,803
Mr. Qumail R. Habib	1	603,611
Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib	2	1,242,734
Ms. Zahida Habib	1	1,630,317
Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood	1	2,750
Mr. Shahid Ghaffar	1	2,000
Mr. Ali Fadoo	1	2,000
Mr. Shabbir Gulamali	1	2,107
<b>Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children</b>		
Mrs. Farah Fatima Habib w/o Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib	1	1,475,052
<b>Individuals/ Others</b>	2,593	78,966,943
<b>Charitable Trusts, Societies and Government Institutions</b>	39	22,775,076
<b>Foreign Investors</b>	10	9,267,482
<b>Shareholders holding 5% or more</b>	1	7,029,880
	<u>2,654</u>	<u>123,874,755</u>

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Notice of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE is hereby given that the 83rd Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Block 8, Clifton, Karachi on Friday, April 24, 2026 at 10:00 am to transact the following business. The shareholders may also attend the meeting through video conference facility managed by the Company as per instructions given in the notes section.

### Ordinary Business

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.

Pursuant to SRO 389(1)/2023 dated 21 March, 2023, the financial statements of the Company have been uploaded on the website of the Company which can be accessed through the given QR code and web link.

<https://www.habibinsurance.net/docs/HICL-Annual-2025.pdf>



2. To consider and approve payment of cash dividend @ 12.5% i.e., Rs. 0.625 per share of Rs. 5/- each for the year ended December 31, 2025 as recommended by the Board of Directors.
3. To appoint Auditors for the year 2026 and to fix their remuneration M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offered themselves for re-appointment.
4. To elect nine (09) directors of the Company as fixed by the Board vide Resolution by Circular dated March 17, 2026 in accordance with the provisions of Section 159(1) of the Companies Act, 2017 for a term of three years with effect from May 10, 2026.

The following are the retiring Directors, who may offer themselves for election:

Mr. Mansoor G. Habib, Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib, Mr. Qumail R. Habib, Mr. Aun Mohammad A. Habib, Ms. Zahida Habib, Mrs. Ujala Mir Masood, Mr. Shahid Ghaffar, Mr. Ali Fadoo and Mr. Shabbir Gulamali.

5. To consider any other business of the Company with the permission of the Chair.

### Special Business

6. To consider and pass the following Special Resolution to increase the Authorised Share Capital of the Company.

**“RESOLVED** that the authorized share capital of the Company be and is hereby increased to Rs. 1,000,000,000 by the creation of 70,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each, such new shares to rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares in the capital of the Company.

**FURTHER RESOLVED** that the figures and words “Rs. 650,000,000/- (Rupees six hundred and fifty million) divide into 130,000,000 (One hundred and thirty million) ordinary shares of the denomination of Rs. 5/- each” appearing in Clause # 5 of the Memorandum of Association and in Article # 3 of the Articles of Association of the Company be and are hereby substituted by the figures and words “Rs. 1,000,000,000 (Rupees one billion) divided into 200,000,000 (Two hundred million) ordinary shares of the denomination of Rs. 5/- each.”

Statements under Section 166(3) for Item No. 4, and under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017 in respect of special business contained in Item No. 6 are annexed.

By order of the Board

Muhamad Asif  
Company Secretary

Karachi: March 27, 2026

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Notes:

### 1. Participation in the Annual General Meeting (AGM) through Electronic Means:

The entitled shareholders who are interested to attend AGM through online platform and whose names appeared in the Books of the Company by the close of business on April 09, 2026 are hereby requested to get themselves registered with the Company Secretary Office by providing the following details at the earliest but not later than 48 hours before the time of AGM (no account shall be taken of any part of the day that is not a working day) at email: investor.relations@habibinsurance.net

Name of shareholder	CNIC No.	Folio No. / CDS No.	Cell Number	Email address

Upon receipt of the above information from interested shareholders, the Company will send the login details at their email addresses. On the AGM day, shareholders will be able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings through their smartphones or computer devices from any convenient location

The login facility will be opened 30 minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting after identification and verification process.

The entitled shareholders (whose names appeared in the Books of the Company by the close of business on April 09, 2026) along with the details mentioned above may send their comments/suggestions for the proposed Agenda items at the above email address at least 48 hours before the time of AGM (no account shall be taken of any part of the day that is not a working day).

2. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from Friday, April 10, 2026 to Friday, April 24, 2026 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of Annual General Meeting and payment of final dividend.
3. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint another member of the Company as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Proxy form, in order to be effective, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company duly stamped and signed not less than 48 hours before the meeting, within business hours by or before Tuesday April 21, 2026.
4. The entitled shareholders are requested to keep with them their original Computerized National Identity Cards (CNICs) / Passport along with their folio numbers / participant(s) ID numbers and CDC account numbers at the time of attending the Annual General Meeting in order to facilitate identification of the respective shareholders. The proxy shall also produce his/her original CNIC or Passport at the time of the meeting. In case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors' Resolution/Power of Attorney with specimen signatures shall be submitted along with Proxy Form.
5. Members having physical shares are requested to promptly communicate any change in their address to our Share Registrar, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited. Whereas, CDC Account holders may contact their respective CDC participant/broker/Investor Account Services.
6. Any person who seeks to contest the election of directors shall, whether he is a retiring director or otherwise, file with the Company, the following documents and information at its registered office not later than fourteen (14) days before the date of the above said meeting:
  - a) His/her Folio No./ CDC Investor Account No. /CDC Participant No./ Sub-Account No. The qualification of a director shall be his/her holding shares in the Company of the nominal value of Rs.10,000 in terms of Article 52 of the Articles of Association;
  - b) Notice of his/her intention to offer himself/herself for the election of directors in terms of section 159 of the Companies Act, 2017.
  - c) Consent to act as director on Appendix to Form 9 under Section 167 of the Companies Act 2017.
  - d) Information on Annexure A, along with the attachments required therein, and Affidavit on Annexure B required under Insurance Companies (Sound and Prudent Management) Regulations, 2012 notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide S.R.O 15(1) of 2012 dated January 09, 2012. Annexure A and Annexure B are available on SECP's website (www.secp.gov.pk), website of the Company (www.habibinsurance.net) and can also be obtained from the Registered Office of the Company; 1st Floor, State Life Building No.6, Habib Square, M.A. Jinnah Road, Karachi.



# Habib Insurance Company Limited

In case the required information is not provided to our Share Registrar latest by April 09, 2026, it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by them.

In case of corporate entity, withholding tax exemption from dividend income shall only be allowed if copy of valid tax exemption certificate is made available to our Share Registrar latest by April 09, 2026, whereas physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or Company's Share Registrar, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote company name and their respective folio numbers

As per instructions of SECP and Central Depository Company of Pakistan (CDC) circular No. 6 of 2018, the shareholders are hereby informed that the CDC has developed Centralized Cash Dividend Register (CCDR) on eServices Web Portal which contains details of cash dividend such as either paid or unpaid, withheld by the Bank, total amount of cash dividend, tax and zakat deductions and net amount credited into designated bank account of shareholders. The shareholders are requested to register themselves to CDC's eServices Portal link, <https://eservices.cdcaccess.com.pk> to obtain the aforesaid information.

The Corporate shareholders having CDC account are required to have their National Tax number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or Company's Share Registrar, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote company name and their respective folio numbers.

## **8. Payment of cash dividend via Electronic Transfer:**

Under the provision of Section 242 of Companies Act, 2017 and Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017, it is mandatory for a listed company to pay cash dividend to their shareholders only through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders instead of issuing physical dividend warrants.

In order to receive cash dividend directly into the designated bank account, members who have not yet provided the bank account details are requested to fill and sign the "E-Dividend Mandate Form" available on the Company's website [www.habibinsurance.net](http://www.habibinsurance.net) and send to the relevant Participants/Investor Account Services of the CDC/Share Registrar of the Company (as the case may be) latest by April 09, 2026 along with a copy of their valid CNICs.

In case of non-receipt or incorrect International Bank Account Number (IBAN) with other related details or non-availability of valid CNICs, the Company will withhold cash dividend of such members.

## **9. Transmission of Financial Statements & Notices through email**

In pursuant to Section 223 of the Companies Act 2017, Annual Report 2025 which includes Auditors' Report along with Audited Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Chairman's Review Report and Notice of Annual General Meeting are being e-mailed to the members who have provided their e-mail addresses for the said purpose. Members are also requested to intimate change (if any) in their registered e-mail addresses to our Share Registrar for the aforesaid purpose. Members of the Company who wish to receive soft copy of Annual Report are requested to send their e-mail addresses to our Share Registrar through consent form, available on the Company's website

## **10. Procedure for Electronic-Voting and Voting Through Postal Ballot:**

In accordance with the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018 and in compliance of Sections 143 and 144 of the Companies Act, 2017, the shareholders will be allowed to exercise right of vote through postal ballot i.e., by post or through electronic mode in accordance with requirements and procedures mentioned in the aforesaid regulations.

### **i) Electronic-Voting**

- a. Details of the e-voting facility will be shared through an e-mail on April 10, 2026 with those members of the Company who have their valid CNIC numbers, cell numbers, and e-mail addresses available in the register of members of the Company by the close of business of April 09, 2026.
- b. The web address, login details, will be communicated to members via email. The security codes will be communicated to members through SMS from web portal of CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (being the e-voting service provider).
- c. Identity of the members intending to cast vote through e-voting shall be authenticated through electronic signature or authentication for login.
- d. E-Voting lines will start from April 20, 2026, and shall close on April 23, 2026 at 5:00 p.m. Members can cast their votes any time in this period. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by a Member, he/she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## ii) Voting Through Postal Ballot

The members shall ensure that duly filled and signed ballot paper along with copy of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) should reach the Chairman of the meeting through post on the Company's registered address 1st Floor, State Life Building. No.6, Habib Square, M.A. Jinnah Road, Karachi or email at investor.relations@habibinsurance.net one day before the Annual General Meeting on April 23, 2026, during working hours. The signature on the ballot paper shall match with the signature on CNIC.

### Additional Information for Shareholders:

#### a. Unclaimed / Unpaid Cash dividend and Share Certificates:

In compliance with Section 244 of the Act, the Company has already requested through individual letters to shareholders and also through newspaper to collect their unclaimed shares / unpaid cash dividend, if any. Shareholders are once again requested to lodge a claim for unclaimed shares / unpaid cash dividends with the Company's Share Registrar i.e. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited.

#### b. Deposit / Conversion of Physical Shares into Book-Entry form:

The shareholders having physical share certificates of the Company are advised to place / convert their physical shares into Book-Entry form in CDC as required under the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017.

#### c. Restriction on Distribution of Gifts:

In accordance with the directives issued by the SECP vide its SRO 452(I)/2025 dated March 17, 2025, and as per Company's existing practice, no gifts will be distributed at the AGM.

For any query / clarification / information, the shareholder may contact the Share Registrar at the following address:

#### M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited

CDC House, 99-B, Block-B  
SMCHS, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal  
Karachi-74400

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## POSTAL BALLOT PAPER

for voting through post for the Special Business at the Annual General Meeting to be held on Friday, April 24, 2026,  
at 10:00 a.m. at Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Block 8, Clifton, Karachi  
Phone: +92-21- 111-03-03-03 Website: www.habibinsurance.net.

Folio / CDS Account Number	
Name of Shareholder / Proxy Holder	
Registered Address	
Number of shares Held	
CNIC/Passport No. (in case of foreigner) (copy to be attached)	
Additional information and enclosures (in case of representative of body corporate, corporation, and federal Government)	
Name of Authorized Signatory	
CNIC/Passport No. (in case of foreigner) of Authorized Signatory (copy to be attached)	

### Resolution For Agenda Item No. 6

To consider and pass the following Special Resolution to increase the Authorised Share Capital of the Company.

“RESOLVED that the authorized share capital of the Company be and is hereby increased to Rs. 1,000,000,000 by the creation of 70,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each, such new shares to rank pari pasu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares in the capital of the Company.

FURTHER RESOLVED that the figures and words “Rs. 650,000,000/- (Rupees six hundred and fifty million) divide into 130,000,000 (One hundred and thirty million) ordinary shares of the denomination of Rs. 5/- each” appearing in Clause # 5 of the Memorandum of Association and in Article # 3 of the Articles of Association of the Company be and are hereby substituted by the figures and words “Rs. 1,000,000,000 (Rupees one billion) divided into 200,000,000 (Two hundred million) ordinary shares of the denomination of Rs. 5/- each.”

### Instructions For Poll

1. Please indicate your vote by ticking (✓) the relevant box.

2. In case if both the boxes are marked as (✓), you poll shall be treated as “**Rejected**”.

I/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the above resolution through ballot by conveying my/our assent or dissent to the resolution by placing tick (✓) mark in the appropriate box below;

Resolution	I/We assent to the Resolution (FOR)	I/We dissent to the Resolution (AGAINST)
<b>Resolution For Agenda Item No. 6</b>		

1. Dully filled ballot paper should be sent to the Chairman of Habib Insurance Company Limited at 1st Floor, State Life Building. No. 6, Habib Square, M. A. Jinnah Road, Karachi or email at [investor.relations@habibinsurance.net](mailto:investor.relations@habibinsurance.net)
2. Copy of CNIC/ Passport (in case of foreigner) should be enclosed with the postal ballot form.
3. Ballot paper should reach the Chairman within business hours by or before Thursday April 23, 2026. Any postal Ballot received after this date, will not be considered for voting.
4. Signature on ballot paper should match with signature on CNIC/ Passport. (In case of foreigner).
5. Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, over written poll paper will be rejected.
6. In case of a representative of a body corporate, corporation or Federal Government, the Ballot Paper Form must be accompanied by a copy of the CNIC of an authorized person, an attested copy of Board Resolution, / Power of Attorney, / Authorization Letter etc., in accordance with Section(s) 138 or 139 of the Companies Act, 2017 as applicable. In the case of foreign body corporate etc., all documents must be attested by the Counsel General of Pakistan having jurisdiction over the member.
7. Ballot Paper form has also been placed on the website of the Company at: [www.habibinsurance.net](http://www.habibinsurance.net). Members may download the Ballot paper from the website or use an original/photocopy published in newspapers.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Shareholder / Proxy holder Signature/Authorized Signatory  
(In case of corporate entity, please affix company stamp)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

Statement under Section 166(3) of the Companies Act, 2017 in respect of Election of Independent Directors of the Company:

## Item No. 5 of the Agenda

Independent Directors will be elected through the process of election of directors in terms of Section 159 of the Companies Act, 2017 and they shall meet the criteria laid down under Section 166 (2) of the Companies Act, 2017.

## Statement under section 134(3) of the companies act, 2017

## Item No. 6 of the Agenda

The Board of Directors, in their meeting held on March 27, 2026 has recommended to increase the Authorised Share Capital of the company.

Increase in Authorised Capital will also necessitate amendments in Clause # 5 of the Memorandum of Association and Article # 3 of the Articles of Association of the Company.

## Status of approvals for investments in associated companies

### Bank AL Habib Limited

#### Regulation No. 3(1)a

Sr. No.	Description	Information Required
1	Information to be disclosed to the members:- If the associate Company or associated undertaking in which the investment is being made or any of its sponsors or directors is also a member of the investing company, the information about interest of the associated company or associated undertaking and its sponsors and directors in the investing company shall be disclosed in the notice of general meeting called for seeking members' approval pursuant to section 208 of the Ordinance	Bank AL Habib Limited being the associated company on the basis of common directorship of Mr. Qumail R. Habib, Director of the Company is also Director of Bank AL Habib Limited
2	In case any decision to make investment under the authority of a resolution passed pursuant to provisions of section 208 of the Ordinance is not implemented either fully or partially till the holding of subsequent general meeting(s), the status of the decision must be explained to the members through a statement having the following details namely:	Rs. 300 million approved by the shareholders at Annual General Meeting held on April 29, 2025
a)	total investment approved:	
b)	amount of investment made to date:	Nil
c)	reasons for not having made complete investment so far where resolution required it to be implemented in specified time:	Remaining amount may be invested on availability of shares at reasonable price within the period specified in the earlier resolution
d)	material change in financial statements of associated company or associated undertaking since date of the resolution passed for approval of investment in such company	Various

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Status of approvals for investments in associated companies

### Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Sr. No.	Description	Information Required
1	Information to be disclosed to the members:- If the associate Company or associated undertaking in which the investment is being made or any of its sponsors or directors is also a member of the investing company, the information about interest of the associated company or associated undertaking and its sponsors and directors in the investing company shall be disclosed in the notice of general meeting called for seeking members' approval pursuant to section 208 of the Ordinance	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited being associated company on the basis of common directorship of Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib, Director of the company is also Director of Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited.
2	In case any decision to make investment under the authority of a resolution passed pursuant to provisions of section 208 of the Ordinance is not implemented either fully or partially till the holding of subsequent general meeting(s), the status of the decision must be explained to the members through a statement having the following details namely:	Rs. 300 million approved by the shareholders at Annual General Meeting held on April 29, 2025
a)	total investment approved:	
b)	amount of investment made to date:	Rs.105 million
c)	reasons for not having made complete investment so far where resolution required it to be implemented in specified time:	Remaining amount may be invested on availability of shares at reasonable price within the period specified in the earlier resolution
d)	material change in financial statements of associated company or associated undertaking since date of the resolution passed for approval of investment in such company	Various

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Status of approvals for investments in associated companies

### Indus Motor Company Limited

Sr. No.	Description	Information Required
1	Information to be disclosed to the members:-  If the associate Company or associated undertaking in which the investment is being made or any of its sponsors or directors is also a member of the investing company, the information about interest of the associated company or associated undertaking and its sponsors and directors in the investing company shall be disclosed in the notice of general meeting called for seeking members' approval pursuant to section 208 of the Ordinance	Indus Motor Company Limited being the associated company on the basis of common directorship of Mr. Muhammad Hyder Habib, Director of the Company is also a Director of Indus Motor Company Limited.
2	In case any decision to make investment under the authority of a resolution passed pursuant to provisions of section 208 of the Ordinance is not implemented either fully or partially till the holding of subsequent general meeting(s), the status of the decision must be explained to the members through a statement having the following details namely:	Rs. 200 million approved by the shareholders at Annual General Meeting held on April 29, 2025
a)	total investment approved:	
b)	amount of investment made to date:	Nil
c)	reasons for not having made complete investment so far where resolution required it to be implemented in specified time:	Remaining amount may be invested on availability of shares at reasonable price within the period specified in the earlier resolution
d)	material change in financial statements of associated company or associated undertaking since date of the resolution passed for approval of investment in such company	Various

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Status of approvals for investments in associated companies

### Shabbir Tiles & Ceramics Limited

Sr. No.	Description	Information Required
1	Information to be disclosed to the members:-  If the associate Company or associated undertaking in which the investment is being made or any of its sponsors or directors is also a member of the investing company, the information about interest of the associated company or associated undertaking and its sponsors and directors in the investing company shall be disclosed in the notice of general meeting called for seeking members' approval pursuant to section 208 of the Ordinance	Shabbir Tiles & Ceramics Limited being associated company on the basis of common directorship of Mr. Rafiq M. Habib, Chairman of the company is also Chairman of Shabbir Tiles & Ceramics Limited
2	In case any decision to make investment under the authority of a resolution passed pursuant to provisions of section 208 of the Ordinance is not implemented either fully or partially till the holding of subsequent general meeting(s), the status of the decision must be explained to the members through a statement having the following details namely:	Rs. 200 million approved by the shareholders at Annual General Meeting held on April 29, 2025
a)	total investment approved:	
b)	amount of investment made to date:	Nil
c)	reasons for not having made complete investment so far where resolution required it to be implemented in specified time:	Remaining amount may be invested on availability of shares at reasonable price within the period specified in the earlier resolution
d)	material change in financial statements of associated company or associated undertaking since date of the resolution passed for approval of investment in such company	Various

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## Status of approvals for investments in associated companies

### Thal Limited

Sr. No.	Description	Information Required
1	Information to be disclosed to the members:-  If the associate Company or associated undertaking in which the investment is being made or any of its sponsors or directors is also a member of the investing company, the information about interest of the associated company or associated undertaking and its sponsors and directors in the investing company shall be disclosed in the notice of general meeting called for seeking members' approval pursuant to section 208 of the Ordinance	Thal Limited being associated company on the basis of common directorship of Mr. Rafiq M. Habib, Chairman of the company is also Chairman of Thal Limited
2	In case any decision to make investment under the authority of a resolution passed pursuant to provisions of section 208 of the Ordinance is not implemented either fully or partially till the holding of subsequent general meeting(s), the status of the decision must be explained to the members through a statement having the following details namely:	Rs. 200 million approved by the shareholders at Annual General Meeting held on April 29, 2025
a)	total investment approved:	
b)	amount of investment made to date:	Nil
c)	reasons for not having made complete investment so far where resolution required it to be implemented in specified time:	Remaining amount may be invested on availability of units at reasonable price within the period specified in the earlier resolution
d)	material change in financial statements of associated company or associated undertaking since date of the resolution passed for approval of investment in such company	Various

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

۱۳۔ بورڈ نے اپنی کارکردگی کی جانچ کے لئے ایک باقاعدہ طریقہ کار کی منظوری دی ہے۔ کمپنی نے بورڈ کی جانچ پڑتال کے لئے طے شدہ سوالناموں کے ساتھ ان ہاؤس اپروچ اینڈ کوانٹیٹیٹک رائج کی ہوئی ہے بورڈ کی جانچ کا اسکوپ فل بورڈ کے ایوالوشن، انفرادی ڈائریکٹرز، بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں، چیئرمین اور چیف ایگزیکٹو کی جانچ کو کور کرتا ہے۔

۱۴۔ ذیل میں بیان کردہ کے علاوہ، کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر، چیف فنانشل آفیسر، کمپنی سیکرٹری اور ان کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کی جانب سے کمپنی کے شیئرز میں کوئی لین دین نہیں کیا گیا۔

خریدے گئے	شیئرز کی تعداد
جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب	۷۰,۰۰۰
فروخت کئے گئے	شیئرز کی تعداد
جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب	۷۰,۰۰۰

منجانب بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز

مرتضیٰ حسین  
چیف ایگزیکٹو

عمون محمد اے۔ حبیب  
ڈائریکٹر

کراچی: ۲۷ مارچ ۲۰۲۶ء

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

چیف ایگزیکٹو	جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب جناب محمد حیدر حبیب جناب گمیل آر۔ حبیب جناب عون محمد اے۔ حبیب مسز آجالا میر مسعود *** سید اطہر عباس **	۲۹ اپریل ۲۰۲۵ء
چیف ایگزیکٹو	جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب جناب محمد حیدر حبیب جناب عون محمد اے۔ حبیب مسز آجالا میر مسعود *** جناب شبیر غلام علی سید اطہر عباس **	۲۸ اگست ۲۰۲۵ء
چیف ایگزیکٹو	جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب جناب محمد حیدر حبیب جناب گمیل آر۔ حبیب جناب عون محمد اے۔ حبیب جناب علی فدو مسز آجالا میر مسعود *** جناب شبیر غلام علی سید اطہر عباس **	۳۰ اکتوبر ۲۰۲۵ء

\* ۳ ستمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کو انتقال کر گئے

\*\* ۲ دسمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کو مستعفی ہوئے

\*\*\* ۲۸ مارچ ۲۰۲۵ء کو تقرری عمل میں آئی

ان تمام ڈائریکٹرز کے لئے غیر حاضری پر چھٹی منظور کر لی گئی تھی جو اجلاس میں شرکت نہیں کر سکے تھے۔

۱۲۔ شیئر ہولڈنگ کا طرز اور شیئر ہولڈنگ کے طرز سے متعلق اضافی معلومات منسلک شدہ ہے۔

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## کارپوریٹ اور فنانشل رپورٹنگ فریم ورک کا بیان

- ۱۔ کمپنی کی جانب سے تیار کردہ مالیاتی حسابات شفاف انداز میں اس کے کاروباری امور، اس کے آپریشنز کے نتائج، کیش فلوز اور ایکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کو واضح کرتے ہیں۔
- ۲۔ کمپنی کے کھاتوں کی باقاعدہ کتب تیار کی گئی ہیں۔
- ۳۔ درست اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیاں مالیاتی حسابات کی تیاری میں مستقل طور پر لاگو کی جاتی ہیں۔ اگر ان میں کوئی تبدیلی کی جاتی ہے تو مناسب طور پر اسے واضح کر دیا جاتا ہے جبکہ اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینہ جات مناسب اور محتاط فیصلوں پر مبنی ہوتے ہیں۔
- ۴۔ انٹرنیشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈز اور اسلامک فنانشل اکاؤنٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈز، جیسا کہ پاکستان میں رائج ہیں، مالیاتی حسابات کی تیاری میں لاگو کیے جاتے ہیں اور ان سے کسی قسم کی روگردانی، اگر کوئی ہو، سے مناسب حد تک وضاحت کردی گئی ہے۔
- ۵۔ انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام مستحکم طور پر تیار کیا گیا ہے اور موثر طور پر نافذ العمل اور زیر نگرانی رہتا ہے۔
- ۶۔ جاری ادارے کی کارکردگی مناسب ہے، اور کسی قسم کی غیر یقینی صورتحال کی نشاندہی نہیں کی گئی جو کمپنی کی آگے بڑھنے کی صلاحیت پر کسی قسم کے شکوک و شبہات ظاہر کرتی ہو۔
- ۷۔ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقہ کار سے کوئی روگردانی نہیں کا جاتی جیسا کہ لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں مفصل طور پر درج ہے۔
- ۸۔ گزشتہ ۶ سال کیلئے کلیدی آپرینٹنگ اور مالیاتی تفصیل منسلک ہے۔
- ۹۔ ٹیکسز اور لیویز کے بارے میں معلومات مالیاتی حسابات کیلئے نوٹس میں درج ہیں۔
- ۱۰۔ ۳۱ دسمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کے مطابق پراویڈنٹ فنڈ کے ڈپازٹ اکاؤنٹس میں سرمایہ کاریاں اور بیلنس کی مالیت ۱۴۱،۹ ملین روپے ہے۔
- ۱۱۔ سال کے دوران بورڈ کے ۱۴ اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور اس میں ڈائریکٹرز کی شرکت درج ذیل کے مطابق رہی:

### شرکت کردہ منجانب

### اجلاس کی تاریخ

جناب رفیق ایم۔ حبیب*	۲۷ مارچ ۲۰۲۵ء
جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب	
جناب محمد حیدر حبیب	
جناب گمیل آر۔ حبیب	
جناب عون محمد اے۔ حبیب	
جناب شاہد غفار	
جناب شبیر غلام علی	
سید اطہر عباس**	

چیف ایگزیکٹو

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## انویسٹمنٹ کمیٹی

انویسٹمنٹ کمیٹی ۶ ممبران پر مشتمل ہے جس کی نمائندگی ایک انڈیپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر، ۲ نان۔ ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز، ایک ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر، چیف ایگزیکٹو اور چیف فنانشل آفیسر کرتے ہیں۔ انویسٹمنٹ کمیٹی نے سال کے دوران ۴ اجلاس طلب کئے اور اس میں شرکت درج ذیل کے مطابق تھی:

### شرکت کردہ اجلاسوں کی تعداد

1	چیئر مین	جناب شاہد غفار
4	ممبر	جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب
2	ممبر	جناب گمیل آر۔ حبیب
3	ممبر	جناب عون محمد اے۔ حبیب
4	ممبر	جناب مرتضیٰ حسین
4	ممبر	سید اطہر عباس*

غیر حاضری کے سلسلے میں ان تمام ڈائریکٹرز کے لئے چھٹی منظور کر لی گئی تھی جو اجلاس میں شرکت نہیں کر سکے تھے۔

\* ۲ دسمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کو مستعفی ہوئے

### ڈائریکٹرز کا تربیتی پروگرام

ڈائریکٹرز نے کوڈ میں درج اہلیت کے معیار کے مطابق گزشتہ سالوں میں مطلوبہ پڑیننگ میں شرکت کی یا اس سے مستثنیٰ رہے۔

### ڈائریکٹرز کی ری میوزیشن پالیسی

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے ”ڈائریکٹرز کے معاوضوں کے تعین کے لئے ایک پالیسی اور طریقہ کار“ کی منظوری دی ہے جس میں واضح کیا گیا ہے:

- کوئی بھی ڈائریکٹر ذاتی معاوضے کا تعین نہیں کرے گا۔ یہ معاوضہ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی منظوری سے ہوگا۔
- معاوضوں کی ادائیگی ذمہ داریوں اور صلاحیتوں کے پیمانے کے مطابق موزوں اور مناسب سطح پر کی جاتی ہے تاکہ ڈائریکٹرز کی حوصلہ افزائی ہو اور وہ کمپنی سے منسلک رہتے ہوئے کمپنی کو کامیابی سے چلائیں اور اس کی قدر میں اضافہ کریں تاہم یہ اس سطح پر نہیں جس سے ان کی آزادی پر کسی سمجھوتے یا مفاہمت کا تصور اُجاگر ہو۔

ڈائریکٹرز کے معاوضے کی تفصیلات نوٹ ۳۳ میں واضح کی گئی ہیں۔

### آڈیٹرز

موجودہ آڈیٹرز میسرز گرانٹ تھورنٹن انجم رحمان اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس سبکدوش ہو رہے ہیں اور انہوں نے خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کیا ہے۔ جیسا کہ آڈٹ کمیٹی کی جانب سے تجویز کیا گیا، بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے سفارش کی ہے کہ گرانٹ تھورنٹن انجم رحمان اینڈ کمپنی کو ۳۱ دسمبر ۲۰۲۶ء کیلئے باہمی طے شدہ معاوضے پر کمپنی کا آڈیٹرز مقرر کر دیا جائے۔

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## بورڈ کی کمیٹیاں

### آڈٹ کمیٹی

کمپنی کی آڈٹ کمیٹی ایک انڈیپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر بطور چیئر مین کی نمائندگی کے ساتھ ۳ ممبران پر مشتمل ہے جو کہ مالیاتی امور سے بھی واقف ہیں اور ۲ نان۔ ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی نے سال میں ۴ مرتبہ اجلاس منعقد کئے۔ اجلاسوں میں شرکت درج ذیل کے مطابق رہی:

#### شرکت کردہ اجلاسوں کی تعداد

1	چیئر مین	جناب شاہد غفار
4	ممبر	جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب
3	ممبر	جناب گمیل آر۔ حبیب

### ضابطہ اخلاق، نامزدگی، ہیومن ریسورس اور ری میوزیشن کمیٹی

ضابطہ اخلاق، نامزدگی، ہیومن ریسورس اور ری میوزیشن کمیٹی ۴ ممبران پر مشتمل ہے جس کی نمائندگی ایک انڈیپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر بطور چیئر مین، ایک نان۔ ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر، ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر اور چیف ایگزیکٹو کرتے ہیں۔

چیئر مین	جناب علی فدو
ممبر	جناب عون محمد اے۔ حبیب
ممبر	مسز اُجالا میر مسعود*
ممبر	جناب مرتضیٰ حسین**

سال کے دوران کمیٹی نے ایک مرتبہ اجلاس بلایا۔ اجلاس کے وقت کمیٹی درج ذیل ممبران پر مشتمل اور اجلاسوں میں ان کی حاضری درج ذیل تھی:

#### شرکت کردہ اجلاسوں کی تعداد

1	چیئر مین	جناب علی فدو
-	ممبر	جناب رفیق ایم۔ حبیب***
1	ممبر	جناب عون محمد اے۔ حبیب
1	ممبر	سید اطہر عباس***

\* ۲۸ مارچ ۲۰۲۵ء کو تقرری عمل میں آئی

\*\* ۲ دسمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کو تقرری عمل میں آئی

\*\*\* ۳ ستمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کو انتقال کر گئے

\*\*\*\* ۲ دسمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کو مستعفی ہوئے



# Habib Insurance Company Limited

رہا۔ افریلا زرجون ۲۰۲۳ء میں ۱۲۶ فیصد سے کم ہو کر جون ۲۰۲۵ء میں ۳۲ فیصد رہ گیا۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے اپنی پالیسی ریٹ جون ۲۰۲۲ء کے ۲۰.۵۰ فیصد سے کم کر کے جون ۲۰۲۵ء تک ۱۱.۰۰ فیصد کر دی۔ KSE-100 انڈیکس نے اپنی بڑھتی ہوئی رفتار برقرار رکھی اور کیلنڈر سال ۲۰۲۵ء کے دوران تقریباً ۵۰ فیصد اضافہ ریکارڈ کیا، جبکہ پاکستان اسٹاک ایکسچینج دنیا کی نمایاں کارکردگی دکھانے والی اسٹاک مارکیٹس میں شامل رہی۔

سال ۲۰۲۶ء کیلئے آگے بڑھتے ہوئے کمپنی ترقی کے لئے اپنی کوششیں جاری رکھے گی اور انشاء اللہ محتاط انڈر رائٹنگ پر کسی مفاہمت کے بغیر اضافے بشمول استحکام کے ساتھ کاروبار کی توسیع پر توجہ دینے کے لئے بہتر انڈر رائٹنگ نتائج کو حاصل کیا جائے۔

ہمیشہ کی طرح ہم دل کی گہرائیوں سے اپنے تمام تر کلائنٹس اور صارفین کا شکریہ ادا کرتے ہیں جنہوں نے کمپنی پر اپنا اعتماد برقرار رکھا۔ ہم اپنے ری انشوررز کی رہنمائی اور سرپرستی و معاونت کیلئے خصوصی طور پر ان کے شکر گزار ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز حبیب انشورنس کے تمام اسٹاف ممبران کو بھی خراج تحسین پیش کرنا چاہتے ہیں جنہوں نے سال بھر انتہائی خلوص اور جانفشانی سے اپنے فرائض انجام دیئے۔

ہم اللہ تعالیٰ سے اپنی قوم اور ملک کے امن و استحکام کے لئے دعا گو ہیں، آمین!

## بورڈ کی تشکیل

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز (۹) اراکین پر مشتمل ہے (۲ خواتین اور ۷ مرد ڈائریکٹرز)۔ بورڈ کی تشکیل درج ذیل ہے:

نام	کیٹیگری
جناب شاہد غفار جناب علی فدو	انڈیپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹرز۔ مرد
مسز اجالا میر مسعود	انڈیپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹرز۔ خاتون
جناب منصور جی۔ حبیب جناب محمد حیدر حبیب جناب گمیل آر۔ حبیب	نان۔ ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز۔ مرد
محترمہ زاہدہ حبیب	نان۔ ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر۔ خاتون
جناب عون محمد اے۔ حبیب جناب شبیر غلام علی	ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر

## بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز میں تبدیلیاں

سال کے دوران محترمہ زاہدہ حبیب اور مسز اجالا میر مسعود کی کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹرز کی حیثیت سے تقرری کی گئی تھی اور کمپنی کو مستقبل میں ان کے تجربے اور مشاورت سے مستفید ہونے کی توقع ہے۔

# Habib Insurance Company Limited

## سال مختتمہ ۳۱ دسمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کیلئے ڈائریکٹرز کی ۸۳ ویں رپورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

شیئر ہولڈرز،

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز ہمسرت سال مختتمہ ۳۱ دسمبر ۲۰۲۵ء کے لئے کمپنی کے سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس بشمول ۸۳ ویں سالانہ رپورٹ پیش کر رہے ہیں۔

(روپے میں)

118,033
1,032
<b>119,065</b>

سال ۲۰۲۵ء کیلئے منافع بعد از ٹیکس

سال ۲۰۲۲ء کیلئے مختص کے بعد دستیاب رقم

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے تجویز کیا:

۲۲۵ روپے فی شیئر کے منافع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی بابت ۵ روپے فی شیئر یعنی ۱۲.۵ فیصد

ریزرو کی منتقلی

غیر مختص کردہ منافع آگے لے جانے والا

77,422
40,000
1,643
<b>119,065</b>

0.95

فی شیئر بنیادی آمدنی

ڈائریکٹرز نے ہمسرت شیئر ہولڈرز کو ۱۲.۵ فیصد کی ادائیگی کے لئے سفارش کی ہے جیسا کہ اوپر بیان کیا گیا ہے۔

زیر جائزہ سال کیلئے، تحریری مجموعی پریمیم میں ایک فیصد تک کا اضافہ ہوا اور یہ ۴.۰۳ بلین روپے تک پہنچ گیا، جبکہ خالص انشورنس پریمیم گزشتہ سال کے ۳.۸ بلین روپے کے مقابلے میں بڑھ کر ۷.۱ بلین روپے ہو گیا۔ تاہم، انڈر رائٹنگ خسارہ ۲.۰۳ بلین روپے رہا، جو کہ گزشتہ سال کے ۲.۲۶ بلین روپے کے مقابلے میں کم ہے۔

سال کے دوران سرمایہ کاری اور دیگر آمدنی ۳۱۱.۵۰ بلین روپے رہی، جو کہ گزشتہ سال کے ۵۸۱.۳۰ بلین روپے کے مقابلے میں کم ہے۔ اس کی بنیادی وجوہات میں اس مدت کے دوران کم سرمایہ جاتی منافع کا اندراج اور منافع منقسمہ کی آمدنی میں کمی شامل ہیں۔ نتیجتاً، سال ۲۰۲۵ء کیلئے کمپنی کا بعد از ٹیکس منافع ۱۱.۸۰ بلین روپے رہا۔

پاکستان کریڈٹ ریٹنگ ایجنسی لمیٹڈ (PACRA) نے کمپنی کے لئے انشورر فنانشل اسٹریٹیج (آئی ایف ایس) ریٹنگ A++ پر برقرار رکھی ہے۔ یہ صورتحال پالیسی ہولڈرز اور کنٹریکٹ کی مالی ذمہ داریوں کو پورا کرنے کی مستحکم گنجائش کو واضح کرتی ہے۔

مالی سال ۲۰۲۵ء میں پاکستان کی میکرو اکنامک استحکام میں بہتری کا سلسلہ جاری رہا، جہاں جی ڈی پی کی شرح نمو ۳.۱ فیصد رہی، جو اس کے مقابلے میں مالی سال ۲۰۲۳ء میں ۲.۶ فیصد تھی۔ اس نمو میں بنیادی کردار صنعتی شعبے کا رہا جس نے ۵.۳ فیصد ترقی کی، جبکہ گزشتہ سال اس میں (۰.۹ فیصد) کمی ریکارڈ کی گئی تھی۔ خدمات کے شعبے میں ۳.۱ فیصد اضافہ ہوا، جو کہ اس سے پہلے سال میں ۲.۳ فیصد تھا۔ تاہم زرعی شعبے کی شرح نمو کم ہو کر ۰.۵ فیصد رہی، جبکہ اس سے قبل یہ گزشتہ سال ۲.۴ فیصد تھی؛ اس کی بنیادی وجہ بڑی فصلوں کی پیداوار میں سست روی تھی۔ مالیاتی پوزیشن میں نمایاں بہتری آئی، جہاں مالیاتی خسارہ جی ڈی پی کے ۰.۹ فیصد سے کم ہو کر ۰.۹ سال کی کم ترین سطح ۵.۴ فیصد پر آ گیا۔ مالی سال کے دوران، کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ توازن نے ۱۳ سال بعد پہلی مرتبہ ۹ بلین امریکی ڈالر کا سرپلس ریکارڈ کیا، جس کی بڑی وجہ کارکنوں کی ترسیلات زر اور آئی سی ٹی برآمدات میں اضافہ تھا، جس نے تجارتی خسارے میں اضافے کے اثرات کو متوازن کیا۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں ۵۰ فیصد سے زائد اضافہ ہوا اور یہ ۱۴.۵ بلین امریکی ڈالر تک پہنچ گئے، جبکہ پاکستانی روپیہ امریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں مجموعی طور پر مستحکم

## Form of Proxy

I/We \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

being a member(s) of Habib Insurance Company Limited and holding \_\_\_\_\_

ordinary shares, as per Register Folio No./CDC Account and Participant's I.D. No. \_\_\_\_\_

do hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ Folio No./CDC Account and Participant's I.D.

No. \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

or failing him/her \_\_\_\_\_ Folio No./CDC Account and Participant's I.D.

No. \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

another member of the Habib Insurance Company Limited as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Eighty Third Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, April 24, 2026 and at any adjournment thereof.

As witness my/our hand this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2026.

REVENUE  
STAMP  
RS. 5

SIGNATURE OF MEMBER (S)

(The signature of the shareholder should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company or as per CNIC/ Passport in case the share(s) is/ are registered in CDC account).

Witnesses:

1. Signature	_____	2. Signature	_____
Name	_____	Name	_____
Address	_____	Address	_____
CNIC/Passport No.	_____	CNIC/Passport No.	_____

A member entitled to attend the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him/ her. No person shall act as proxy (except for a corporation) unless he/ she is entitled to be present and vote in his/ her own right.

CDC account holder or sub-account holder appointing a proxy should furnish attested copies of his/ her own as well as the proxy's CNIC/ Passport with the proxy form. The proxy shall also produce his/ her original CNIC/ Passport at the time of the meeting. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form.

The instrument appointing a proxy should be signed by the member or by his/ her attorney duly authorised in writing. If the member is a corporation, its common seal (if any) should be affixed to the instrument.

The proxy forms, together with the power of attorney (if any), under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy thereof, shall be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.

## مختار نامہ (پراکسی فارم)

میں/ہم \_\_\_\_\_ ساکن \_\_\_\_\_ بحیثیت ممبر (رکن) حبیب انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹڈ اور حامل \_\_\_\_\_ عام حصص، برطانیق شیئر رجسٹرڈ فولیو نمبر/سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ اور پارٹیسپنٹ آئی ڈی نمبر \_\_\_\_\_ ممبر (رکن) محترم/محترمہ \_\_\_\_\_ فولیو نمبر/سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ اور پارٹیسپنٹ آئی ڈی نمبر \_\_\_\_\_ کو یا اُن کی غیر حاضری میں ممبر (رکن) محترم/محترمہ \_\_\_\_\_ فولیو نمبر/سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ اور پارٹیسپنٹ آئی ڈی نمبر \_\_\_\_\_ کو اپنے/ہمارے ایما پر بروز جمعہ ۲۳ اپریل ۲۰۲۶ء کو حبیب انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹڈ کے رجسٹرڈ آفس میں منعقد ہونے والے ۸۳ ویں سالانہ اجلاس عام میں حق رائے دہی استعمال کرنے یا کسی بھی التواء کی صورت میں اپنا/ہمارا بطور مختار (پراکسی) مقرر کرتا/کرتی ہوں/کرتے ہیں۔

آج بروز \_\_\_\_\_ بتاریخ \_\_\_\_\_ ۲۰۲۶ء کو دستخط کئے گئے۔

پانچ روپے مالیت کا  
رسیدی ٹکٹ پر دستخط

دستخط ممبر (رکن)

ممبر (رکن) کے دستخط بینک میں رجسٹرڈ شدہ دستخط سے مماثلت رکھتے ہوں اور سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز کے دستخط اُن کے کمپیوٹرائزڈ قومی شناختی کارڈ یا پاسپورٹ کے نمونہ دستخط سے مماثل ہونا ضروری ہے۔

**گواہان:**

۱۔ دستخط \_\_\_\_\_ ۲۔ دستخط \_\_\_\_\_  
نام \_\_\_\_\_ نام \_\_\_\_\_  
پتہ \_\_\_\_\_ پتہ \_\_\_\_\_  
کمپیوٹرائزڈ قومی شناختی کارڈ یا پاسپورٹ نمبر \_\_\_\_\_ کمپیوٹرائزڈ قومی شناختی کارڈ یا پاسپورٹ نمبر \_\_\_\_\_

ممبر (رکن) جو اجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ دینے کا مجاز ہوا اپنی جگہ کسی اور ممبر (رکن) کو بطور مختار (پراکسی) شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا حق تفویض کر سکتا ہے۔  
سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر یا سب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر کو مختار نامہ (پراکسی فارم) کے ہمراہ کمپیوٹرائزڈ قومی شناختی کارڈ یا پاسپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقل بھی منسلک کرنی ہوگی۔  
مختار (پراکسی) کو اجلاس کے وقت اپنا اصل کمپیوٹرائزڈ قومی شناختی کارڈ یا اصل پاسپورٹ پیش کرنا ہوگا۔ کارپوریٹ ادارہ ہونے کی صورت میں بحیثیت ممبر (رکن)، بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی منظور شدہ قرارداد/پاور آف اٹارنی بمعہ نمونہ دستخط ہمراہ مختار نامہ (پراکسی فارم) جمع کرانا ہوگا۔  
مختار نامہ (پراکسی فارم) پر ممبر (رکن) یا اُن کے اٹارنی کے دستخط ہونا لازمی ہے۔ کارپوریٹ ادارہ ہونے کی صورت میں مختار نامہ (پراکسی فارم) پر کمپنی کی مہر ہونا بھی ضروری ہے۔

مختار نامہ (پراکسی فارم) بمعہ نامزد کرنے والے شخص کی تصدیق شدہ پاور آف اٹارنی (حسب ضرورت) کمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ آفس میں اجلاس کے مقررہ وقت سے کم از کم ۴۸ گھنٹے قبل جمع کرنا ضروری ہے۔